Forsvarets forskningsinstitutt

Guiding Experimentation Efforts in Support of Transformation



Chief Scientist Johan Aas, FFI

Dr Trond Bergene, Teleplan AS





Transformation and CD&E

CD&E

- Concept Development and Experimentation (CD&E) is paramount to the success of transformation efforts.
- Top-down initiatives: Generation of CD&E activities based on identification of capability gaps.
- Bottom-up initiatives (shortfalls and "good ideas"): Generation of CD&E activities from communities concerned with e.g. operations, R&D or training.
- Prioritization of proposed experiments is essential.



CD&E in Norway

- The Joint Operational Headquarter in Norway is responsible for coordinating all national operationally related CD&E
 - This differs from some other countries, where dedicated centers have been given the responsibility for CD&E.

METEX (METhod for EXperimentation): The framework is currently under final development and evaluation by the Norwegian Defence Research Establishment (FFI) and Teleplan AS.



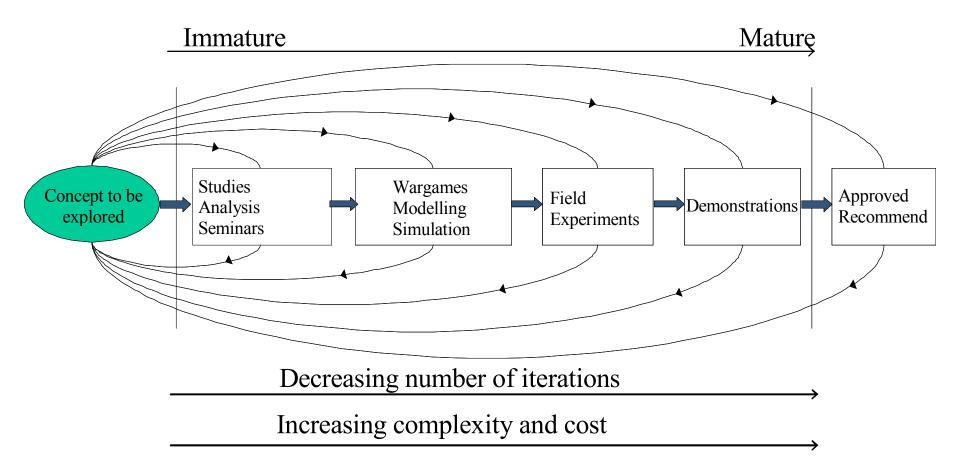
Presentation Outline

- The CD&E Process.
- A framework and a decision support tool for prioritizing experimental activities.
- A Web-based process framework guiding prioritization of CD&E activities.



The CD&E Process

Tools Supporting Maturation and Development of Concepts*

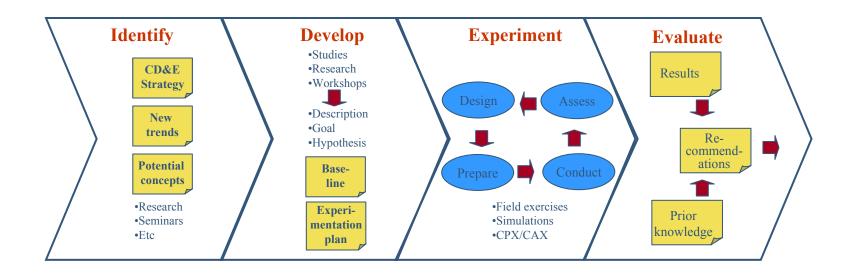


* Based on ideas from UK Command and Battlespace Management and Canadian Forces Experimentation Centre (Plan Pegasus).



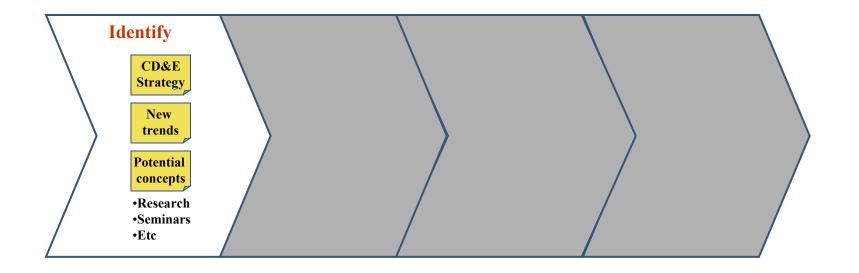
The CD&E Process

The CD&E process is divided into 4 sub-processes:



