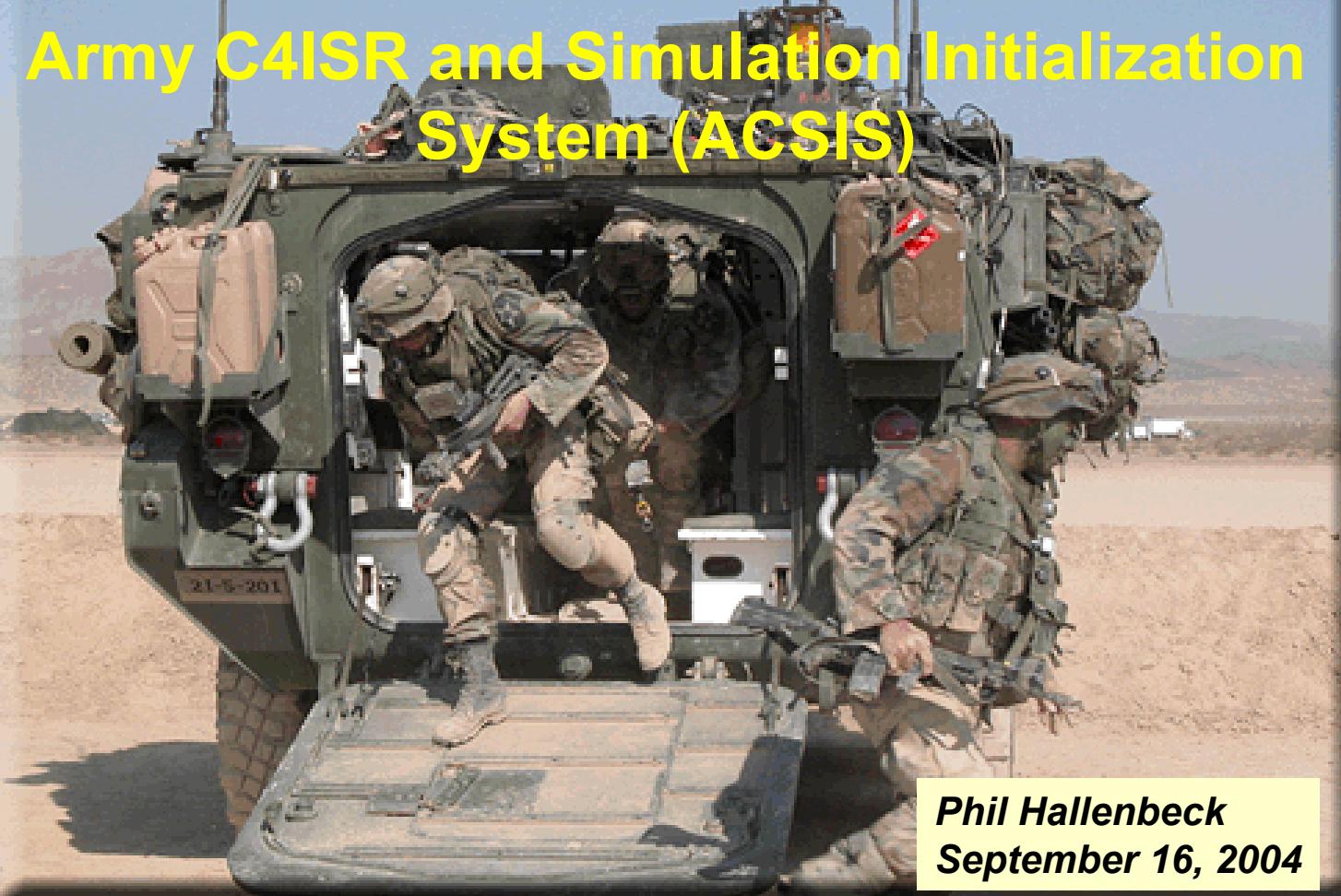


AC CS IS

Ensuring Data Integrity for the Army's Warfighter

Army C4ISR and Simulation Initialization System (ACSIS)



Phil Hallenbeck
September 16, 2004





Introduction

The logo for CTSF (Central Technical Support Facility) is located in the top right corner. It features a red triangle pointing right with the acronym "CTSF" in white.

Relevant and Ready

- Initializing any software-based system can be a challenge... initializing thousands is a BIG challenge!
- ACSIS—(US) Army C4ISR* and Simulation Initialization System—a successful working prototype of an Initialization Capability (IC) Repository and Tool Set
- Emphasis: A Prototype ...enormous challenges lie ahead

*C4ISR: Command, Control, Communications, Computers, Intelligence, Surveillance, Reconnaissance

– only the Americans could make an abbreviation like this!



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Relevant and Ready

A Bit of IC History

“Those who cannot remember the past...”

- **US Army “grew up” in digital systems from the bottom up—platoons and companies**
 - Initialization “grew up” with platoons and companies
 - Based on a very-low-bandwidth network→placed much of the information exchange burden on the database
- **Initialization process was very slow to mature--highly complicated, manual and labor intensive, and error prone**
- ***Numerous problems with accuracy and completeness of data, such as:***
 - Different Entity Names in different data sources
 - No common data content (FBCB2 DB does not include all upper TI hosts--therefore FBCB2 cannot communicate with them; these hosts lose multicast group memberships upon UTR)
- **Impacts of data problems on operations included:**
 - Two “copies” of a unit shown on map displays...*not always in same location*
 - Lack of common identifiers **prevented communication** between units and between systems
- ***Not Timely***
- ***Not Scalable***
- ***Reliant on Contractors to perform IC tasks at Sustaining Base***

Designed for Companies and Battalions...
Pressed into service for Corps and Theaters



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September 16, 2004

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The Four Challenges of IC

- **Data Synchronization** (between ‘Authoritative’ sources)
 - US Army alone is a challenge
 - Joint and multilateral will be a bigger challenge!
- **Data Standardization** (between Systems) and **Repository**
 - A C4ISR and a Simulation challenge
 - Once again, multilateral operations increase the challenge
- **Tool Development and Maintenance**
 - Hundreds if not thousands of C4ISR and Sim systems exist
 - We can currently initialize a few
- **Transition to Warfighter—**
 - ACSiS is an engineers’ tool
 - *Warfighter* must Initialize his systems as task org and status changes
 - ‘10,000 km screwdriver’ will not work

 **If data is not interoperable, systems are not interoperable**



Data Synchronization

Examples in US Department of Defense

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- **What makes a source ‘Authoritative’?**
 - US examples: ASORTS—GSORTS—USAFMSA—SB 700-20—OCE Systems Architecture...
 - Fielded products: JMUL—FBCB2 DBs—JSID—I MEF—II MEF—Other Unit ABs--...
 - **Synchronization of release dates is a problem**
 - Example: GSORTS updates daily...USAFMSA on six-month cycle...OCE SA is built from USAFMSA (MTOE)...and they contain many of the same fields (in different formats, of course)
 - **Synchronization is logical and easy—for one record**
 - **But most sources typically release 40,000+ records!**
- **Data Sources—The Case of the Missing Key:**
 - Example—US DoD GSORTS Basic Identity Data Element (BIDE): **Entry is UIC plus--**

SECUR	--	COAFF	UDC	ANAME	UTC	ULC
MJCOM	MONOR	MAJOR	REVAL	LNAME	SCLAS	TPSN

How can we handle this problem?



