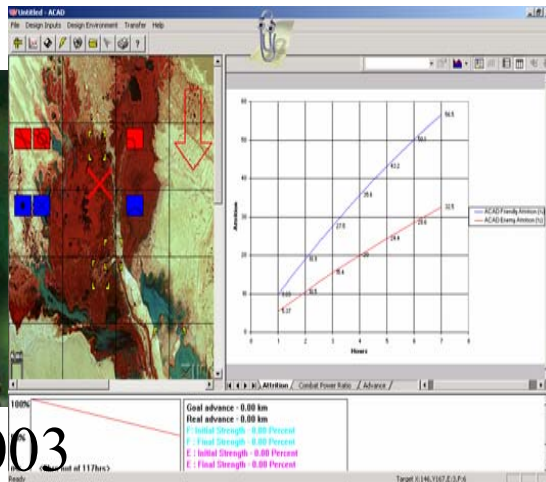




SUPPORTING COURSES OF ACTION PLANNING WITH INTELLIGENT MANAGEMENT OF BATTLE ASSETS



8th ICCRT/003

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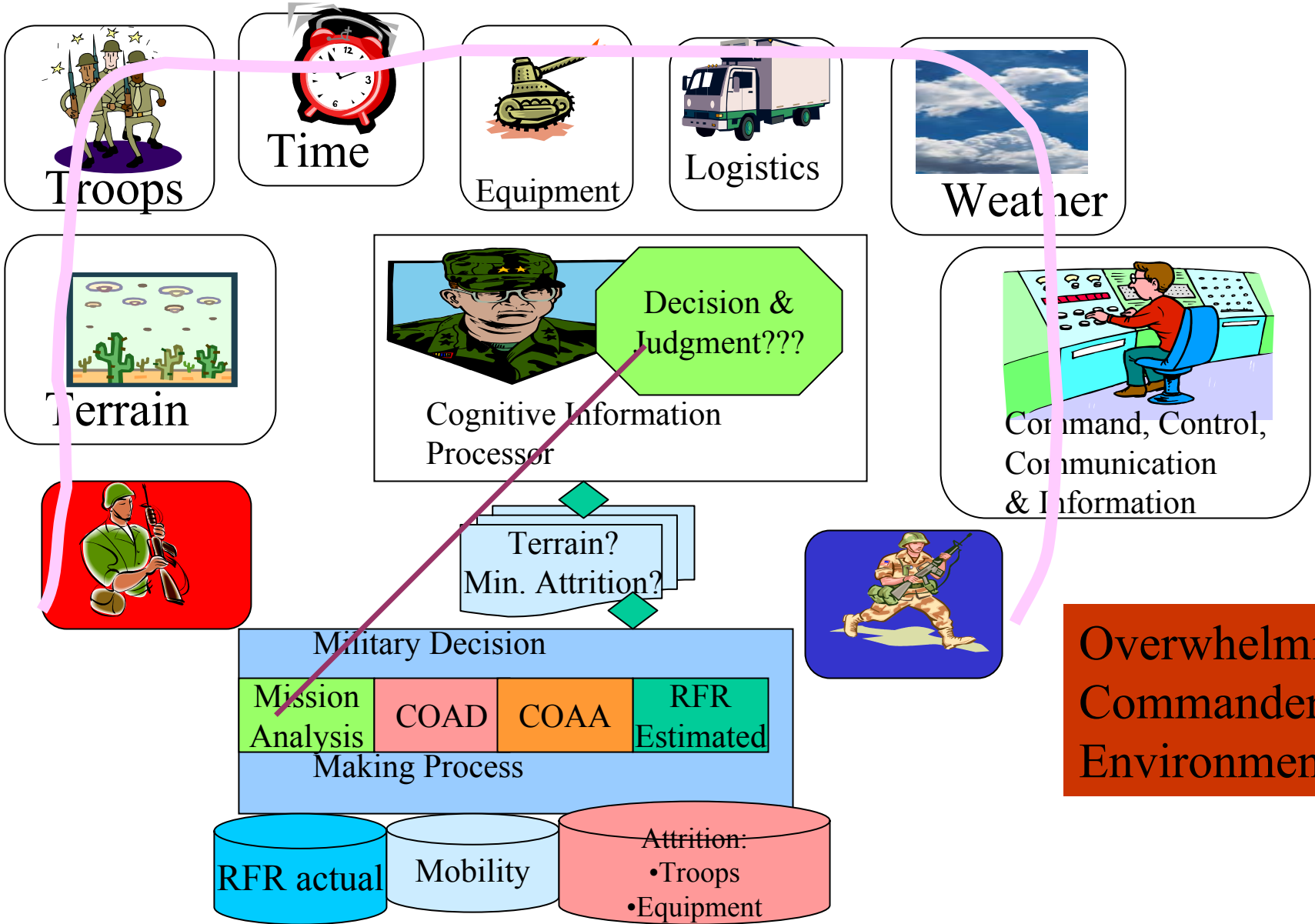
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PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- INTRODUCTION
- RATIONALE
- EXISTING DECISION AIDS
- ACAD DESIGN & SIMULATION
OUTPUT
- ACAD EVALUATION EXPERIMENT
- RESULTS
- CONCLUSION & FURTHER STUDIES



