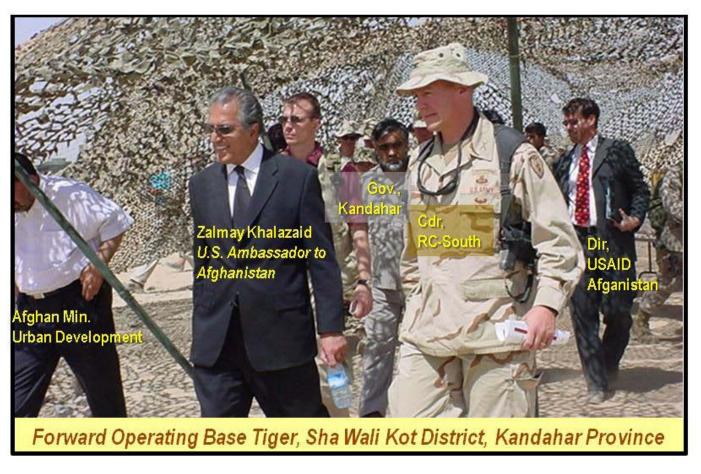
"I'm not sure this is what you signed up for, Colonel, but you're the one who's going to be running U.S. foreign policy out there. And you had better prepare yourself for it."

"I don't like it, but I think you're right."

— Punishment of Virtue, p. 284



Whether or not the military should be involved in applying the other instruments of power is moot because it's been happening for ten years and the future will continue to require it.

Agenda

New ideas emerging from human, historical, and technological contexts can affect understanding, influence behavior, and be a driving force for significant institutional change. — General Martin Dempsey, CSA

□ Current Situation

- The Need for Cultural Change
- "Mission Command" is Transforming
- The Gap to Realizing Unified Action

Proposals



- Describe Army Mission Command in a way more practicable to Unified Action
- Adapt How Army Commanders Conduct the Operations Process
- Develop Practicable Unified Action Functions (UAFs)

☐ Closing the Gap to Realizing Unified Action

The Need for Cultural Change

National Security shaping documents call for change...

NSS calls for all plans and approaches to be *integrated* in order *to leverage* the capabilities across *all governmental departments and agencies*.

NDS asserts that we must harness and *integrate all aspects of national power* and work closely with a wide range of allies, friends, and partners.

NMS highlights the fact that our *military power* is most effective when *employed in concert with* the *other elements of power*.

<u>CCJO</u> contends that the more widely the premises and practices of <u>mission command</u> are infused throughout the joint force, the more effective joint synergy will be.

ACC states that the Army must hone its ability to *integrate joint and interagency* assets.

AOC says that *uncertainty* in future operational environments will continue to increase as *political*, *economic*, *informational*, and *cultural* systems become more *complex*.

The Need for Cultural Change

What if we ever face an enemy who...

- -has global social reach and resources, but no standing conventional army and will thus always seek to avoid traditional pitched military battles that have historically been our military's forte;
- -has a system of ideas requiring the dedication of their very lives to imposing their ideology on the world through any means including violence and global terrorism against any targets they choose;
- -knows that we know where he recruits and trains, but also knows we can prevent neither activity with military power alone and that we must invest heavily to counter them, while he has to invest little;
- -assesses our national ideology makes it difficult for our military power to be too closely intertwined with our other national powers because we designed our system of government that way;

The Need for Cultural Change

What if we ever face an enemy who...

- assesses there are a significant number of our military and civilians who, for whatever reasons, will always seek to avoid having the military perform tasks that are not purely military functions;
- -identifies a gap in our framework of thinking because we characterize conflicts as either stability or major combat, thus making it problematic to focus on the "great divide" where irregular warfare lies;
- -knows our strategy will dictate we must win all conflicts, so he devises a campaign of regional conflicts on the "great divide" between war and peace where tactical outcomes are unimportant to his strategy;
- -systematically frames and reframes his strategy in ways asymmetrical to ours in order to capitalize on the gaps in our framework of thinking, erode our will, fracture our unity, and expend our resources?

"Mission Command" is Transforming

Moving from Theory Towards Practicability...

- P1) Describe Army mission command in a way more practicable to unified action
- P2) Adapt how Army commanders conduct the operations process
- P3) Develop practicable unified action functions (UAFs)

Theory...

CCRP, 16th ICCRTS

21-23 Jun 2011

- focuses on principles or methods
- not a matter of actual fact
- a proposed explanation
- not [necessarily] practical
- hypothetical
- speculative
- abstract
- esoteric





Practicability...