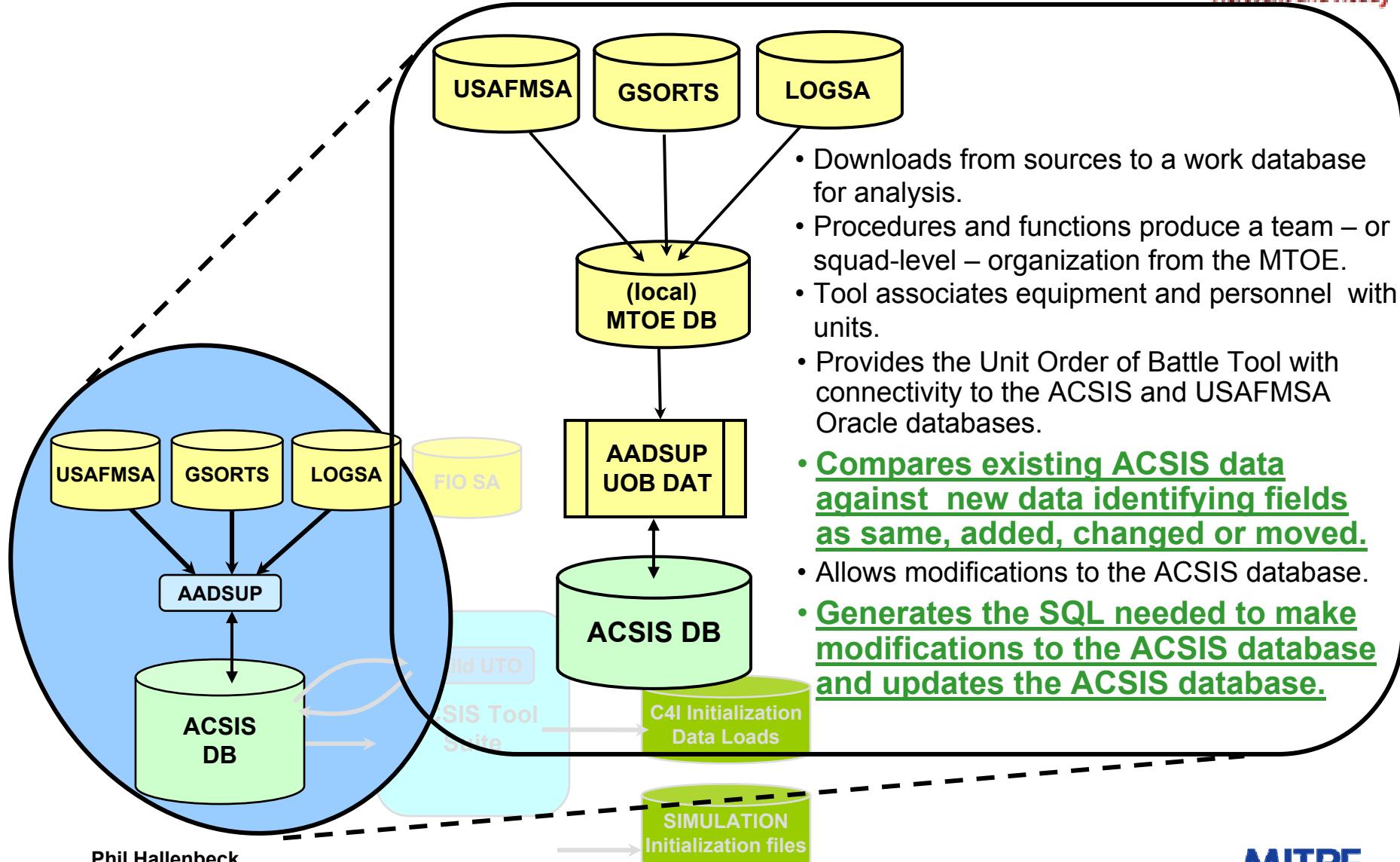


ACSiS Authoritative Data Source

Update Process (AADSUP)...a Work in Progress!

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Data Standardization and The Repository

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- Data Standardization: **C2IEDM is a good start!!**
 - Not detailed enough for system initialization, but a good start
 - Some examples of the current initialization problem (US Army systems):
 - Echelon Code versus Mission Code
 - Mission Specialty Code versus Role Code
 - ULP O-R Name versus FBCB2 Host Description (55 characters) versus ABCS Host Description (30 Characters) versus 'ABCS 4.3' Host Description (20 Characters) versus Machine Name (7 or 8 Characters, depending on BFA)
 - Often an interoperability issue (example: Variable Message Format (VMF) requires Unit Reference Number (URN) or name—not both)...always a cost issue
 - Database keys and message fields: More challenges!
 - Name ("Long_name"? "AName"? "PLAD"?)
 - Descriptive? Readable? Standardized? See the following example
 - **EID or EWID—very promising!**
 - **Lack of a Key Means Both Interoperability and Cost Issues**



Data Standardization: Example Identifiers

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UNIT_NAME	URN	PLAT_DESCR
15SIGBDE / TRADOC	8000001	MED1-15SIGBDE-TRADOC
TRADOC	8000204	CGSC2-TRADOC
30REG / TRADOC	8000226	FA8-30REG-TRADOC
1AVNBDE / TRADOC	8000249	AVN7-1AVNBDE-TRADOC
59ORDBDE / TRADOC	8000321	OMMS2-59ORDBDE-TRADOC
TRADOC	8000331	CH1-TRADOC
3 / A / 1BN / 1BDE / TRADOC	8000337	PSG-3-A-TBN-1BDE-TRADOC
RTRP / 1BDE / TRADOC	8000375	CP-RTRP-1BDE-TRADOC
FORSCOM	8000431	NTC12-FORSCOM
FBCB2	8000544	FBCB2CMD5-FBCB2
FBCB2	8000545	FBCB2OPS1-FBCB2
TEST / FBCB2	8000596	FBCB2CGOHEL2-TEST-FBCB2
TEST / FBCB2	8000597	FBCB2GSHEL1-TEST-FBCB2
FBCB2	8000601	FBCB2DEMO1-FBCB2
HNTSVL		FBCB2SCTHEL4-HNTSVL
HNTSVL		FBCB2COBRA1-HNTSVL
HNTSVL	8000715	FBCB2STALLION5-HNTSVL
HNTSVL	8000718	FBCB2JSTARS3-HNTSVL
TOBY	8000719	TOBYDEMO1-TOBY
RAYTHEON	8000729	RAYTEST6-RAYTHEON
NGMS	8000730	NGMTEST5-NGMS

What are these units?
UIC? SRC? ...?

MCG Assignments?
AVN MCG?

What are these?
Symbol? Echelon?

21 Entries...
50++ RFIs

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Data Standardization and The Repository



...Now write the code to automate that!



Data Standardization and The Repository

“...and (n?)ever the twain shall meet.”



