

The Best of All Possible Worlds: Applying the Model Driven Architecture Approach to a JC3IEDM OWL Ontology Modeled in UML

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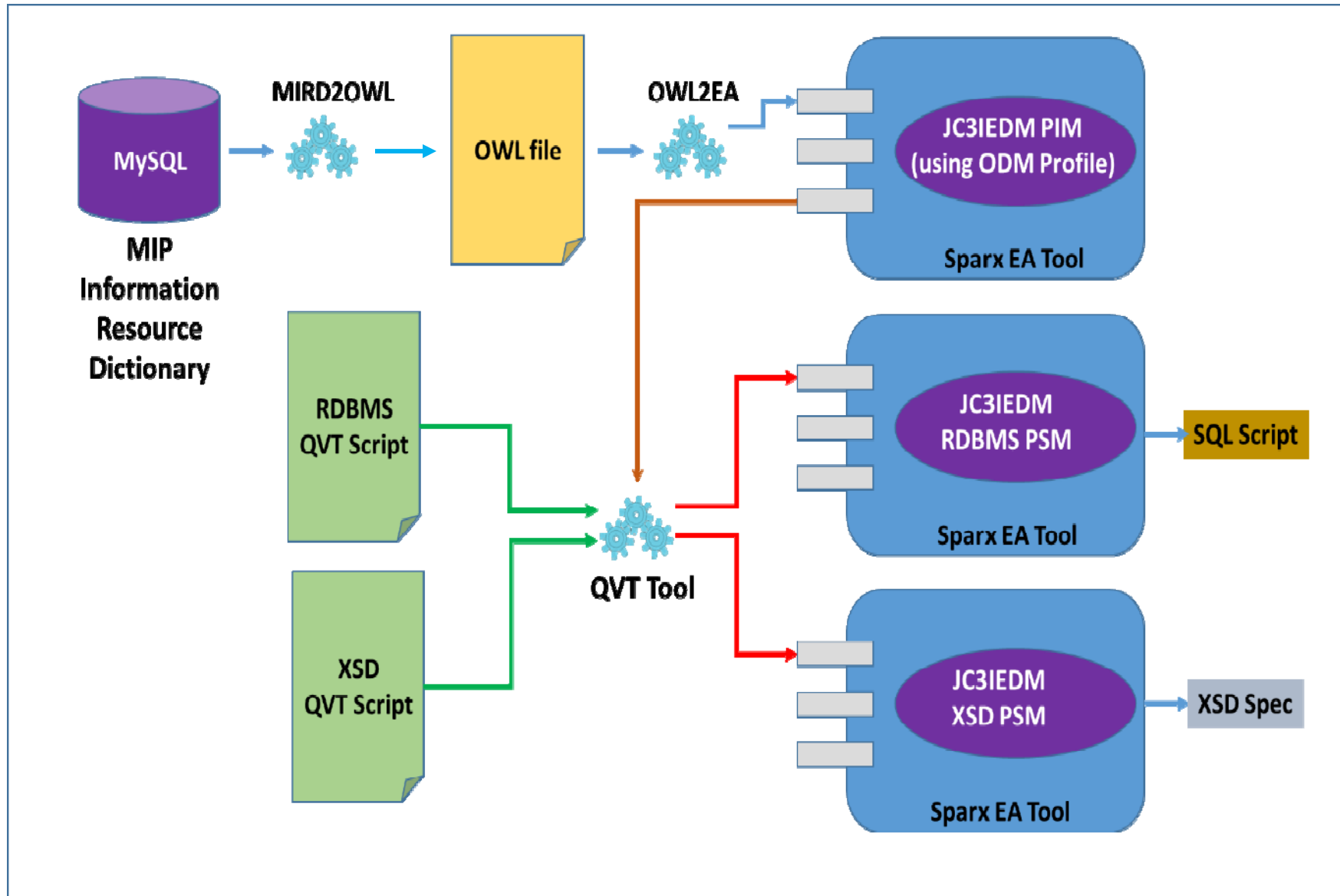
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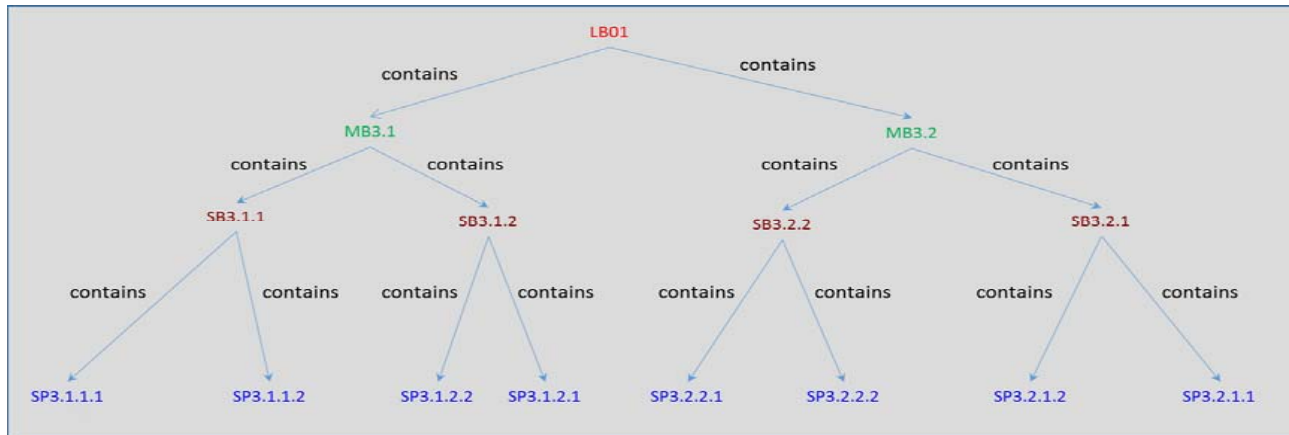
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- Traditional information modeling – as exemplified by data modeling for database implementations – is focused on *processes*, which generally leads to a tight coupling between the resulting model and how an organization uses information to support its operations
- These models are driven by the current state of **how** things are done, instead of expressing **what** the objects involved are
 - This causes data interoperability problems due to procedural variability – there are many ways to skin the *procedural cat*
- A modeling approach that emphasizes the **what** – the nature of the objects in the domain being modeled – can better support information models with constructs of broader applicability and durability across the enterprise