- capable of being put into practice
- adaptable for actual use
- capable of being used
- achievable
- attainable
- workable
- useful
- feasible

"Mission Command" is Transforming

I. Mission command is the conduct of military operations through decentralized execution based on mission orders.

Command Technique

Disciplined Initiative

Successful mission command demands that subordinate leaders at all echelons exercise disciplined initiative, acting aggressively and independently to accomplish the mission within the commander's intent.

- FM 3-0 (2008)

II. Mission command is the exercise of authority and direction by the commander using *mission orders* to enable *disciplined initiative* within the commander's intent to empower agile and adaptive leaders in the conduct of full spectrum operations.

Command Authority

Warfighting Functions

Commanders blend the **art** of command and the **science** of control to **integrate warfighting functions** to accomplish the mission. Mission command is the **warfighting function** that develops and integrates activities that enable a commander to balance the **art** of command and the **science** of control.

- FM 3-0 C1 (Feb 2011)

III. Mission command is a construct that integrates the *functions* and *techniques* of the *art* and *science* employed during the *exercise of command authority* over missions applying *military* and *other instruments of national power*.

Construct

Unified Action Functions

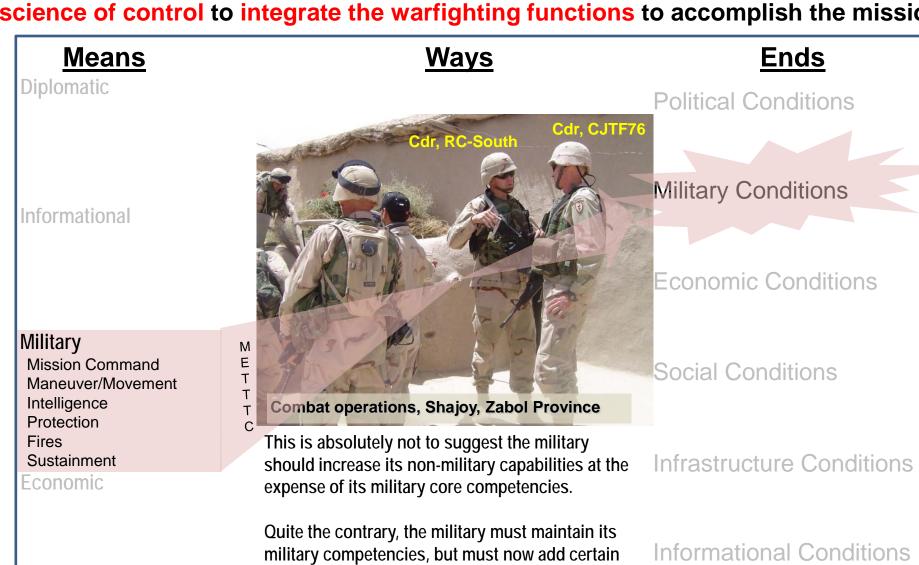
Commanders employ the mission command unified action function to enable and integrate the warfighting functions amongst themselves and with functions governing diplomatic, informational, and economic mission powers.

— Dick Pedersen, 16th ICCRTS (Jun 2011)

The Gap to Realizing Unified Action

The current mission command conception...

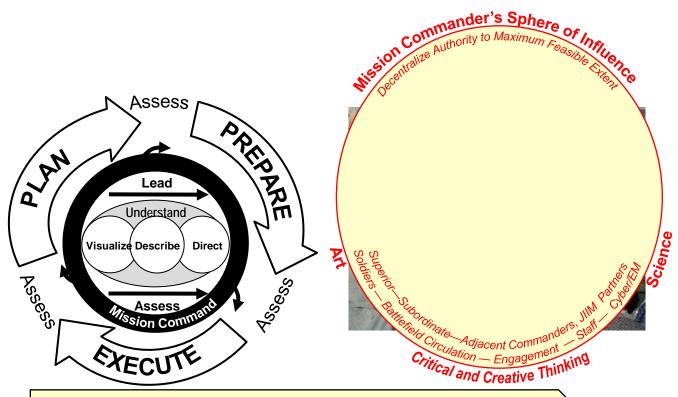
II. Mission command is commander-led and blends the art of command with the science of control to integrate the warfighting functions to accomplish the mission.



non-military competencies.