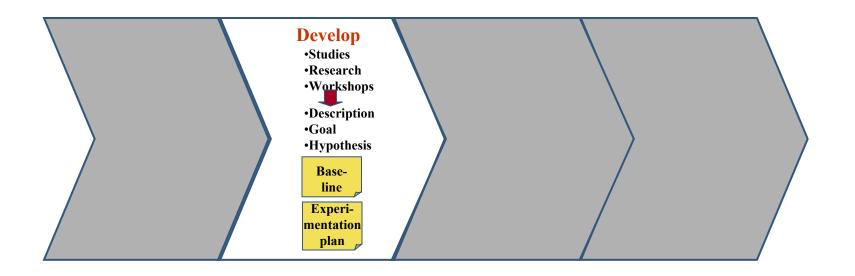


The CD&E Process: Identify



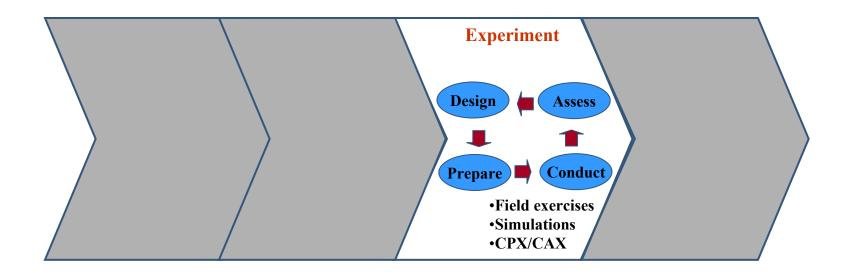


The CD&E Process: Develop





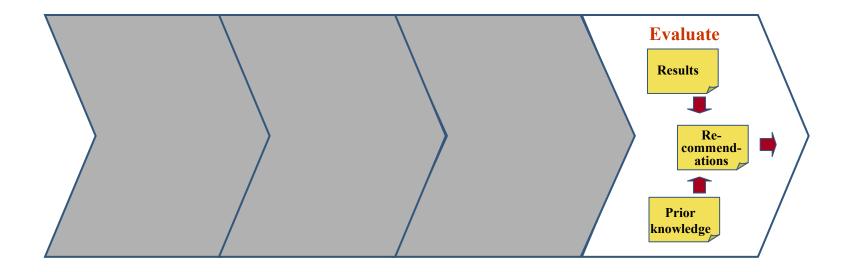
The CD&E Process: Experiment



*: US DoD Command and Control Research Program – Code of Best Practice for Experimentation.

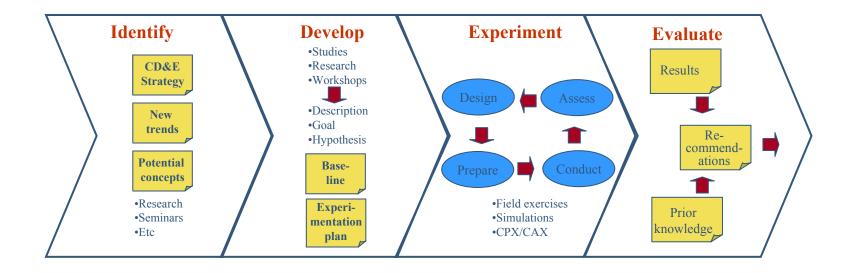


The CD&E Process: Evaluate





The CD&E Process



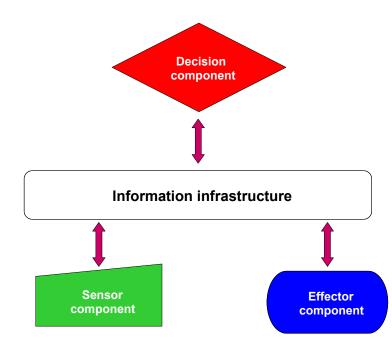


A framework and a decision support tool for prioritization of experimental activities



Network Centric Component Model (NCCM)

• The NCCM has been developed in connection with the recent national Defense Requirement Review:

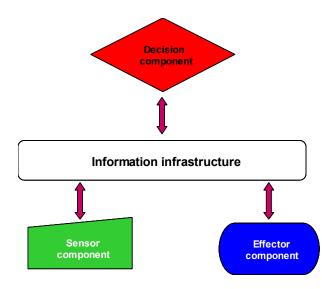


- <u>A decision component</u>, which consists of decision support and "decisionmaking" and which deliver decisions.
- <u>A sensor component</u>, which delivers data and information from sensors.
- <u>An effector component</u>, which delivers "effects" in operations.
- <u>An information infrastructure (INI)</u>, which delivers connectivity and distribution capacity for data and information.