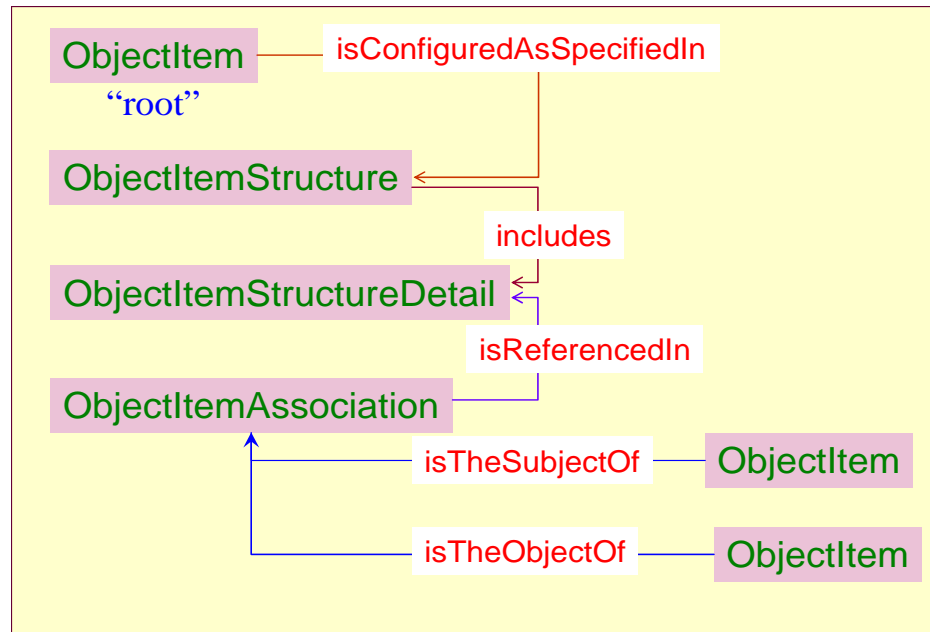
- Ability to model information more flexibly than with standard ER notation, and, at the same time, be able to leverage the gains provided by the application of the Model Driven Architecture (MDA) approach
- Issue:
 - Semantic modeling well supported with OWL **but MDA requires UML**
- Approach investigated:
 - Use Ontology Definition Metamodel (ODM) **to model OWL in UML**
 - Treat resulting model as an MDA Platform Independent Model (**PIM**)
 - Apply the MDA tool set (i.e., Query-View-Transformation language) to the OWL PIM to automatically generate desired MDA Platform Specific Model (**PSM**)
 - Use standard CASE tool capabilities to automatically produce **executable code**