SUPPORTING COURSES OF ACTION PLANNING WITH INTELLIGENT MANAGEMENT OF BATTLE ASSETS





RATIONALE

- TOO MUCH INFORMATION, BUT FIXED COGNITIVE ASSET OF THE COMMANDER
- INFORMATION PROCESSING REQUIREMENT
 - PERCEIVING & RECEIVING
 - FILTERING & COMPRESSING
 - FUSING
 - MAKING SENSE OUT OF PROCESSED DATA (JUDGMENT)
 - DECIDING



RATIONALE

- DYNAMIC ENVIRONMENT:
 - CHANGES IN INFORMATION
 - INFORMATION VOLUME & DENSITY
 - HETEROGENEITY OF INFORMATION
 - INFORMATION SPEED
- UNCERTAINTY:
 - INCOMPLETE INFORMATION
 - UNAVAILABLE INFORMATION
 - UNRELIABLE SOURCE OF INFORMATION
 - FUZZINESS IN INFORMATION DESCRIPTION



RATIONALE

- BURDEN OF PROOF:
 - OPPORTUNITY FOR HUMAN ERROR
 - COGNITIVE WORKLOAD
 - TIME & DECISION ACCURACY
- SOLUTIONS:
 - COMPUTERIZED DECISION AIDS
 - Simulation & Modeling Tool
 - Predict, Forecast, Estimate Average Policies
 - Used for Anticipation & Envisioning



SOME EXISTING DECISION AIDS

- FOX-GA: COA MODEL USING GENETIC ALGORITHM
- CORAVEN: INTELLIGENT COLLECTION
MANAGEMENT USING BAYESIAN BELIEF NET
- OWL: A DECISION-ANALYTIC WARGAMING USING
REAL-TIME STATISTICAL DATA MINING
- SCAT: SENIOR COMMANDER AUTHORIZING TOOL USED
FOR PLAN FRAMING
- MODSAF: 3D SIMULATION WARGAME WITH METT-T
- BVP: BATTLE PLANNING & VISUALIZATION TOOL
 - There are many other tools available*
 - Tools are task dependent, assumption-driven



ALTERNATIVE COURSES OF ACTION DISPLAY (ACAD)

- COA SIMULATION
- DRIVERS :
 - ANALYTICAL MODELS
 - COL DUPUY'S COMBAT MODEL
(Refined)
 - BEHAVIORAL MODELS



ALTERNATIVE COURSES OF ACTION DISPLAY (ACAD)

- DRIVERS :
 - TABLES OF ORGANIZATION & EQUIPMENT
 - INTUITIVE GUI
 - MEET-T (MISSION, ENEMY, TROOPS, TERRAIN, & TIME)
 - Drilled-down, granular information level
 - C2 Intangibles (often ignored in other models)

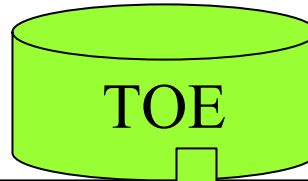


ALTERNATIVE COURSES OF ACTION DISPLAY (ACAD)

- OUTPUTS :
 - Relative force ratio
 - Composite attrition factors
 - Troop advance rate
 - Time base performance data
 - Graphical displays
 - Battle state postures (*Attack, defend, etc.*)



SUPPORTING COURSES OF ACTION PLANNING WITH INTELLIGENT MANAGEMENT OF BATTLE ASSETS



TOE



VIE: A model for Visualizing Enfolding battle events

Heuristic refinement of Dupuy's Combat models

ACAD SYSTEM

C++, Visual Basic
EXCEL

CADIV: Collection Asset Display & Intent Visualization

Resource Decision Model

INPUT

OUTPUT

Mission
Terrain
Weather
Time
Surprise
Mobility factors:
Road quality
Road density
Minefield

(Fixed input)

Force & Equipment
Composition
Intangible
C2 factors:
Morale,
Training
Leadership
(variable)



Attrition
Mobility factor
Relative force ratio
Advance rate
Posture
Graphics



SUPPORTING COURSES OF ACTION PLANNING WITH INTELLIGENT MANAGEMENT OF BATTLE ASSETS



SAMPLE APPLICATION

The screenshot displays a military simulation interface. On the left, a map shows a terrain with a red arrow pointing down and a blue arrow pointing up. Below the map is a console window with green and red text. Two 'Inputs' dialog boxes are open, allowing for configuration of battle parameters.

