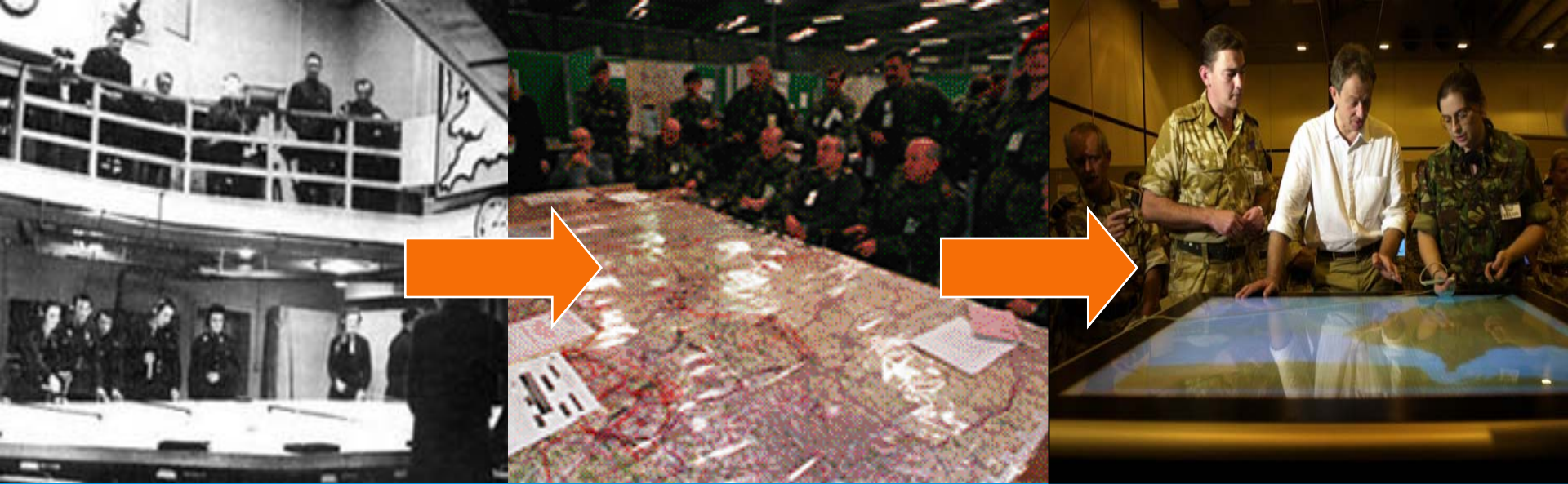


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Lessons learned from commercial transformations to network centric operations