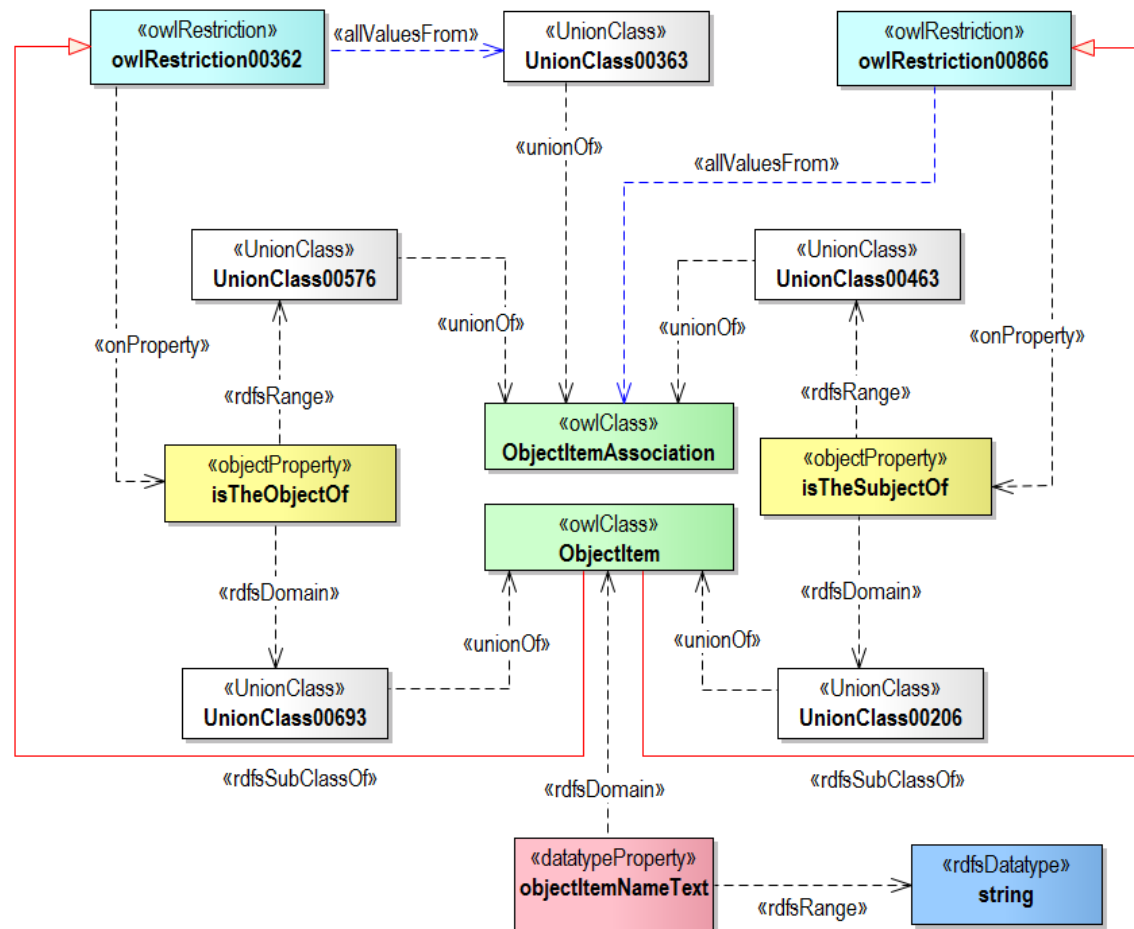
Task: Capture a tree-like decomposition of container contents