- **Repository and Data Sharing**

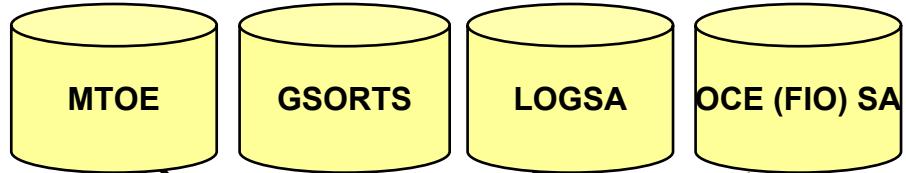
- **A Joint and a Multilateral challenge**
 - ACSIS currently accommodates US Army and Marines
 - Other US Services: ??? MIP members: ???
- **C4ISR and Simulation challenge**
 - Similar technically (Org, Notional_Org tables in data model)
 - **Very** different organizationally (different acquisition and combat developments organizations)
- **Scope of repository is TBD**
 - ACSIS supports network, organizations (down to billet level), personnel at the summary level (name, rank, MOS, billet)
 - Hence: Issue is not data model--but data maintenance



Army C4ISR and Simulation Initialization System (ACSiS)



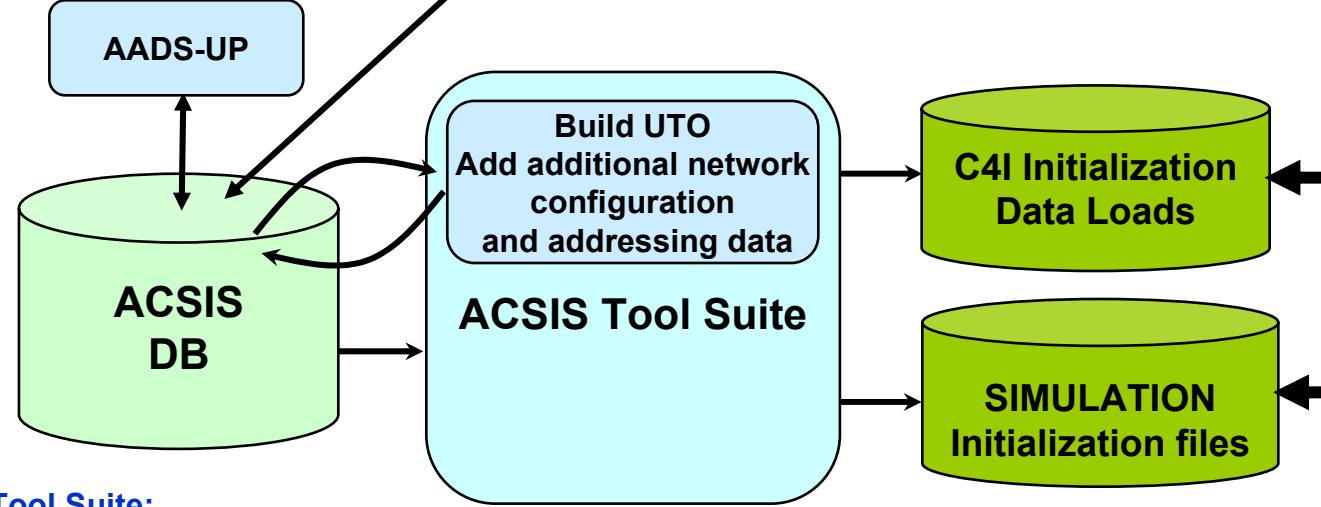
Authoritative Data Sources



DMSO's ACSIS Authoritative Data Source

Update Process (AADS-UP):

- Provides and updates organization, UOB, and MTOE data to the ACSIS DB from DoD authoritative data sources.



ACSiS Tool Suite:

- Builds operational and exercise-specific Unit Task Organizations (UTO).
- Extracts ACSIS data and generates additional network configuration and addressing data.
- Identifies and fixes data integrity problems.
- Produces accurate and synchronized C4ISR and Simulation Initialization data products from a single data set based on a particular mission-specific UTO.