C Macklin, P Phillips and P Louvieris

ICCRTS 2004 Paper 127

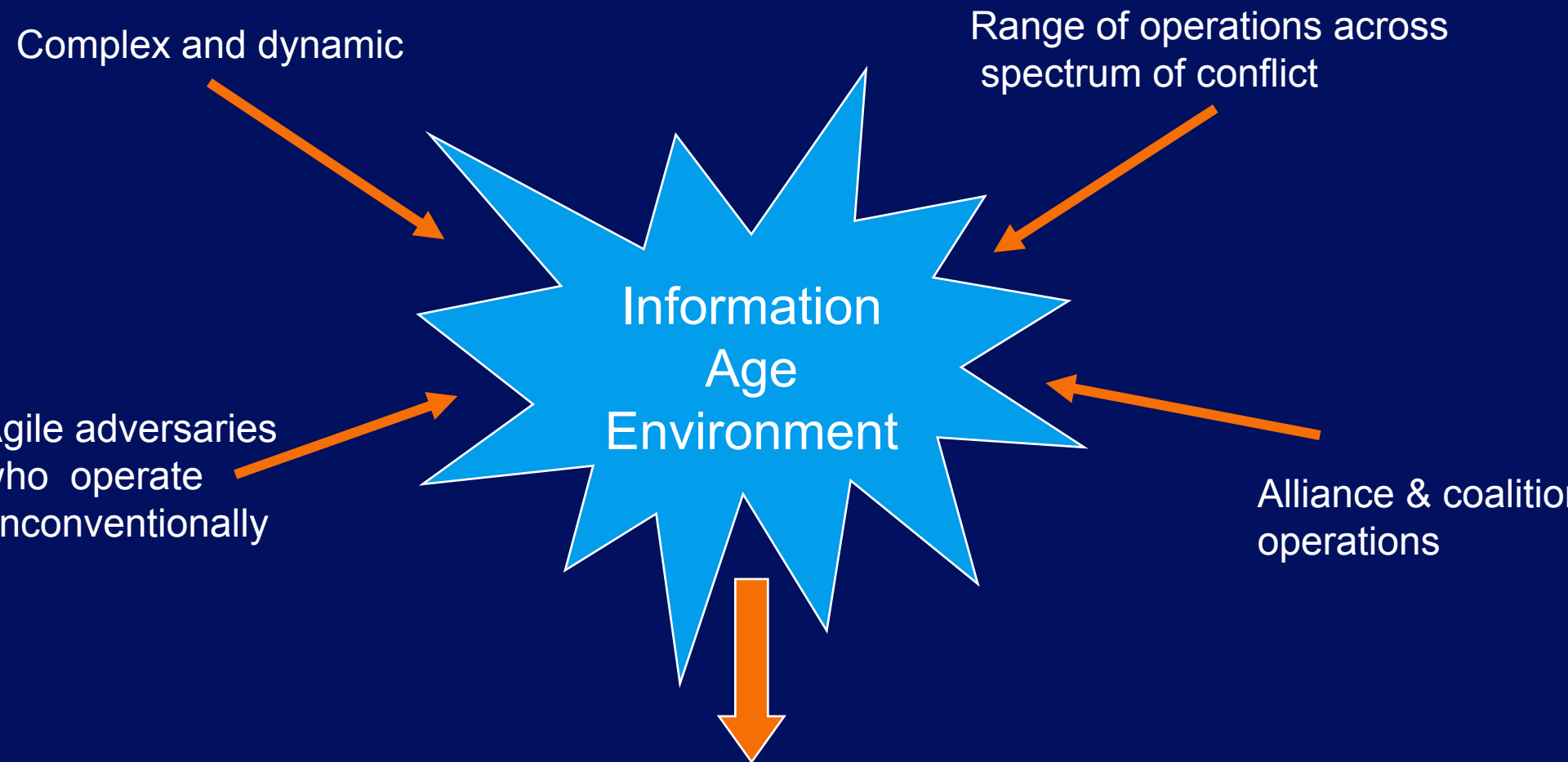


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Contents of presentation

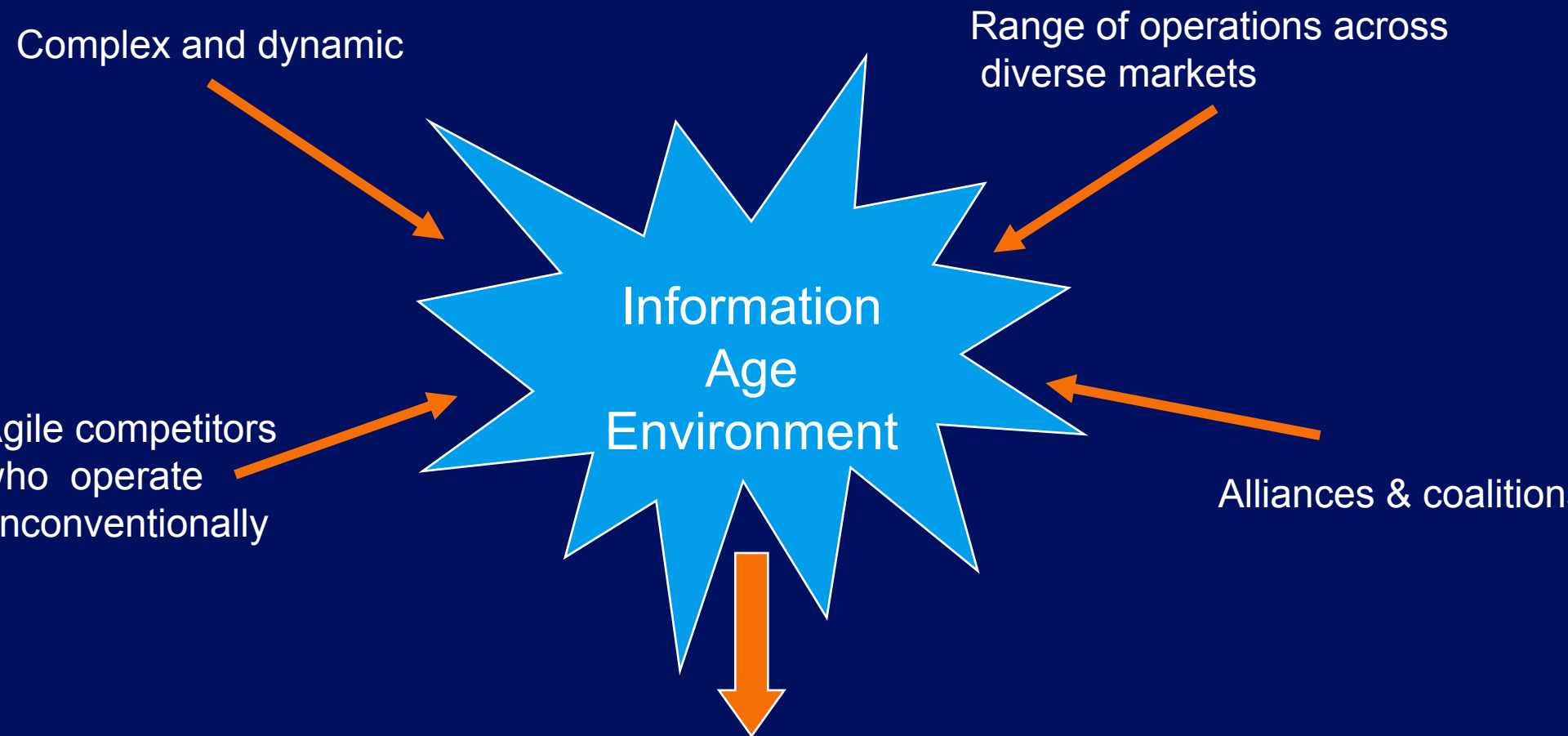
- Introduction
- Relevant concepts – network-enabled organisations
- UK MoD-funded research into lessons learned from commercial organisations
- Discussion of findings
- Critical success factors in the networked age
- Conclusions

Issues facing **military** organisations



Appropriate response requires:
flexible, adaptable and innovative organisation

Issues facing commercial organisations



Appropriate response requires:
flexible, adaptable and innovative organisation

Organisational effectiveness in the information age

What are the
Critical
Success
Factors of
commercial
organisations

????