Conceptual Model

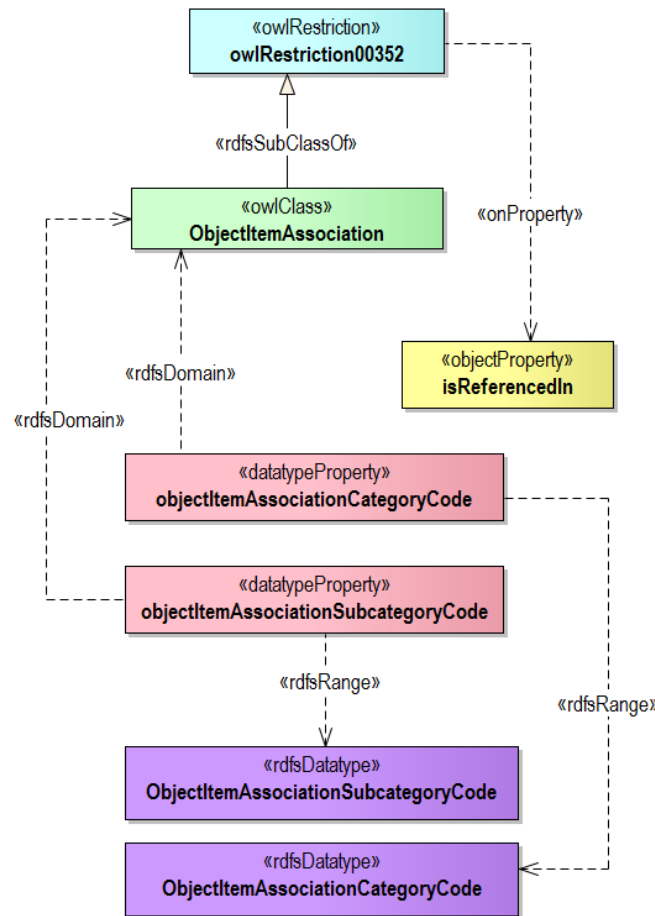


OWL Modeling ObjectItemAssociation Subview



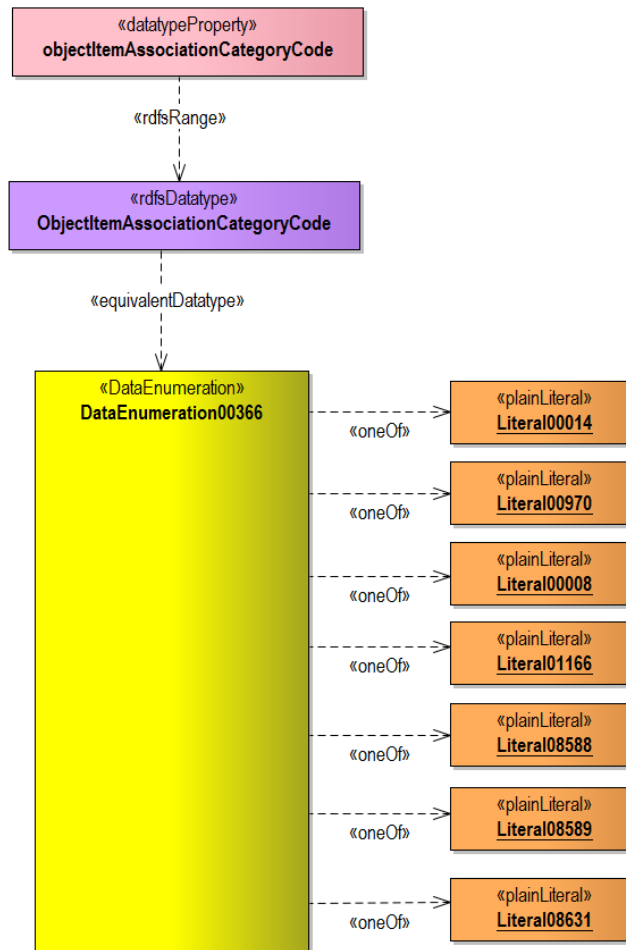
OWL UML PIM

OWL Modeling objectProperties for