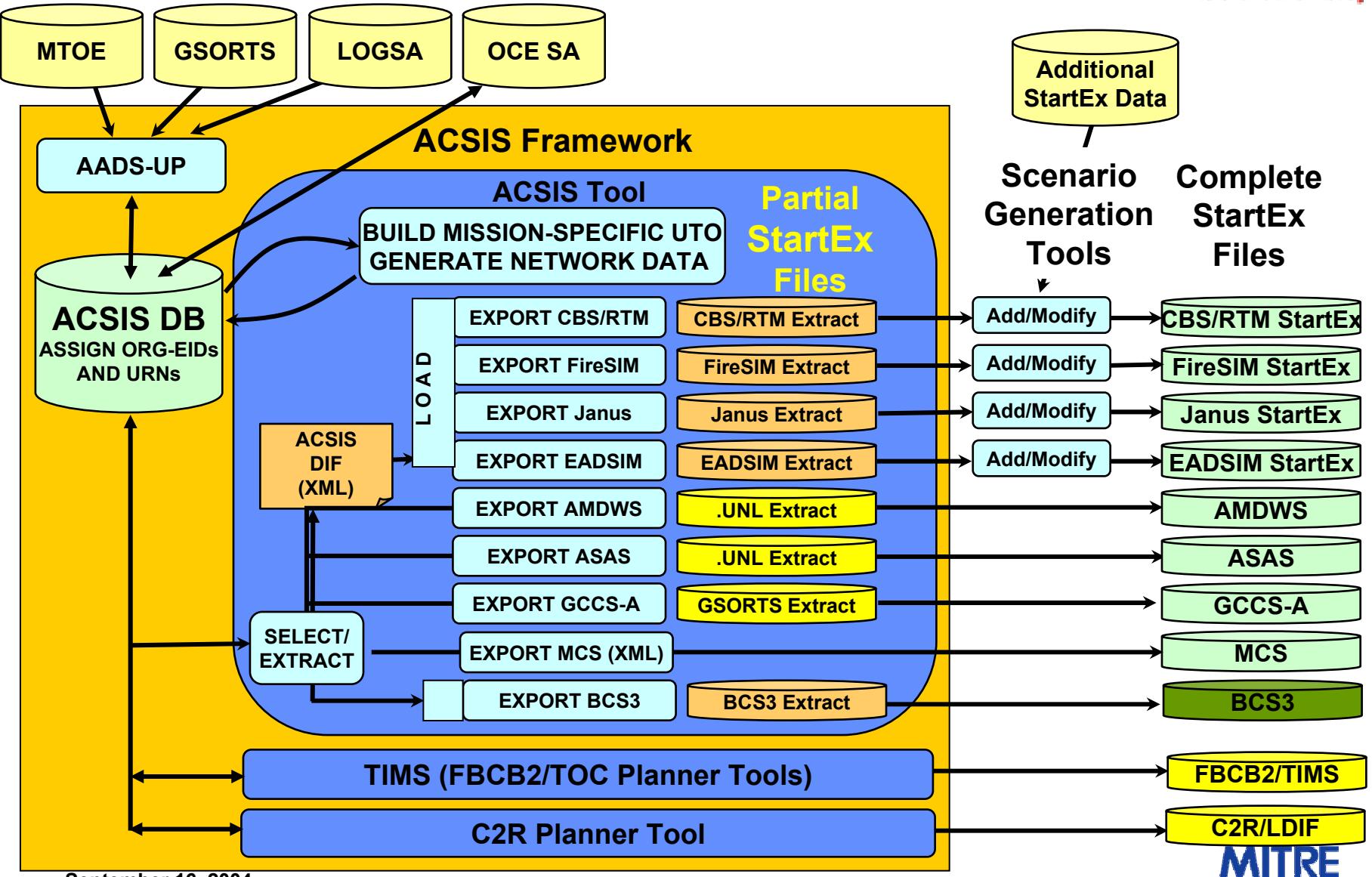


Authoritative Data Sources

Current ACSIS Schematic

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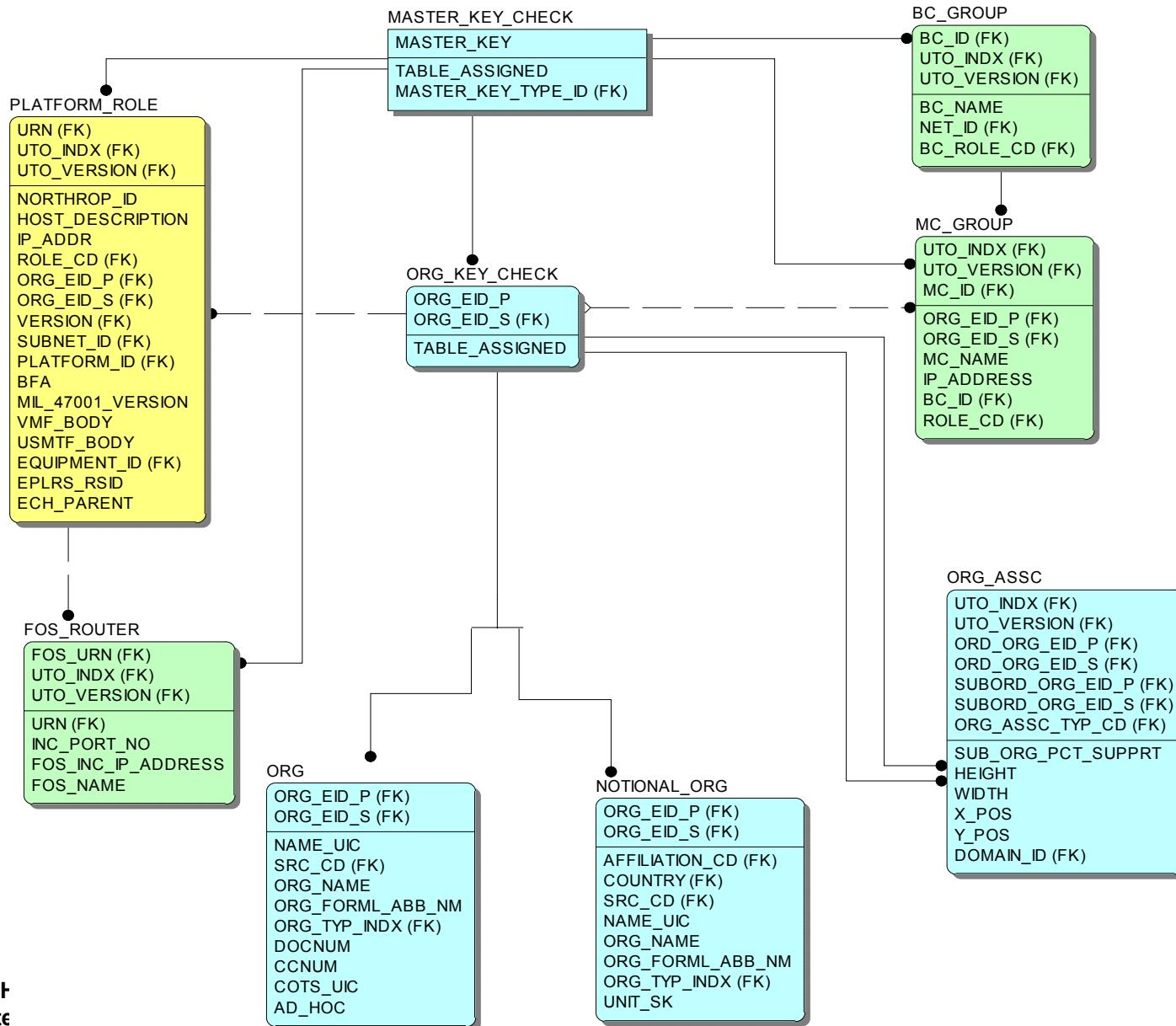
Relevant and Ready





ACSiS Data Model: Overview

Relevant and Ready





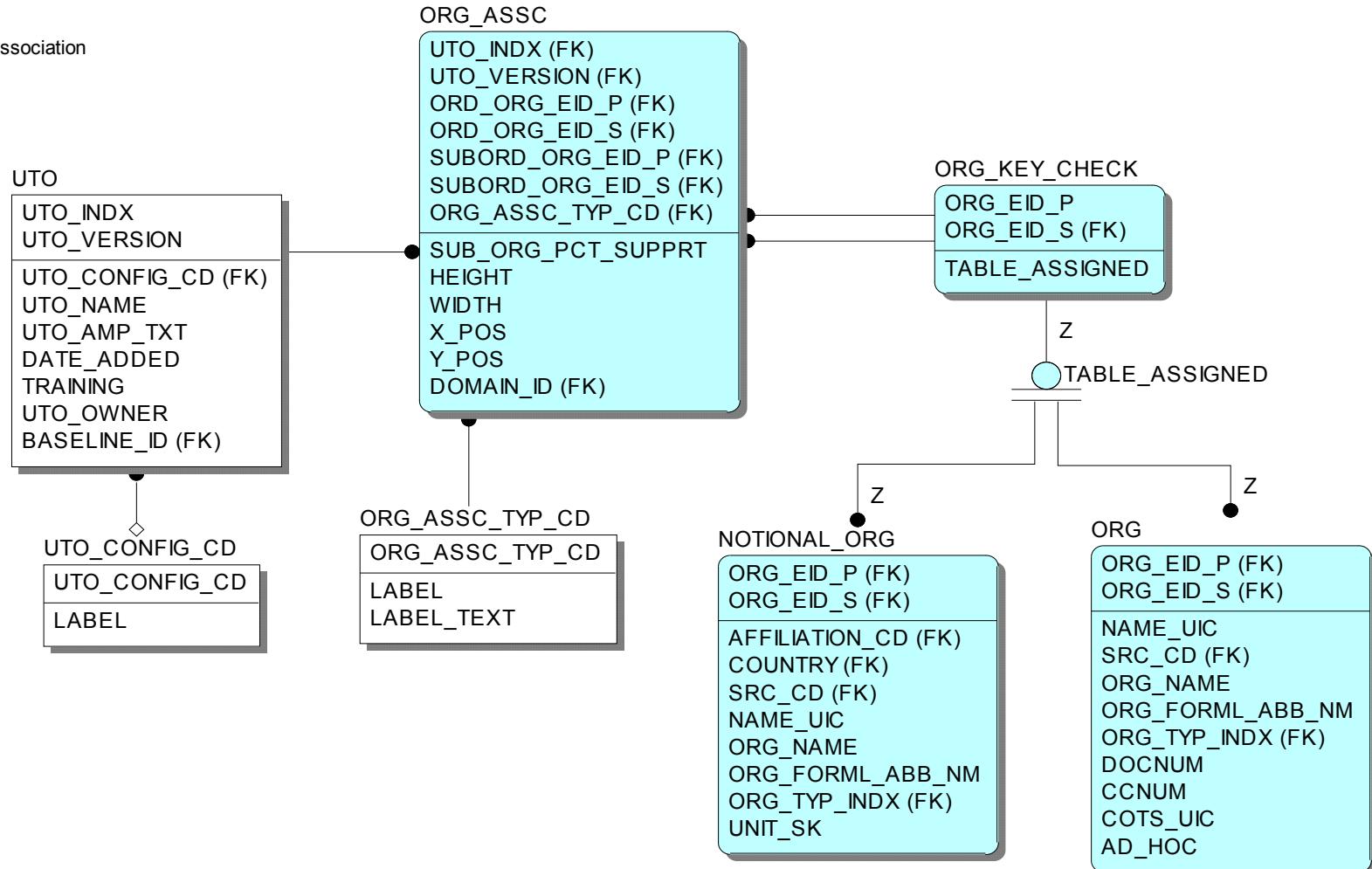
ACSiS Data Model: Organizations and Their Associations (UTO)