Describe Mission Command in a New Way

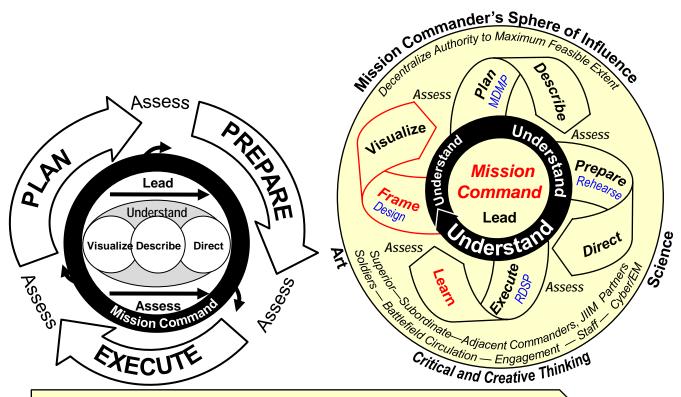
Moving Towards Unified Action Practicability...



- P1-1: **Decentralize authority** to maximum feasible extent.
- P1-2: Describe Commander's **Sphere of Influence**.
- P1-3: Describe that both *Art and Science* are employed by all.
- P1.4: Describe that *Critical and Creative Thinking* pervades all.

Adapt How Cdrs Conduct the Operations Process

Moving Towards Unified Action Practicability...



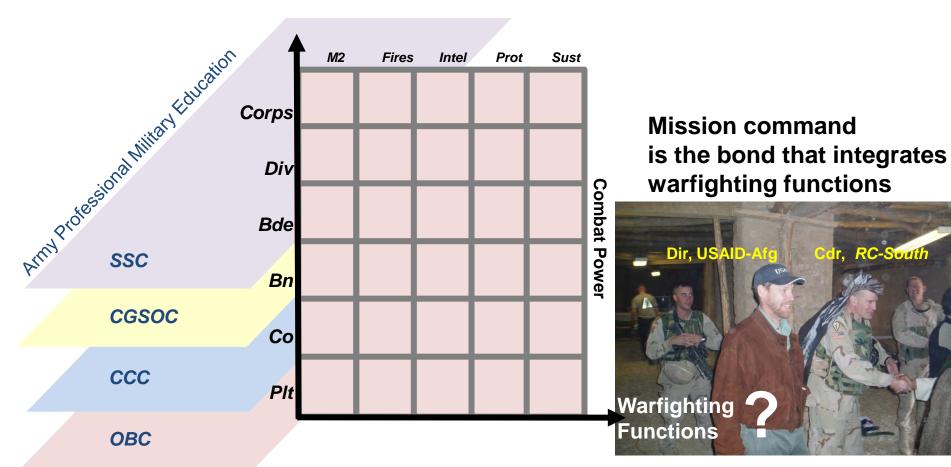
- P1-1: **Decentralize authority** to maximum feasible extent.
- P1-2: Describe Commander's **Sphere of Influence**.
- P1-3: Describe that both *Art and Science* are employed by all.
- P1.4: Describe that *Critical and Creative Thinking* pervades all.
- P2-1: Elevate *Framing* as a major operations process activity.
- P2-2: Describe **Design** as an operations process sub-component.
- P2-3: Describe operations process **Sub-components in Context**.
- P2-4: Add *Learn* through action as a key commander task.
- P2-5: Describe the operations process as an *integral subset*.

Develop Practicable Unified Action Functions (UAFs)

The Current Conception Integrates Only Warfighting Functions (WFFs) ...

Movement & Maneuver / Fires / Intelligence / Protection / Sustainment

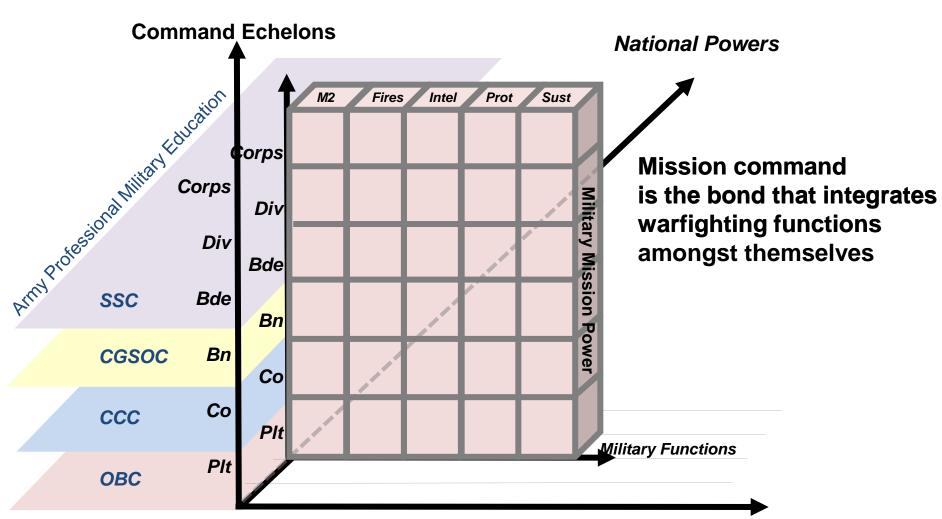
Command Echelons



Commanders blend the art of command and the science of control to integrate WFFs to accomplish the mission.