Components Properties(1)



Properties are used to characterize NCCM components.



Common properties (for all components)

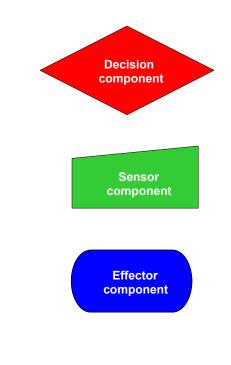
- Robustness
- Interoperability
- Speed and flexibility
- Responsiveness and strategic deployability

Components Properties (2)



Component specific properties

- Decision effectiveness for the decision component
- Coverage and data quality for the sensor component
- Effect for the effector component
- Connectivity and distribution capacity for the INI



Information infrastructure



Gaps in the Force Structure Based on Components and Properties

	Component	specific propertie	es	Common properties						
Decision component	Decision Establish situational picture (T)	on effectivness Knowledge and experience	Culture	Robustness	Inter- operability	Speed and flexibility	Responsiveness and strategic deployability			
Operational level	2	1	3	2	3	3	2			
Tactical level	2	3	1	3	3	1	2			
Sensor component	Coverage	and data quality								
Psyops		2		3	3	1	1			
CNO		2		3	2	3	3			
EW		1		2	2	1	2			
Land		2		2	3	3	1			
Surface		2		2	1	2	1			
Sub sea		1		2	1	2	1			
Air		2		3	1	2	2			
Space		1		2	2	1	3			
Effector component		Effect								
Psyops		2		2 2		1	3			
CNO		1		3	3	2	3			
EW		3		3	2	2	1			
Land		2		2 2		2	2			
Surface		2		2	2	2	2			
Sub sea		1		2	3	2	2			
Air		1		1	2	1	2			
Space		3		3	3	1	2			
Information infrastructure, INI	Connectivity ar									
INI		2		1	3	2	2			

- Red: Critical gaps
- Yellow: Substantial gaps
- Green: Satisfactory status.

The colors are given by the current situation.



Assessing the Operational Value of a Concept

	Component specific properties							Common properties									
Decision Component	Decision effectivene: Establish Knwledge and situational picture experience			Culture 3		Robustness 3		Interoperability		Speed and flexibility 3		Responsiveness and strategic deployability 3		Cost-/ Effectiveness		Score	
Significance	3 3																
	Status	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score		Score	
Operational level	2		1		3		2		3		3		2				0
Tactical level	2		3		1		3		3		1		2				0
Sensor component	Coverage and data quality							_									
Significance	3			8	Coore		Status Score	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score		Score	
Devene	Status				Score						4						
Psyops	2					3		3		1		1				0	
CNO	2				3		2		3		3				0		
EW		1				2		2		1		2				0	
Land	2		3		2		3	2	3	2	1				54		
Surface - Sea	2			2		2		1	2	2	2	1				30	
Subsea		1					2		1		2		1				0
Air		2					3		1		2		2				0
Space		1					2		2		1		3				0
Effector component	Virkning																
Sigificance	3			Status Sco	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score		Score				
	Status			Score		1											
Psyops		2					2		2		1		3				0
CNO		1					3		3		2		3				0
EW		3					3		2		2		1				0
Land		2					2		2		2		2				0
Surface - Sea		2					2		2		2		2				0
Subsea		1					2		3		2		2				0
Air		1					1		2		1		2				0
Space		0					0		0		0		0				0
Information Infrastructure (INI)	Connectivity and distribution capacity			Status	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score	Status	Score						
Significance	3												Score				
		Status			Score												
INI		2					1		3		2		2				0
															Total s	core	84