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ACSiS Implementation Data Model:

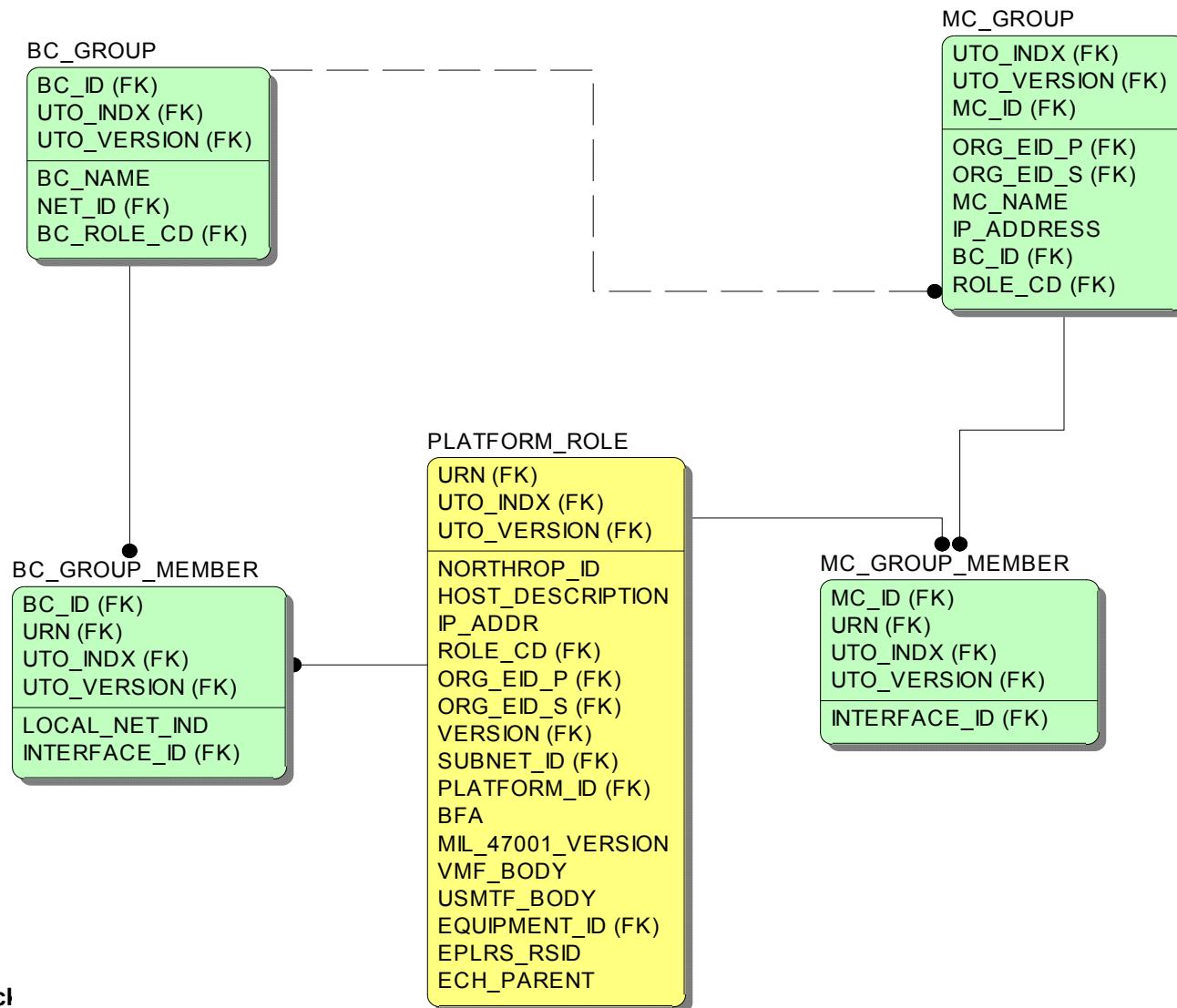
Organization Association





ACSiS Data Model: 'Platforms' and Group Associations

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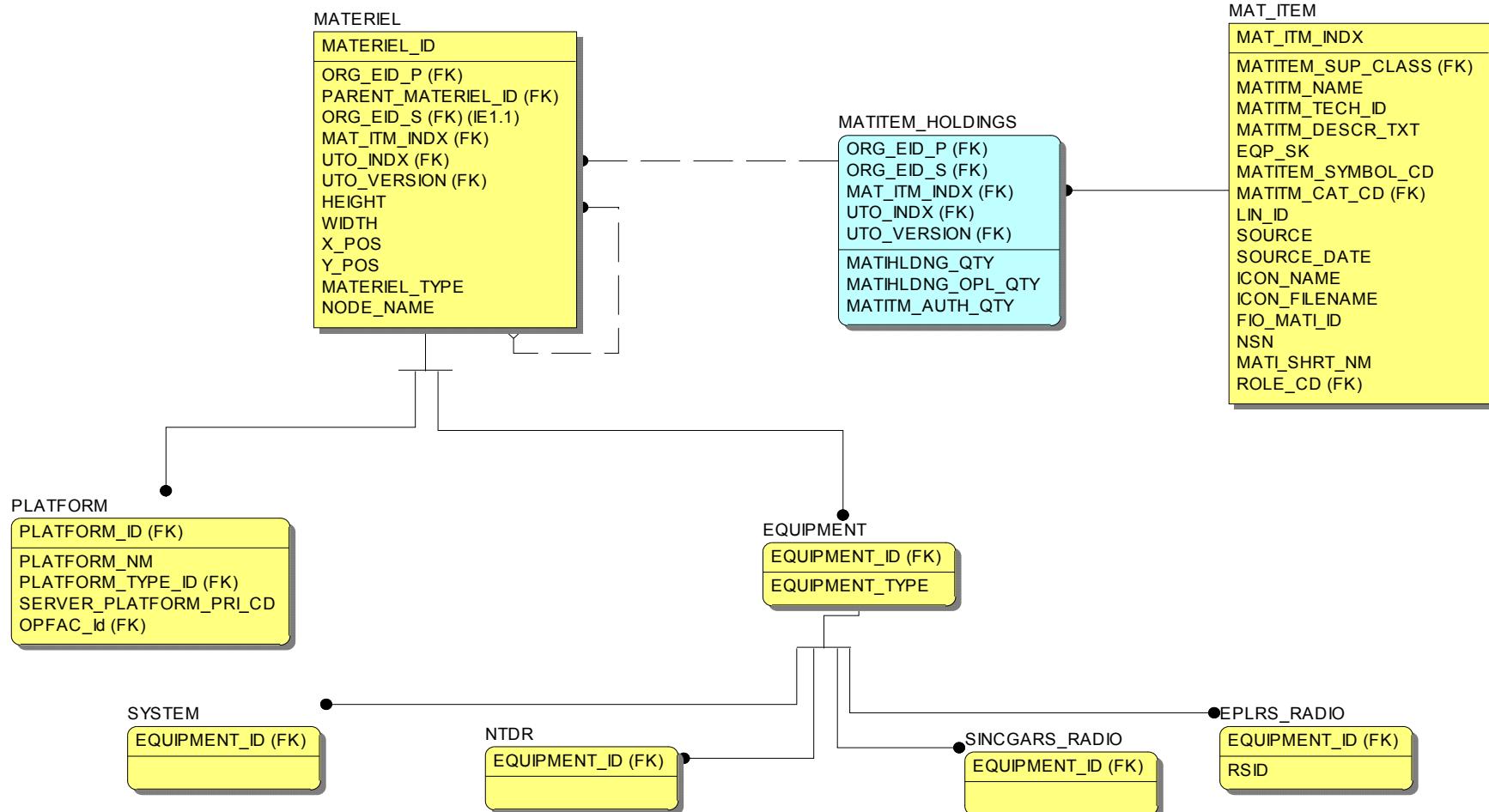