Left 'Inputs' Dialog:

- Mission: Blue Force
- Number of hours to model (1 - 120): 1
- Minimum friendly advance (0-300 km): 0
- Maximum acceptable friendly attrition (%): 25
- Minimum enemy attrition (%): 50
- Friendly reinforcement threshold (%): 0
- Enemy reinforcement threshold (%): 0

Right 'Inputs' Dialog:

- Mission: Blue Force
- Posture: Hasty Attack
- Reserve Unit: None
- Unit Types and Strengths:

Unit Type	# of Units	Unit Types	% Strength
Infantry	0	Bn	100
Mechanized	0	M2 Bn	100
Armored	0	M1A1 Bn	100
Armd Cavalry	0	Sqdn	100
Field Artillery	0	155 MM B	100
Rocket Artillery	0	MLRS Bn	100
Air Defense	0	ADA Bty	100
Attk Helicopters	0	AH-64 Bn	100
Air Cavalry	0	Sqdn	100



SUPPORTING COURSES OF ACTION PLANNING WITH INTELLIGENT MANAGEMENT OF BATTLE ASSETS



SAMPLE APPLICATION

Untitled - ACAD

File Design Inputs Design Environment Transfer MultipleAvenue Help

3.85 km

Goal Advance : 24 km
Real Advance : 20.12 km

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
1	MISSION					ENVIRONMENT						
2	hours				120	weather	Dry Sunshine Temperate					
3	maximum friendly attrition (%)				25	season	Spring Temperate					
4	friendly reinforcement threshold (%)				0	terrain	Rolling Mixed					
5	advance (Km)				24	minefield density (#/Km of front)	10					
6	minimum enemy attrition (%)				50	road quality	Fair					
7	enemy reinforcement threshold (%)				0	road density	European					
8	ASSESSMENTS					CALIBRATE			POSTURE			
9	leadership	training	morale	logistics	surprise	calibrate (hrs)			6			Hasty Attack
10	Extr Pos	Extr Pos	Some Pos	Some Pos	No Sur							Hasty Defense
11	Extr Pos	Extr Pos	Extr Pos	Some Neg	No Sur							
12	FORCES											
13	Unit	Number	Type	Strength (%)	Reserve							
14	none	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TRUE	TRUE					
15	infantry	9	3	Bn	Bn	90	100	FALSE	FALSE			
16	mechanized infantry	9	3	M2 Bn	BMP3 Bn	100	100	FALSE	FALSE			
17	armored	9	3	M1A1 Bn	MRR180Br	100	100	FALSE	FALSE			
18	armored cavalry	3	1	Sqdn	Recon Bn	100	100	FALSE	FALSE			
19	field artillery	0	0	155MM Bn	D30 Bn	100	100	FALSE	FALSE			
20	rocket artillery	0	0	MLRS Bn	BM21 Bn	100	100	FALSE	FALSE			
21	air defense	3	1	ADA Bty	SA8 Bty	95	100	FALSE	FALSE			
22	attack helicopter	0	0	AH-64 Bn	HAVOC Br	100	100	FALSE	FALSE			
23	air cavalry	0	0	Sqdn	HINDD Bn	100	100	FALSE	FALSE			
24												
25												
26												
27												

Results Table Settings Attrition Combat Power Ratio Advance

100
90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
0

0 1 2 3 4 5 6

Friendly init. strength [96%]
Friendly final strength [84%]
Enemy init. strength [100%]
Enemy final strength [44%]

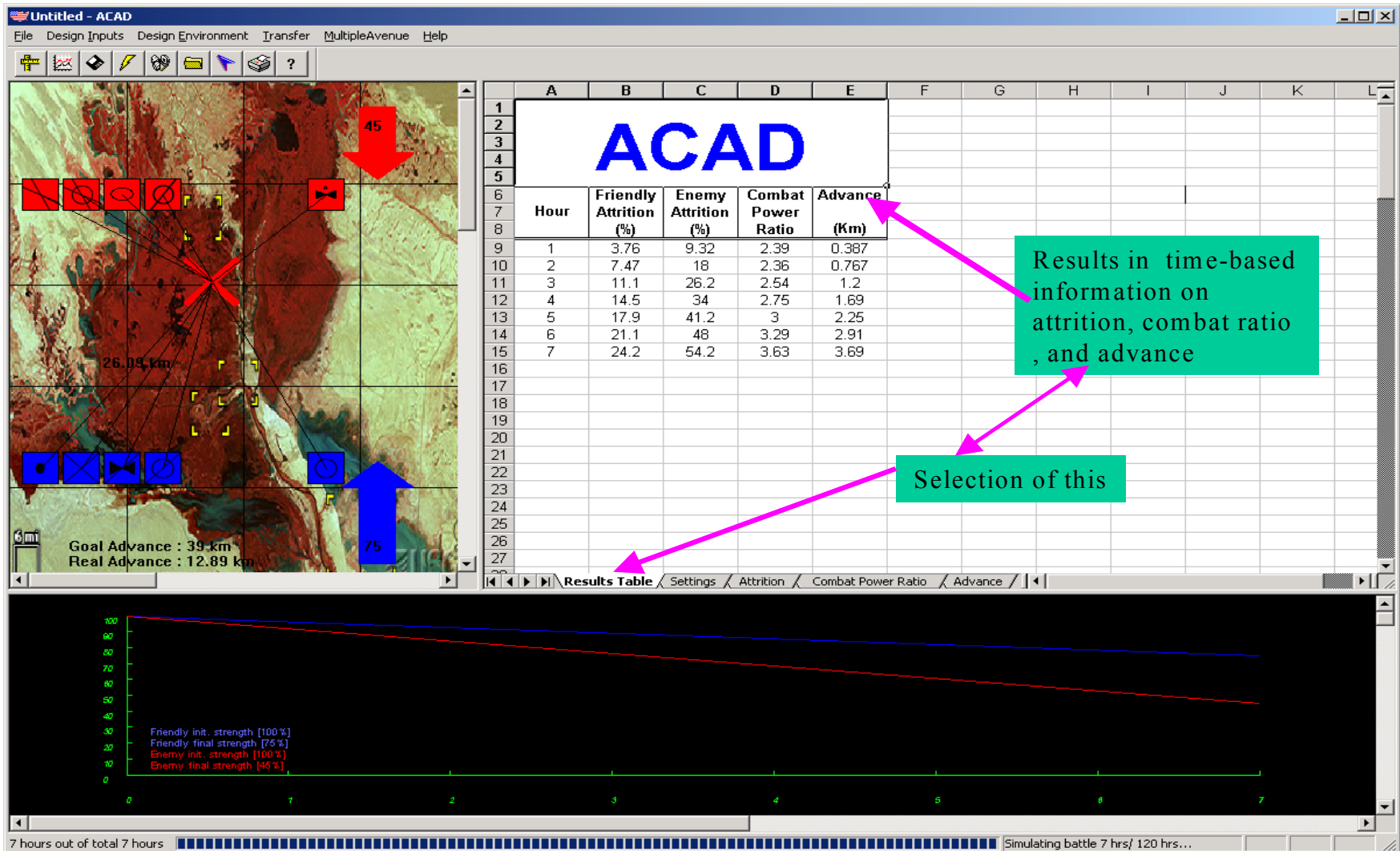
6 hours out of total 6 hours Simulating battle 6 hrs/ 120 hrs...