ObjectItemAssociation subview



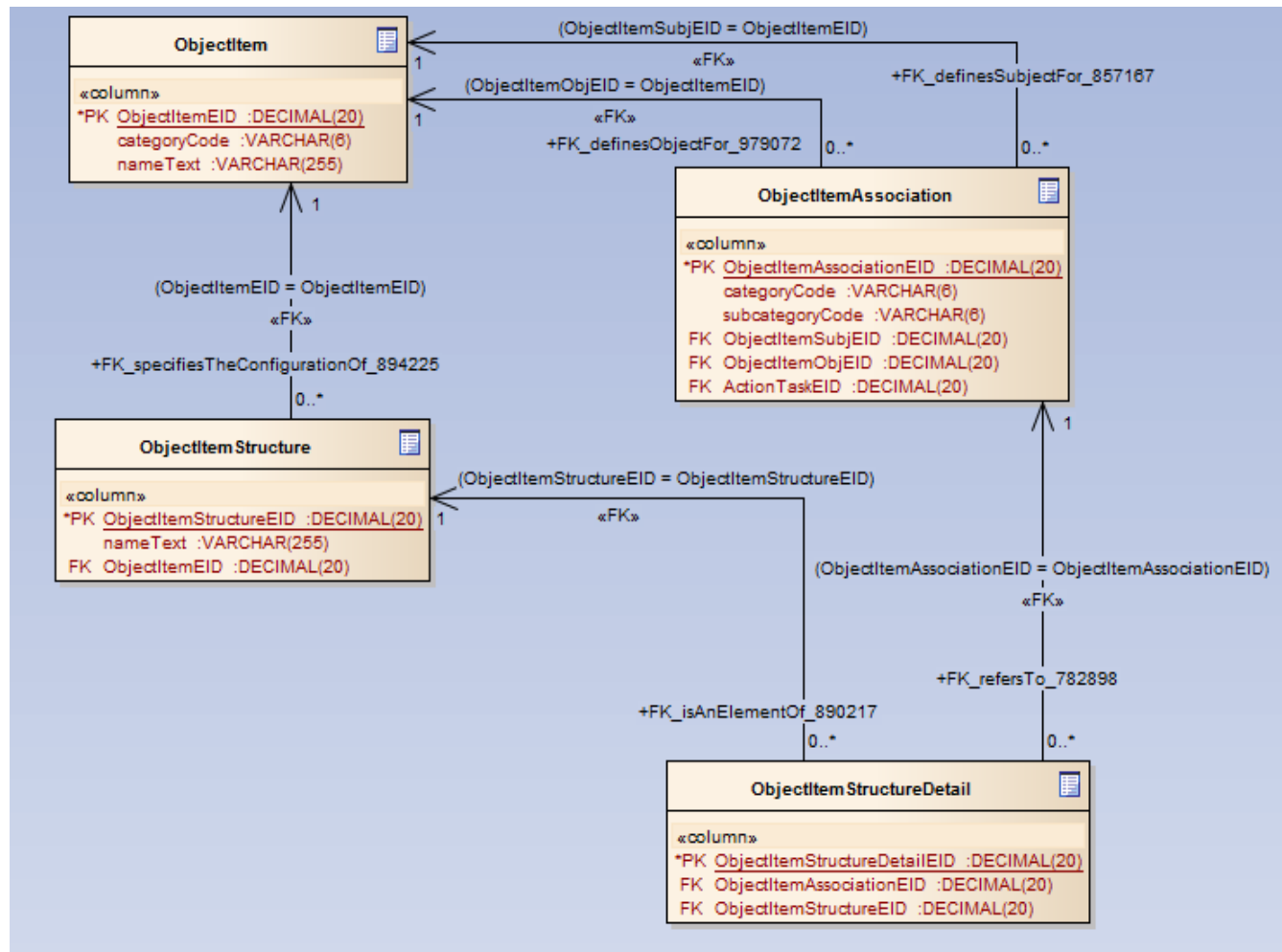
OWL UML PIM

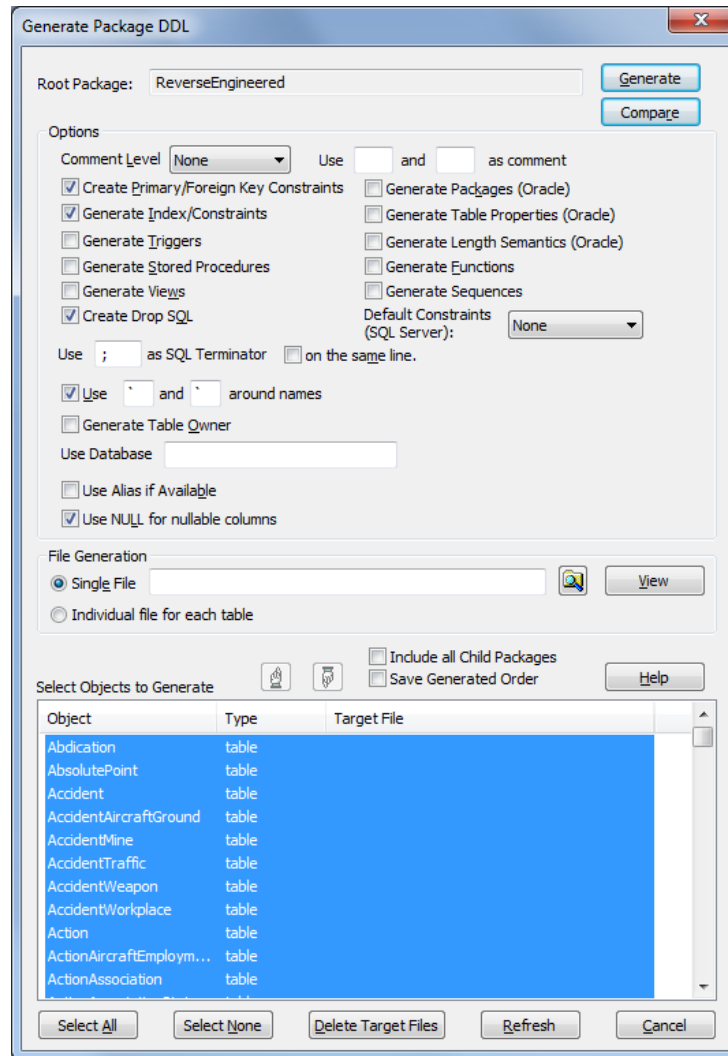
OWL Modeling dataTypeProperties for ObjectItemAssociation subview