ACSiS Data Model: Materiel and Materiel Holdings

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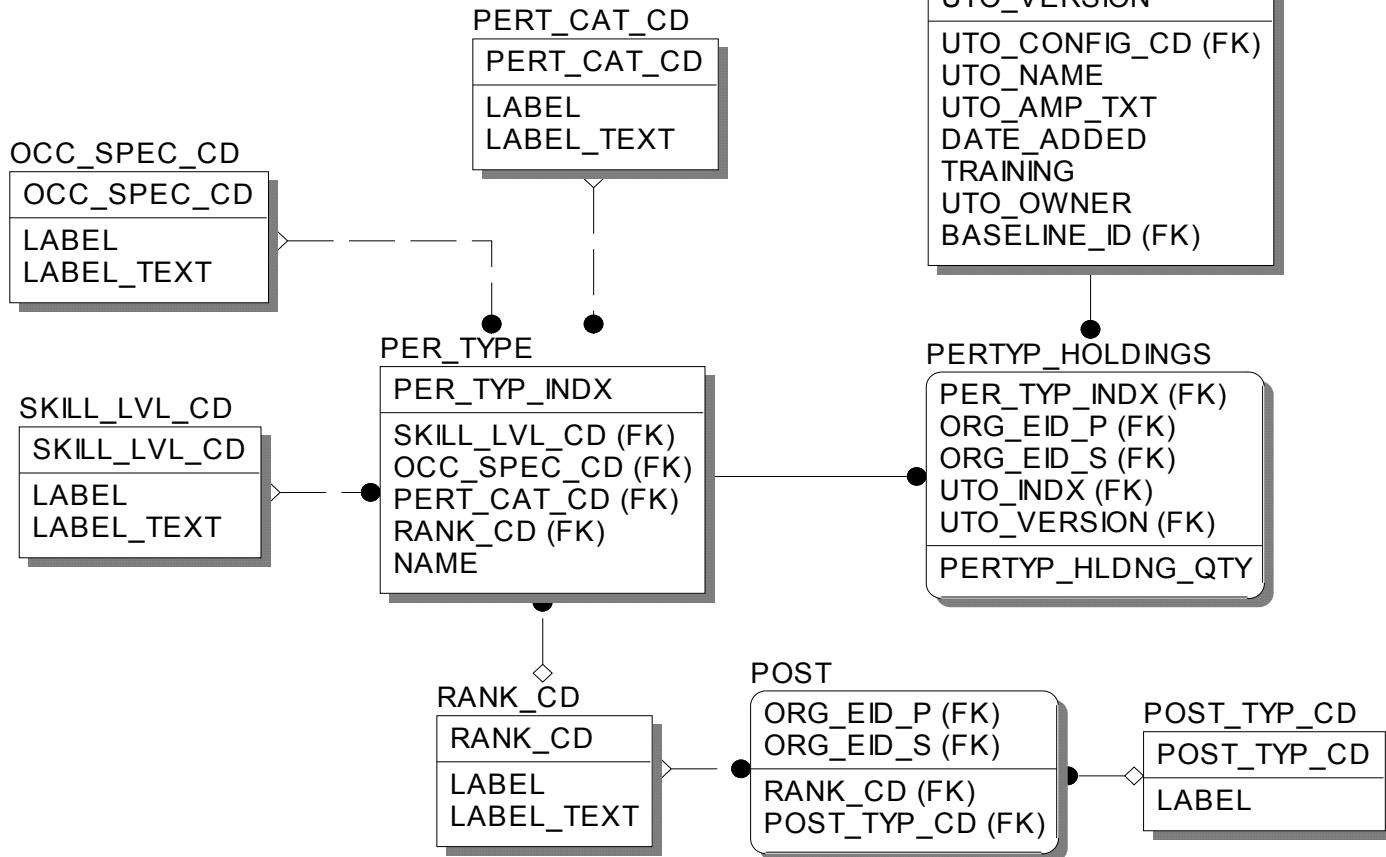
ACSiS Data Model: Personnel and Personnel Holdings

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ACSiS Implementation Data Model:

Organization-Personnel

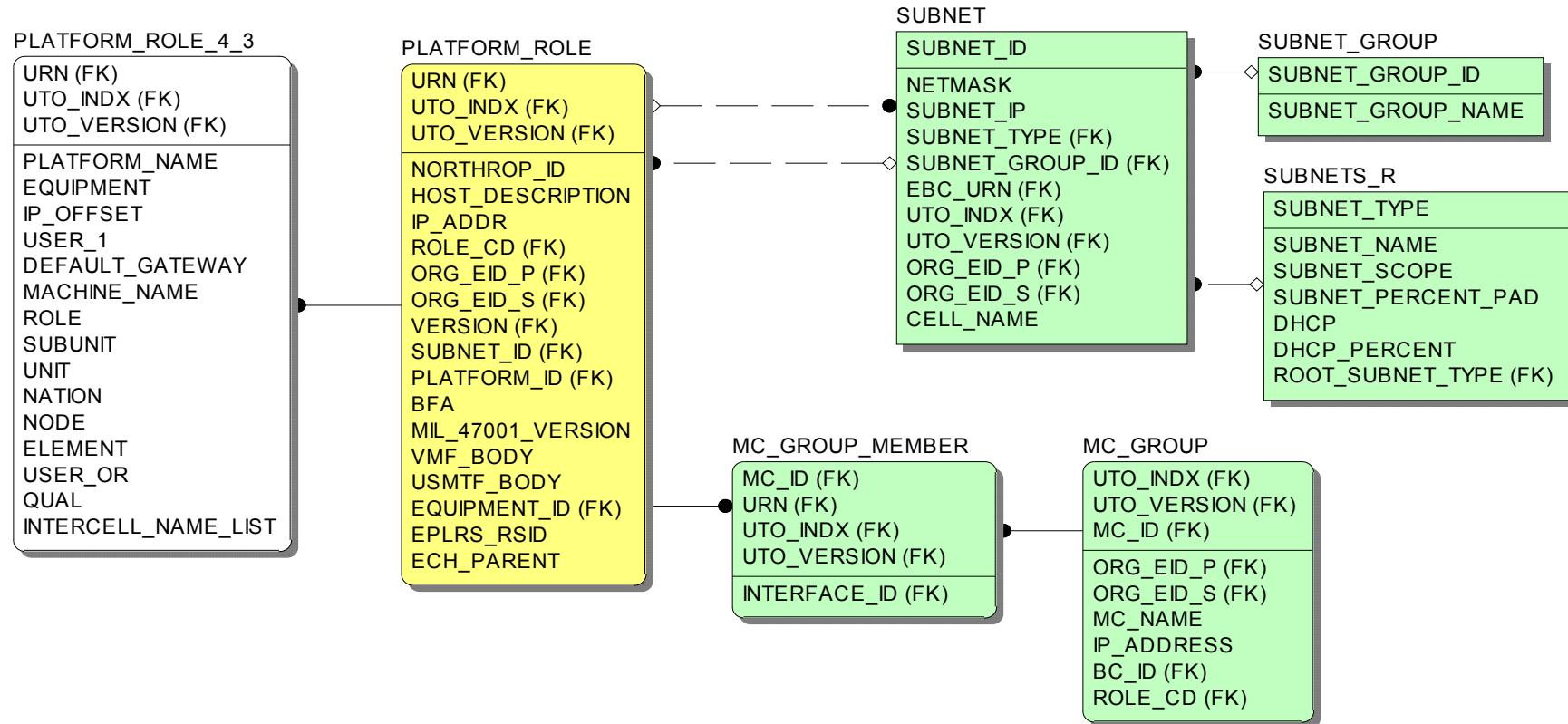




ACSiS Data Model: Networks and Comms (1)

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ACSiS Data Model: Networks and Comms (2)

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ACSiS Implementation Data Model:

Platform

README_4_3
BFA
MEMO

CRIT_ACCESS
USER_ID
LONG_NAME
MODIFIED_BY
DATE_MODIFIED
ACCESS_LEVEL

LAN
URN (FK)
UTO_INDX (FK)
UTO_VERSION (FK)
SUBNET_MASK
IP_ADDR
IP_NAME

FOS_ROUTER
FOS_URN (FK)
UTO_INDX (FK)
UTO_VERSION (FK)
URN (FK)
INC_PORT_NO
FOS_INC_IP_ADDRESS
FOS_NAME

PLATFORM_ROLE_4_3
URN (FK)
UTO_INDX (FK)
UTO_VERSION (FK)
PLATFORM_NAME
EQUIPMENT
IP_OFFSET
USER_1
DEFAULT_GATEWAY
MACHINE_NAME
ROLE
SUBUNIT
UNIT
NATION
NODE
ELEMENT
USER_OR
QUAL
INTERCELL_NAME_LIST

MSG_DISTR
MSG_TYP (FK)
URN (FK)
UTO_INDX (FK)
UTO_VERSION (FK)

PLATFORM
PLATFORM_ID (FK)
PLATFORM_NM
PLATFORM_TYPE_ID (FK)
SERVER_PLATFORM_PRI_CD
OPFAC_Id (FK)

PLATFORM_TYPE
PLATFORM_TYPE_ID
PLATFORM_SHORT_NM
PLATFORM_CAT_TYP
PLATFORM_TYP
GSD_SYMBOL_CD (FK)
MAT_ITM_INDX (FK)

PLATFORM_ROLE
URN (FK)
UTO_INDX (FK)
UTO_VERSION (FK)
NORTHROP_ID
HOST_DESCRIPTION
IP_ADDR
ROLE_CD (FK)
ORG_EID_P (FK)
ORG_EID_S (FK)
VERSION (FK)
SUBNET_ID (FK)
PLATFORM_ID (FK)
BFA
MIL_47001_VERSION
VMF_BODY
USMTF_BODY
EQUIPMENT_ID (FK)
EPLRS_RSID
ECH_PARENT

VERSION
ID
NAME
DATEADDED

SUBNET
SUBNET_ID
NETMASK
SUBNET_IP
SUBNET_TYPE (FK)
SUBNET_GROUP_ID (FK)
EBC_URN (FK)
UTO_INDX (FK)
UTO_VERSION (FK)
ORG_EID_P (FK)
ORG_EID_S (FK)
CELL_NAME

ORG_KEY_CHECK
ORG_EID_P
ORG_EID_S (FK)
TABLE_ASSIGNED

ORG
ORG_EID_P (FK)
ORG_EID_S (FK)
NAME_UIC
SRC_CD (FK)
ORG_NAME
ORG_FORML_ABB_NM
ORG_TYP_IDX (FK)
DOCNUM
CCNUM
COTS_UIC
AD_HOC

NOTIONAL_ORG
ORG_EID_P (FK)
ORG_EID_S (FK)
AFFILIATION_CD (FK)
COUNTRY(FK)
SRC_CD (FK)
NAME_UIC
ORG_NAME
ORG_FORML_ABB_NM
ORG_TYP_IDX (FK)
UNIT_SK



Tool Development and Maintenance

- Hundreds if not thousands of C4ISR and Sim systems exist
 - We can currently initialize a few
 - Key: Standard API set, PM initializes “his” system
 - But: What about network initialization of common resources?
 - Multicast groups; IP addresses; netmasks; frequencies
 - C2IEDM does not address these things!
 - One example in US Army:
 - FBCB2 (an application) assigns IPs, populates subnets, radio nets
 - TIMS (another application) assigns members to subnets
 - Advantage: Subject Matter Expertise → functionality and efficiency in product
 - Disadvantage: More complexity—at the interface and in the data model
 - Recommendation: Use tools to initialize network parameters—then build application databases