SUPPORTING COURSES OF ACTION PLANNING WITH INTELLIGENT MANAGEMENT OF BATTLE ASSETS



SAMPLE APPLICATION





SAMPLE APPLICATION

Send Current COA [X]

File to send

File name :

Destination

Remote Machine:

Remote Directory:

User Name:

Password: Save as default

Writing ACAD Output to remote Machines

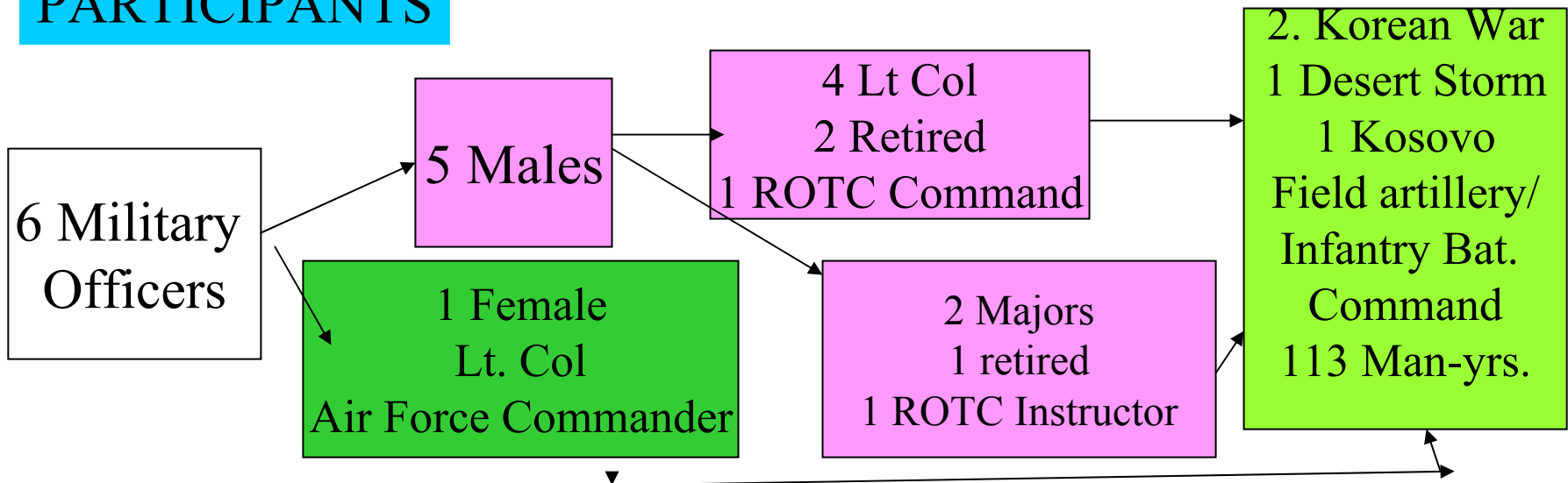


ACAD EVALUATION

MAIN HYPOTHESIS:

- TASK FAMILIARITY & COMMAND EXPERIENCE HAVE EFFECT ON USER'S TRUST ON ACAD

PARTICIPANTS





STUDY PERIOD: June –September 2000

DESIGN: Within-Subject study

TRAINING: MIN (40 min.) – 55 Min.

PRIOR INFORMATION: Decision Aid Expectation Form
Questionnaire.