Whilst maintaining
reliability

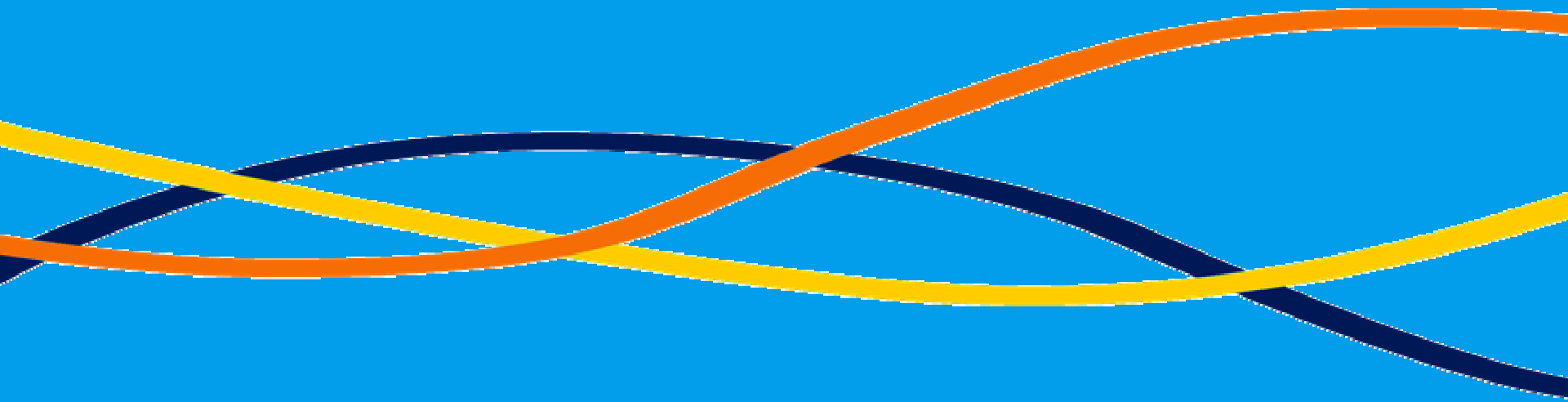
Flexibility &
Adaptability

Organisational
effectiveness

Method

- Literature review
- Questionnaires (N = 93)
 - Importance in network-enabled environment
 - Extent own organisation achieved
 - Rating 1- 5
- Case studies
 - Detailed semi-structured interviews
 - Senior managers responsible for e-business/network technology initiatives

Findings



Most important areas for network enablement

- Transformation champion (4.29)
- Involvement and commitment (4.27)
- Learning and renewal (4.17)
- Respect and trust (4.11)
- Alliance performance expectations (4.11)
- Knowledge sharing(4.02)
- Leadership accountability (3.98)
- Alliance respect and trust (3.98)

Success of commercial organisations

- Compared the importance and achievement ratings for all 32 questionnaire variables
 - paired sample t-test analysis
- Achievement ratings were significantly ($p < 0.01$) lower than importance ratings on 31/32 questionnaire variables
- Upper quartile range of means of paired differences
 - identified 8 areas with the 'largest gap' between importance and achievement ratings

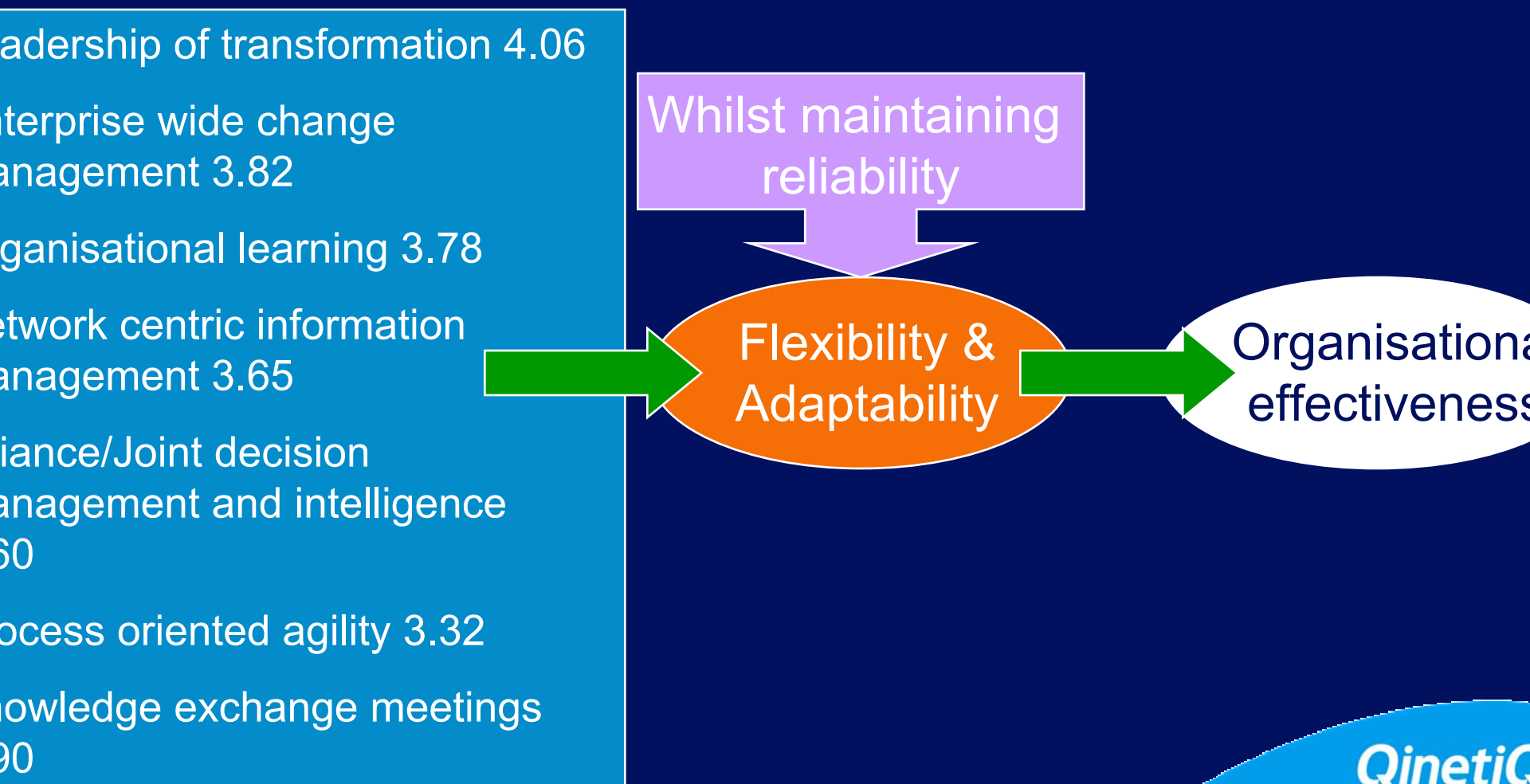
Areas being least successfully addressed