OWL UML PIM

Resulting RDBMS PSM after QVT Transformation





CASE Tool Generation Capability

```

1 SET FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS=0;
2
3
4
5 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `ObjectItem` CASCADE
6 ;
7 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `ObjectItemAssociation` CASCADE
8 ;
9 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `ObjectItemStructure` CASCADE
10 ;
11 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `ObjectItemStructureDetail` CASCADE
12 ;
13
14 CREATE TABLE `ObjectItem`|
15 (
16   `ObjectItemEID` DECIMAL(20) NOT NULL,
17   `categoryCode` VARCHAR(6) NULL,
18   `nameText` VARCHAR(255) NULL,
19   PRIMARY KEY (`ObjectItemEID`)
20 )
21 ) TYPE=InnoDB
22 ;
23
24
25 CREATE TABLE `ObjectItemAssociation`
26 (
27   `ObjectItemAssociationEID` DECIMAL(20) NOT NULL,
28   `categoryCode` VARCHAR(6) NULL,
29   `subcategoryCode` VARCHAR(6) NULL,
30   `ObjectItemSubjEID` DECIMAL(20) NULL,
31   `ObjectItemObjEID` DECIMAL(20) NULL,
32   `ActionTaskEID` DECIMAL(20) NULL,
33   PRIMARY KEY (`ObjectItemAssociationEID`),
34   INDEX `ObjectItemObjEID` (`ObjectItemObjEID` ASC),
35   INDEX `ObjectItemSubjEID` (`ObjectItemSubjEID` ASC),
36   INDEX `ActionTaskEID` (`ActionTaskEID` ASC)
37 )
38 ) TYPE=InnoDB
39 ;
40
41
42 CREATE TABLE `ObjectItemStructure`
43 (
44   `ObjectItemStructureEID` DECIMAL(20) NOT NULL,
45   `nameText` VARCHAR(255) NULL,
46   `ObjectItemEID` DECIMAL(20) NULL,
47   PRIMARY KEY (`ObjectItemStructureEID`),
48   INDEX `ObjectItemEID` (`ObjectItemEID` ASC)
49 )
50 ) TYPE=InnoDB
51 ;
52

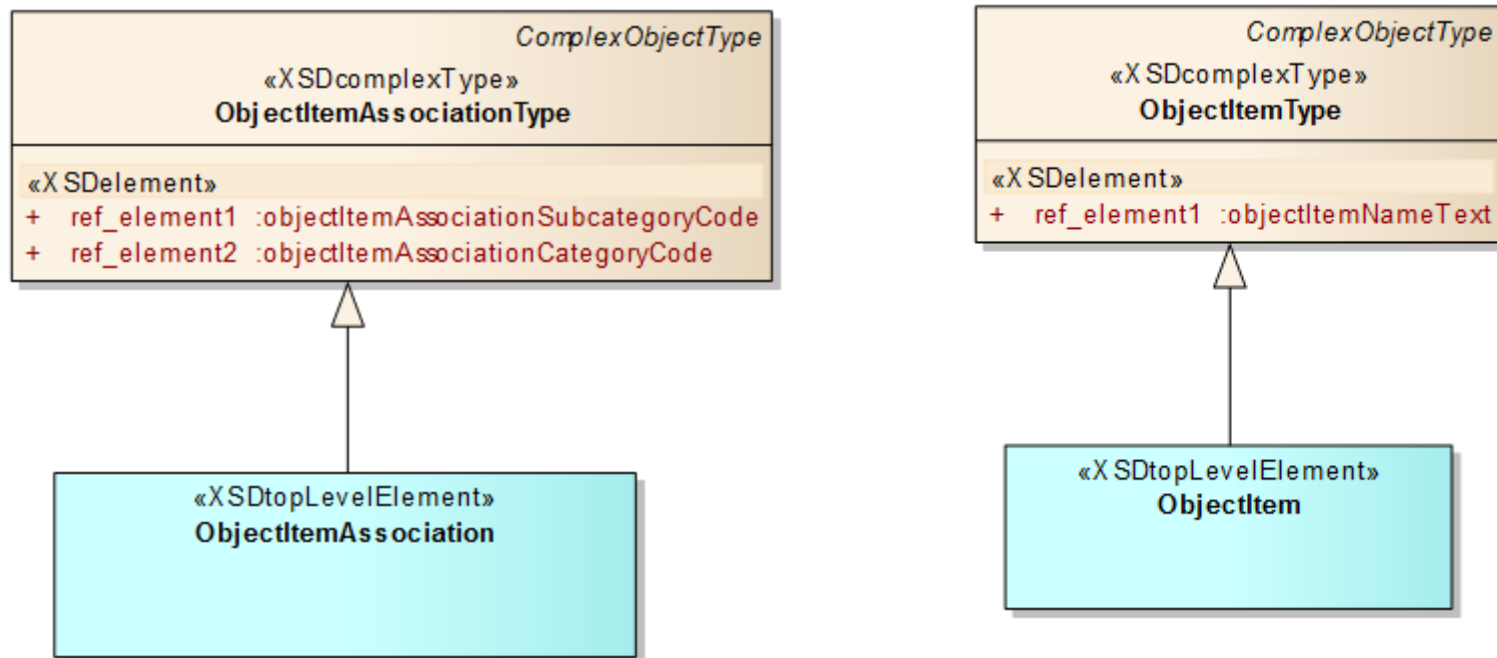
```