The Four Challenges of IC

“One look at the battlefield saves thousands of hours of staff work”

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Relevant and Ready

- **Provide a Tool for the Warfighter—**

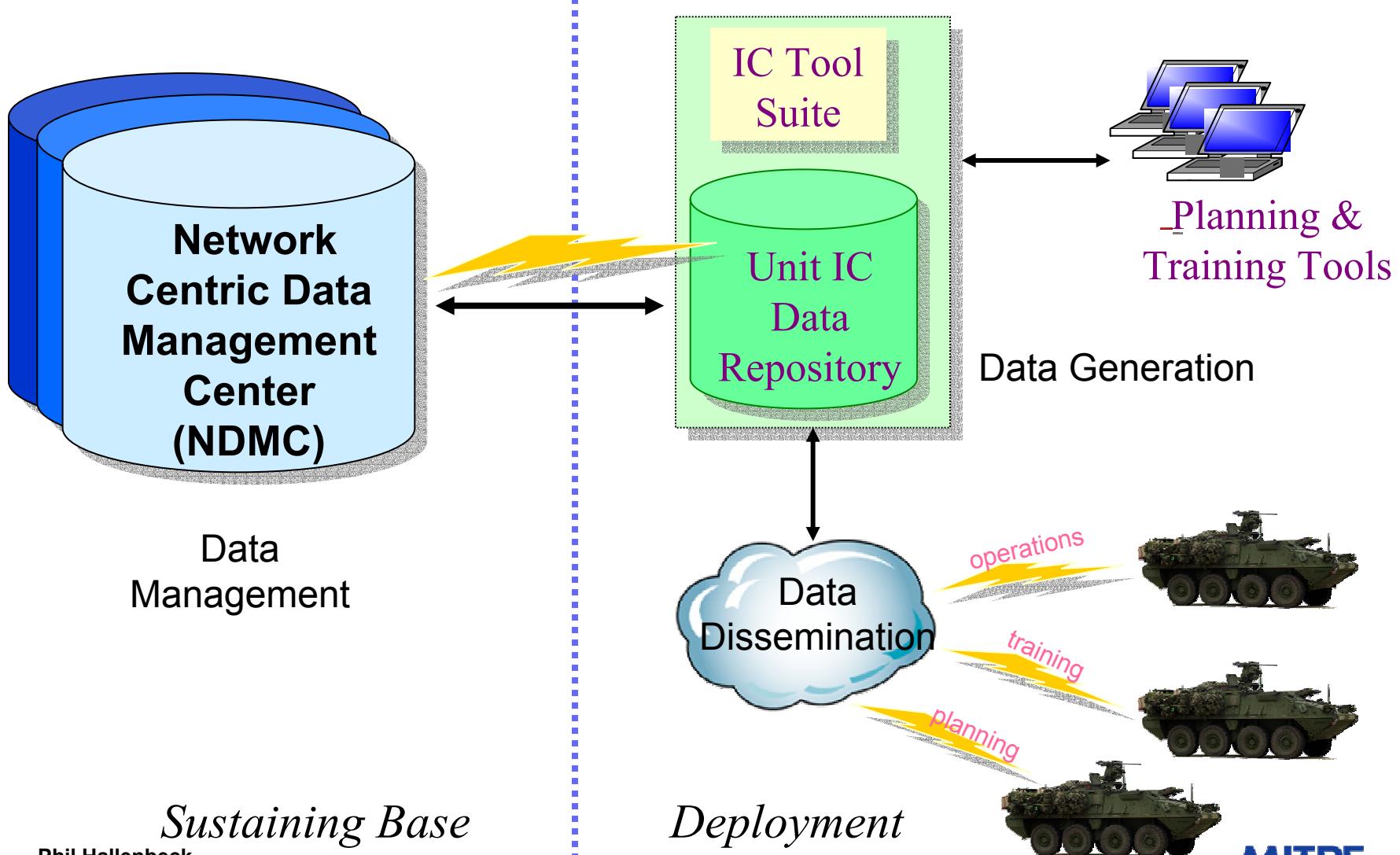
- ACSiS is an engineers' tool, centrally administered
- **Warfighter** must Initialize his systems as task organization and status change
- Possible: Network-based access to initialization repository and tools
 - The issue (of course)—immediacy versus currency
 - The question: ‘From where’ does the soldier initialize?
 - We thought: Brigade (UA)...but note (for example) new US division Satellite Communications Hub-and-Spoke Architecture
 - Another question: Bandwidth demand versus tailored DB replication
 - Current Experience Helps—‘prototype’ DB replication
 - Yet another question: Product and service delivery (again, bandwidth)
 - Service and product location protocols remain TBD (SOAP is one example in use by US)



Where This is Going: IC Core Framework (ICCF)

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*Sustaining Base*Phil Hallenbeck
September 16, 2004

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Advantages: A Single Integrated CTSF Initialization Database

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- Synchronizes and Quality Checks Data--
 - To Established Standards
 - From a Number of different Authoritative Data Sources (ADS).
 - Feeds Back to ADS on Accuracy and Adequacy of Data Based on Warfighter's Needs.
- Relational Database with Standard--
 - Data element constraints,
 - Semantics and syntax,
 - Naming conventions
 - Business rules
 - ...to enforce data integrity across both C4ISR and simulation domains.
- Coordinates with Authoritative Data Sources
 - Assigns primary keys such as ORG_EIDs, URNs,
 - Assigns other materiel, personnel, and network identification, configuration and addressing data.
 - ...So primary keys are not duplicated and confusion is reduced or eliminated
- Establishes Triggers and Stored Procedures as the Application Program Interfaces (APIs) for IC Tools
 - Helps maintain data integrity across domains
 - Programmer only worries about the call and its parameters
 - ...not the details of implementation.

Understandable – Trusted – Interoperable – Accessible - Responsive



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The Path Forward...

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"IC" May Need Better-Defined Scope:

- **Terrain database**
- ✓ **Unit Task Organization (UTO)**
- ✓ **C2 & Support Relationships**
- ✓ **Entity Identification - weapon systems, vehicles, personnel, sensors, equipment**
- ✓ **Entity position/location and orientation**
- **OPORDs, Annexes, overlays, matrixes**
- **Communications structures, nodes, networks**
- **URNs, IP addresses, frequencies, aliases**
- **Unit specific TTPs, Tactical SOPs**
- **Man-made obstacles and fighting positions**
- **Entity/Unit logistical status**
- **Enemy information**
- **Weather conditions**

Key:

In ACSIS

In Data Model, not Populated

Not in ACSIS



In Conclusion...

A graphic element for CTSF, featuring a red triangle pointing right with the letters "CTSF" in white inside it.

Relevant and Ready

- **ACSID is a Good Start:**
 - Strong Data Model
 - Good Initial Tool Set
- **ACSID is a First Step:**
 - Initializes a few of many systems
 - Data Standardization Will be a Growing Challenge
- **Many Lessons Have been Learned**
- **Tremendous Challenges Lie Ahead ...especially in the Multilateral arena**
- **For More Information:**
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 - Randy Shane: Randy.Shane@ctsf.army.mil