TASK COMPLEXITY: Based on information on enemy surprise

- * Completely Known (LOW COMPLEXITY)
- * 50% Known (MEDIUM COMPLEXITY)
- * No Information (HIGH COMPLEXITY)



EXPERIMENT 1: Paper & pen (Manual) (Option of 5 trials)

EXPERIMENT 2: Decision Aid (Using ACAD) (Must perform 5 trials).

TIME LIMIT: Sufficient, open-ended time allowed.

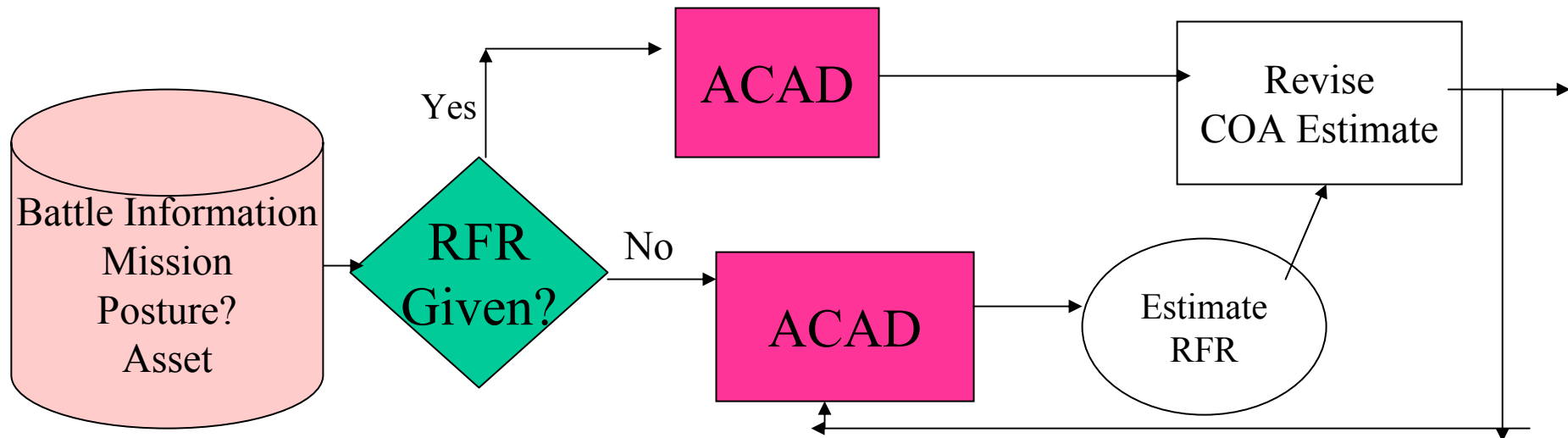
POST TEST: Rate ACAD on given trust metric

SCENARIO PRESENTATION: Random on different days and trials.



GIVEN: Mission description, Military asset for friends and enemy, and posture.

DETERMINE: Favorable COA/ Asset combination to minimize composite attrition/





RESULTS

COA COMPLETION TIMES

DATA ON ACAD ONLY

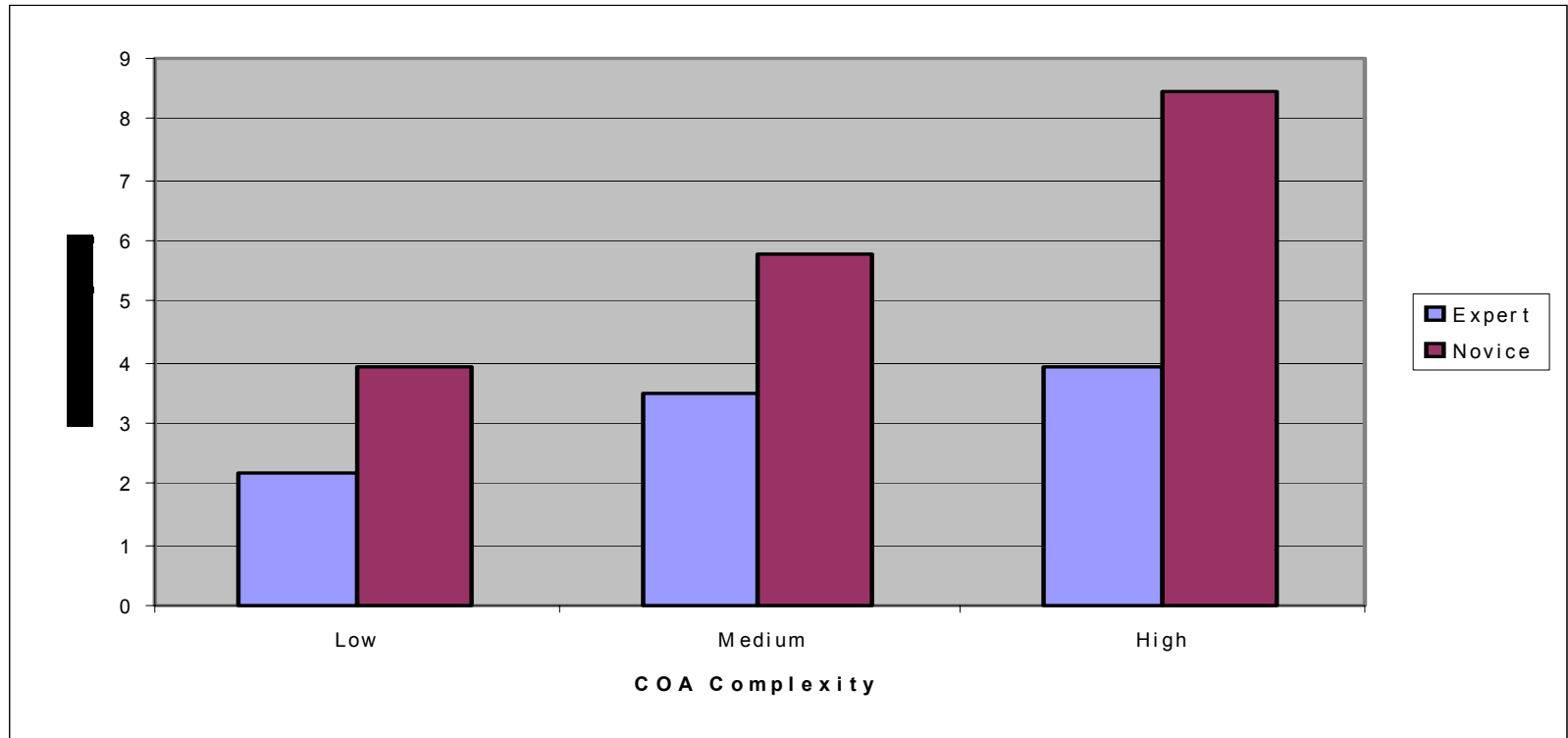
Experience level	Low uncertainty COA	Medium uncertainty COA	High uncertainty COA
Experts (Lt.Col.)	2.18 (std=0.26)	3.51 (std=0.62)	3.937 (std = 0.51)
Novices (Majors)	3.94 (std =1.03)	5.76 (std = 0.93)	8.43 (std = 1.27)