Executable SQL Script

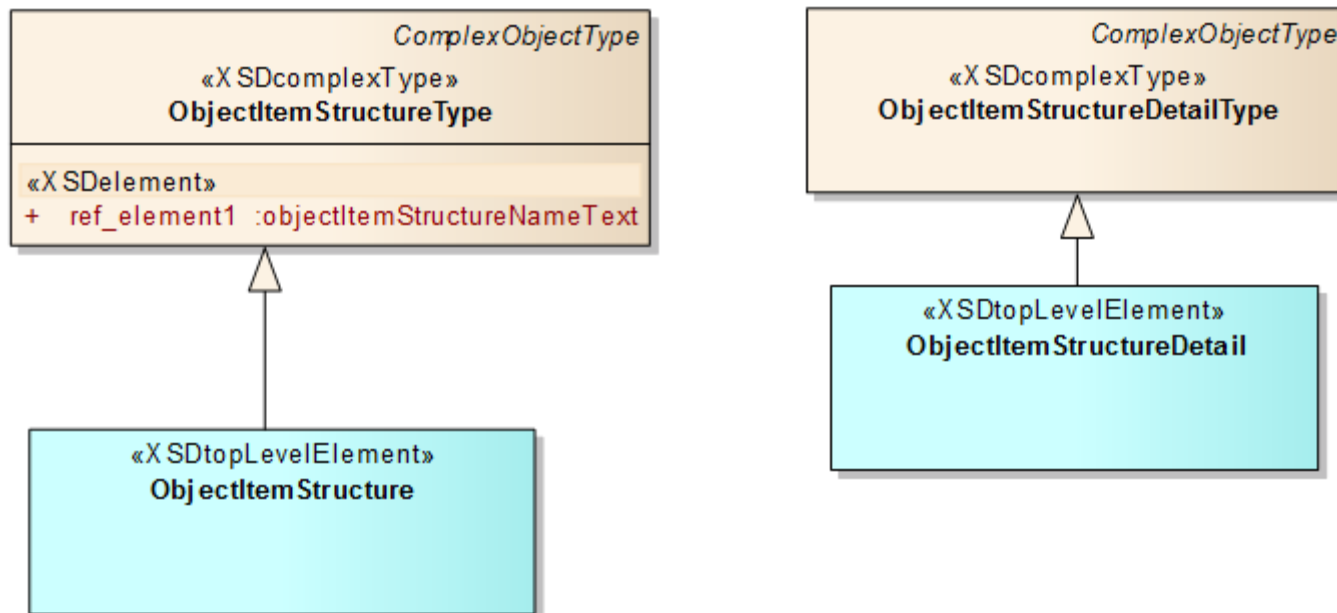
Goals

- Support interoperability among DoD systems
- Improve information consistency and correctness
- Demonstrate the value of Model Driven Architecture in XML-based message exchange

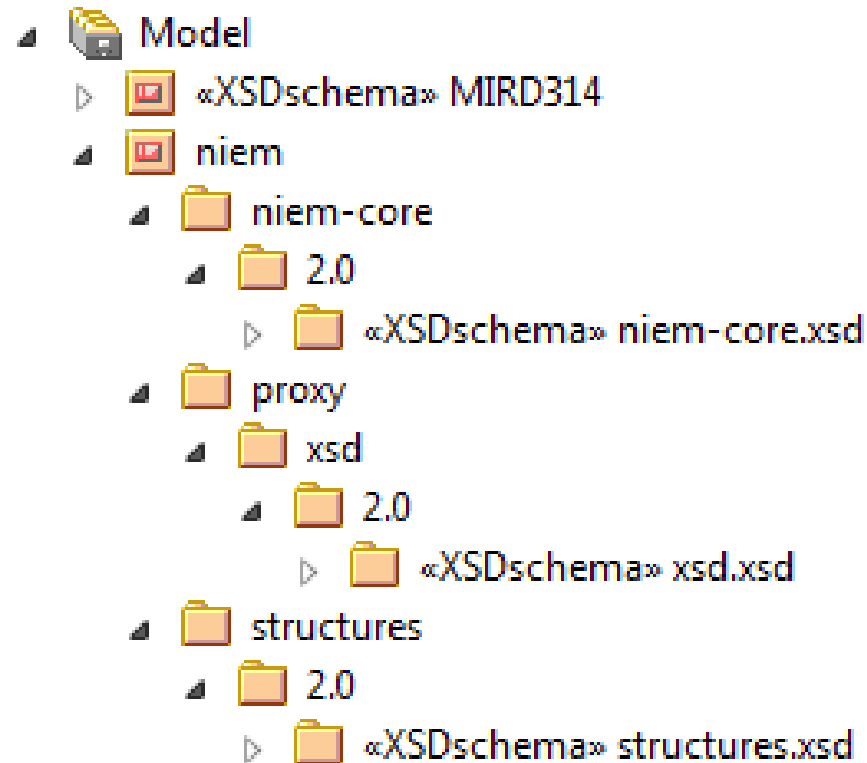
Resulting XSD Model after QVT Transformation