Decision Support Tool Modules

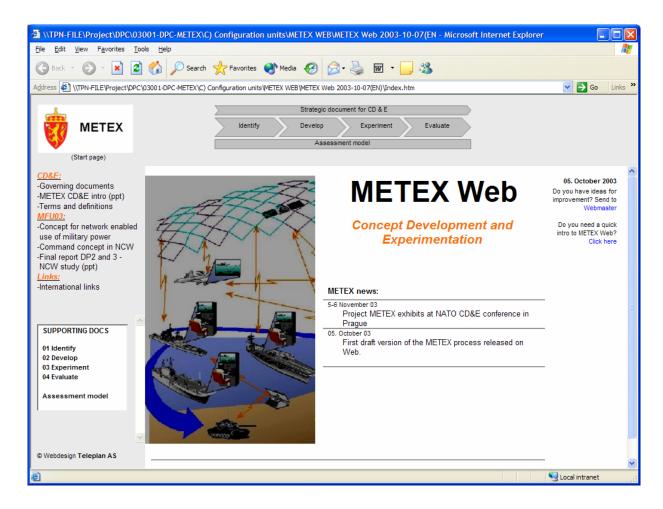
- The tool consists of four modules supporting each of the following tasks:
 - Assessing the operational value (benefit) of the experiment.
 - Calculating the costs of the experiment.
 - Calculating the benefit/cost ratio of the experiment.
 - Assessing the uncertainties associated with conducting the experiment.
- Going through the tasks for each experiment in a portfolio of experiments will give a basis for prioritization of which experiments to conduct (fund).



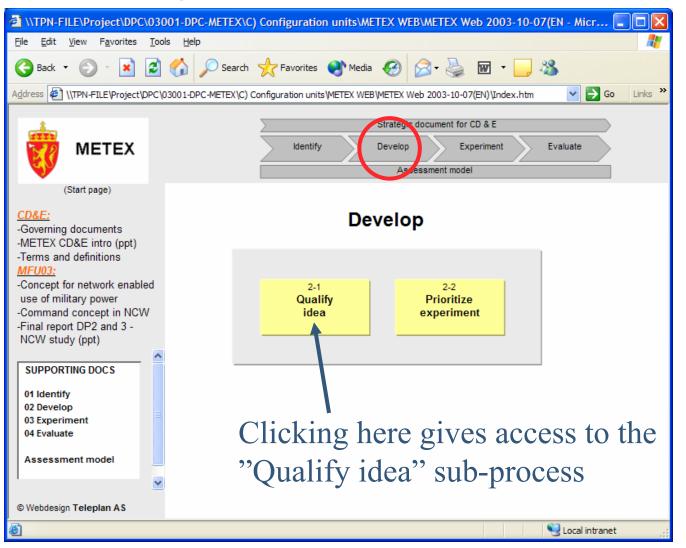
A Web-based Process Framework Guiding Prioritization of CD&E Activities



METEX Web Front Page



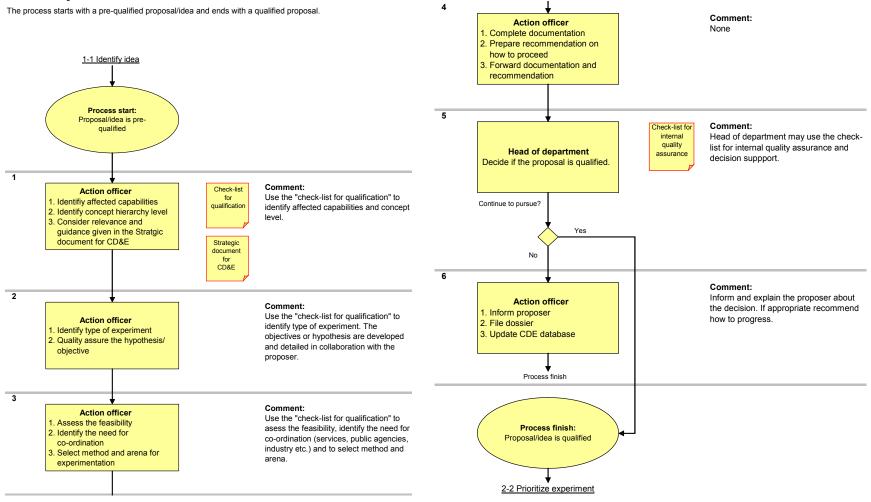
Sub-Processes are Accessed by Point-and-Click



FFI 🌈

The "Qualify Idea" Sub-Process Describes Tasks and Provides Check-Lists, Templates, etc

2-1 Qualify idea



Final Remarks



The methodology is currently under final development and evaluation

• An early release is already in use by the Armed Forces

Final observations

- In order to make qualified decisions, interaction between decision makers and experimenters is critical
- The process web facilitates this interaction, helps the experimenter improve the experiment design, increases costbenefit
- The quality of an actual experiment is improved