RESULTS

COA COMPLETION TIMES

DATA ON ACAD ONLY





RESULTS

COA COMPLETION TIMES

DATA ON ACAD ONLY

- 2 (Expertise) X 3 (COA Complexity) Within-subject ANOVA:
- Significant differences between Cols. & Majors ($F = 249$; $p = 0.018$)
- Information Complexity has effect on task times: $F = 19.45$, $p = 0.003$)



RESULTS

COA COMPLETION TIMES

DATA ON MANUAL VS ACAD

- 2 (Expertise) X 3 (COA Complexity) X 2 (Tool:Manual vs ACAD):
- ACAD VS. MANUAL Task: $F = 252, p = 0.0003$)
- ACAD Times were between 40-62% less
- ACAD vs MANUAL & Level of Complexity: No significant
 - Task complexity affected COA development equally
 - May be due to preprocessing time required
 - Need further analysis



RESULTS

ACAD PERCEPTION AS A COA ASSISTANT: LOW COMPLEXITY
($t = 3.98$, $p = 0.0009$: Differences between Cols. & Majors)

Attribute	Expert Score	Novice Score
Information content/ management	0.72	0.93
Reliability of decision	0.56	0.87
Personal dependency of decision aids	0.40	0.58
Robustness of decision aid	0.675	0.90
Confidence on decision aids	0.82	0.85
Trust score	0.913	0.966