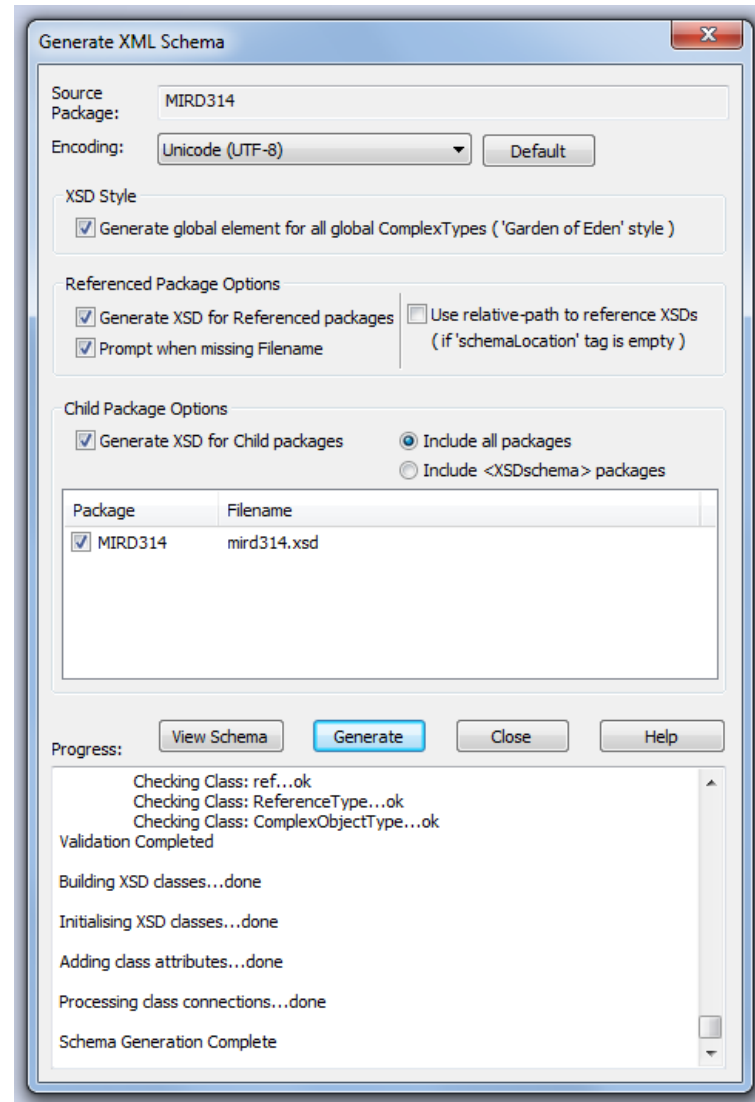


Resulting XSD Model after QVT Transformation



Package hierarchy generated by the QVT transformation





CASE Tool Generation Capability

```
<xs:element name="ObjectItemAssociation"  
type="mird:ObjectItemAssociationType">  
  <xs:annotation>  
    <xs:documentation>A relationship of an  
    Object Item as a subject with another  
    Object Item as an object.</xs:documentation>  
  </xs:annotation>  
</xs:element>
```

Generated XSD

```
<xs:complexType name="ObjectItemStructureDetailType">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation>The identification of a
      specific Object Item Association as an
      element in a specific Object Item Structure.
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="s:ComplexObjectType">
      <xs:sequence/>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="ObjectItemStructureDetail"
  type="mird:ObjectItemStructureDetailType">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation>The identification of a
      specific Object Item Association as an
      element in a specific Object Item Structure.
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
</xs:element>
```

Generated XSD

- The ODM profile enables use of UML for OWL modeling of business domains, e.g., C2
- Resulting OWL UML model can be treated as a PIM
- MDA approach can be applied to generate PSMs
- Current CASE tool capabilities adequately support generation of executable code for a number of implementations of general use: RDBMS, XML/XSD
- Other implementations may require development of appropriate UML profiles which, although not trivial, are technically feasible