- Transformation champion
- Involvement and commitment
- Learning and renewal
- Respect and trust
- Alliance performance expectations
- Knowledge sharing
- Standardisation and interoperability
- Agility and decision edge

Further analysis

- Factor analysis identified seven factors critical to successful organisational performance in network centric environments
- Development of a 'digitization index'
 - target effective performance in a network centric environment
- A method of mapping an organisation's performance against target — to identify strengths and weaknesses in the seven areas critical to successful network centric operations
- Case studies identified example behaviours for each area

Critical success factors in network-enabled environments



Aggregated sample's current and target effectiveness profile



Critical success factors of network-enabled organisations

Alliance/joint decision management and intelligence

- Alliances — future growth and survival, novel solutions and new opportunities
- Limited impact of network technologies on decision making
 - Increased *speed* of decision making
 - Limiting factor — human information processing
- Ensure that role and responsibilities are clear in alliances
- Develop respect and trust to establish and information sharing culture

Enterprise-wide change management

- Driving/implementing organisational change by ensuring rapid implementation of good change management practices
- Significant organisational change necessary to achieve the potential benefits of network technologies
- All organisations stated:

“It is essential in networked environments to take into account the people, their relationships and the organisational arrangements”

(Phillips and Louvieris, 2002)

Organisational learning

- Knowledge facilitates effective organisational response to environmental challenges
- A key activity **throughout** any successful organisation
- Focus on the **people and process** aspects of knowledge development, sharing and exploitation
- Case studies show technology-centred initiatives fail

Process oriented agility

- Process is more important than structure in network-enabled environments
- Successful organisations identify critical processes within the organisation and gather knowledge about them to drive improvements
- Organisational agility = the extent to which the organisation possesses a variety of actual and potential procedures/processes and the speed by which it can implement them in response to task/environmental demands

Network centric information management

- Addresses the **technology and infrastructure** aspects of the organisational learning, sharing and exploitation in the network-enabled organisation
- Interoperability reduces uncertainty, risk and costs - an important technical factor in making large distributed information projects successful
- Non-technical aspects of interoperability (processes, doctrine and culture) are also key

Leadership of transformation

- Driving/implementing organisational change by focusing on high visibility leadership to staff
 - Leadership advocacy and transformation champion
 - Relinquishing control and empowering staff at the 'edge' of the organisation
- Case studies indicate this is an important factor in the ability to achieve organisational change

Knowledge exchange meetings

- Role in organisations that derive value from electronically mediated meetings
 - BUT face to face meetings still important for relationship development
- Ability to communicate is key to development/dissemination of knowledge throughout organisation

Conclusions

Critical success factors - key points

- Most important areas for network enablement are human factors areas
- Process is more important than structure in network-enabled environment
- Organisational learning & exploitation of knowledge are key to success
- Change is a key capability
- Technologies have little impact on how actual decisions made

More attention is required to the people side of the process than the technological side of the process, otherwise new IT systems will fail

(Phillips, Louvieris, Purvis, Kyriakidou and Gore, 2003)

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