RESULTS

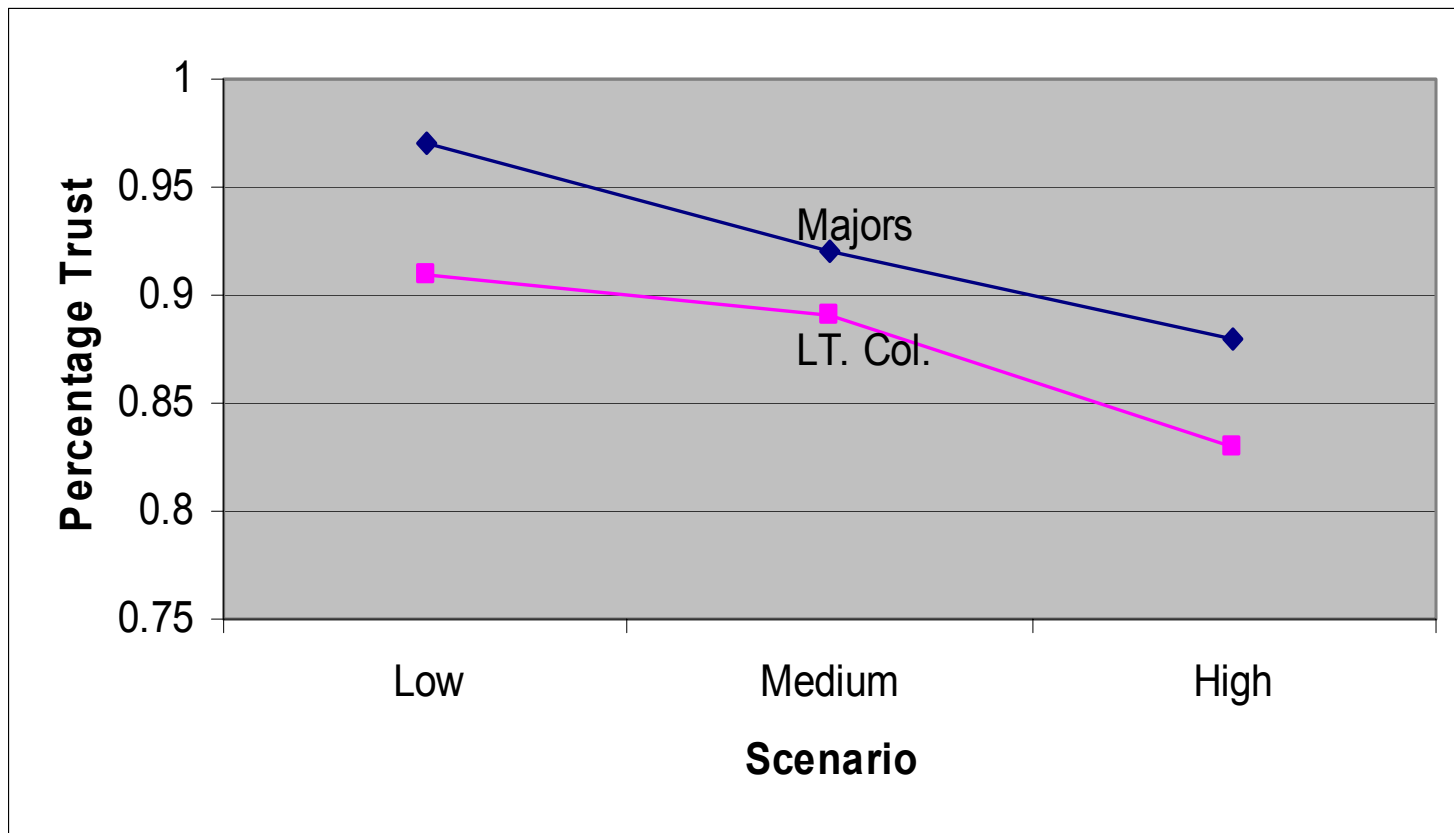
ACAD PERCEPTION AS A COA ASSISTANT: HIGH COMPLEXITY

Attribute	Expert Score	Novice Score
Information content/ management	0.64	0.83
Reliability of decision	0.56	0.87
Personal dependency of decision aids	0.35	0.65
Robustness of decision aid	0.62	0.81
Confidence on decision aids	0.72	0.89
Trust score	0.82	0.93



RESULTS

Expertise and Task Complexity affect trust on Decision Aid





CONCLUSIONS

•STUDY SEEKED TO ANSWER:

- Does Decision Aid Help Commanders in COA Planning?
- Do Expertise & Task Experience Affect Commander's Perception of Decision Aid Trust?

•FINDINGS:

- 1. Decision Aids Support COA:
 - Time reduction (observed)
 - Judgment errors (observed, to be analyzed)
 - Real-time asset combination
 - Robust—"What if" & "What next"
 - Can generate multiple COAs



CONCLUSIONS

- STUDY SEEKED TO ANSWER:

- Does Decision Aid Help Commanders in COA Planning?
- Do Expertise & Task Experience Affect Commander's Perception of Decision Aid Trust?

- FINDINGS:

- 2. Commanders with COA expertise and command experience consistently performed better than those with less expertise & experience:
 - Dependency on mental model
 - Comparative judgment (subject ACAD performance to rigorous field-value judgment)
 - Seek for information not known or if known need



CONCLUSIONS

- STUDY SEEKED TO ANSWER:

- Does Decision Aid Help Commanders in COA Planning?
- Do Expertise & Task Experience Affect Commander's Perception of Decision Aid Trust?

- FINDINGS:

- 3. Commanders with more experience tend to show conservative trust on ACAD while those with less command experience tend to show over reliance (more trust):
 - Look for estimates that “make sense”
 - Attrition factor watched with “passion”; need every asset and logistics to minimize attrition.

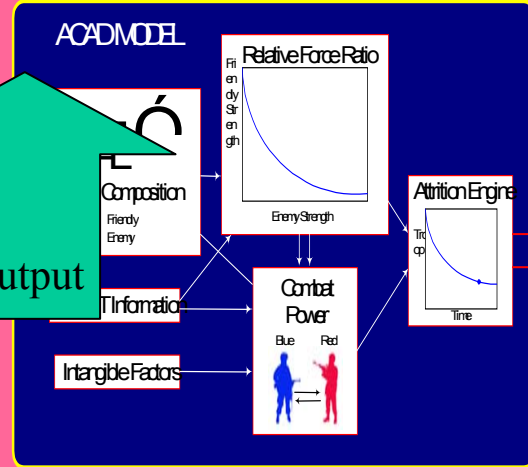
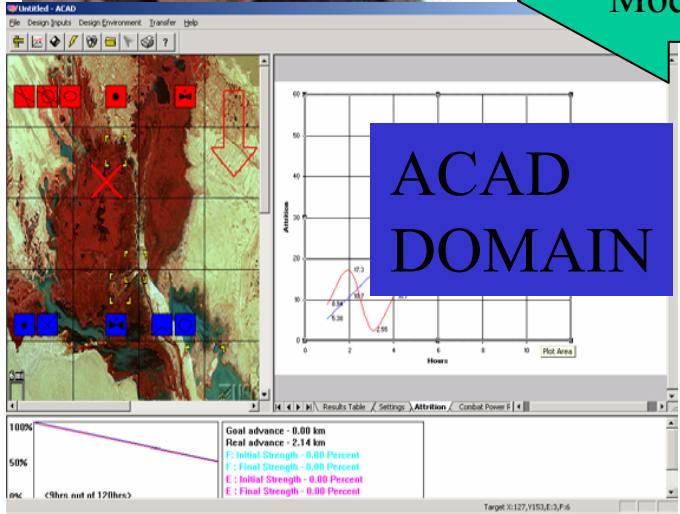
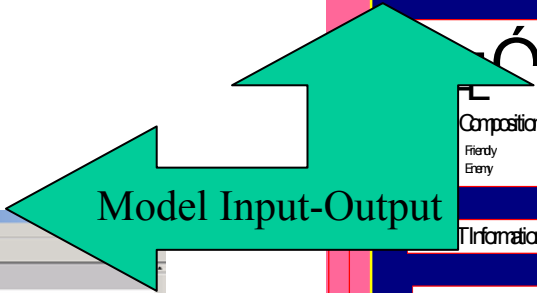


CONCLUSIONS

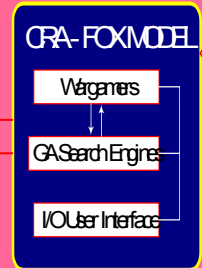
FURTHER STUDY:

- **Meta cognition** study on what commanders really look for in in computer decision aids. It is not sufficient to simulate. How the result of simulation is used is important. May help to reduce the magnitude and scalability of simulation models
- More “**Intelligent Interface**” for the novice user. Avoid raising hopes. Allow the user to use “**INQUIRY**” methods within the interface to “**EXPLORE**” strategies.
- Enhance Fuzzy data fusion in ACAD.
- Extend war game board to multiple objectives or area of interest. Current capability is one objective at a time

ACAD-FOX COLLABORATION SYSTEM



Fox Generated CoAs, Units, METT-T

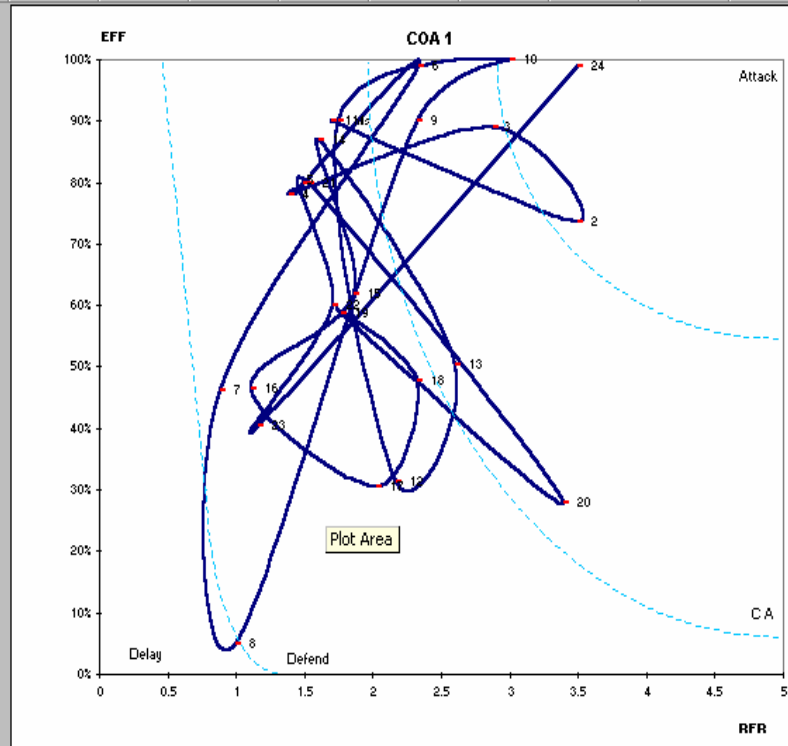


ACAD-FOX COLLABORATION SYSTEM

- Models operate independently
- Models share objective variables
- Models collaborate to modify each other's behavior

	A	B	C
1	Time	COA 1	
2	hrs	RFR	Eff
3	1	1.70189	90%
4	2	3.5	74%
5	3	2.88	89%
6	4	1.39211	78%
7	5	1.4885	80%
8	6	2.33086	99%
9	7	0.88	46%
10	8	1	5%
11	9	2.33	90%
12	10	3	100%
13	11	1.75343	90%
14	12	2.17537	31%
15	13	2.6	50%
16	14	1.60811	87%
17	15	1.85993	62%
18	16	1.10969	46%
19	17	2.02986	30%
20	18	2.32871	48%
21	19	1.7698	59%
22	20	3.4	28%
23	21	1.52932	80%
24	22	1.71041	60%
25	23	1.1601	40%
26	24	3.5	99%

Update Random Number



View/Change data

Back to main

rerun