Develop Practicable Unified Action Functions (UAFs)

Movement & Maneuver / Fires / Intelligence / Protection / Sustainment

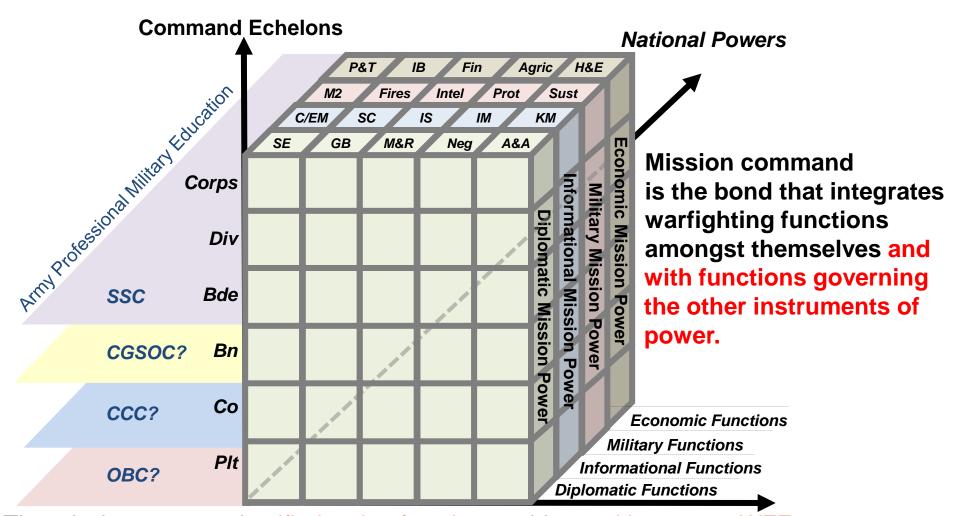


The mission command unified action function enables and integrates WFFs amongst themselves

13

Develop Practicable Unified Action Functions (UAFs)

	/ Production & Trade	/ Industrial Base	/ Finance	/ Agriculture	/ Health & Education
	Movement & Maneuver	/ Fires /	Intelligence	/ Protection	/ Sustainment
	Cyber/Electromagnetic /	Strategic Communication /	Information Sharing /	Information Management	/ Knowledge Management
$/\!\!-$	Strategic Engagement /	Governance Building /	Monitor & Report	Negotiations /	Aid & Assistance /



The mission command unified action function enables and integrates WFFs amongst themselves and with functions governing diplomatic, informational, and economic powers.

and trade systems and

capacity.

industrial infrastructure,

capabilities, and capacity.

education systems and

capacity.

1 /

Develop Practicable Unified Action Functions (UAFs)

			(0)	Mission Command Battle Laboratory
Production & Trade	/ Industrial Base	/ Finance	/ Agriculture	/ Health & Education
Movement & Maneuver	Fires	/ Intelligence	/ Protection	Sustainment
Cyber/Electromagnetic	Strategic Communication	/ Information Sharing	/ Information Management	Knowledge Management
Strategic Engagement	Governance Building	/ Monitor & Report	/ Negotiations	/ Aid & Assistance
Strategic Engagement (SE): The related tasks and activities that enable effective relationships with relevant	Governance Building (GB): The related tasks and activities that enable the development of a foreign	Monitor and Report (M&R): The related tasks and activities of monitoring and reporting on a foreign	Negotiations (Neg). The related tasks and activities that enable effective dialogue with relevant	Aid and Assistance (A&A): The related tasks and activities that enable foreign aid and assistance
foreign nation actors to promote & progress U.S. goals and objectives.	nation's governmental institutions, infrastructure, and abilities to govern.	nation's conditions and developments.	foreign nation actors to devise mutually acceptable dispute resolutions.	to a foreign nation consistent with and supportive of U.S. interests.
exploit advantages in and through cyberspace and the electromagnetic spectrum.	Strategic Communication (SC): The related inform & influence activities that enable efforts to inform U.S. and foreign audiences to be integrated &synchronized with other pertinent actions.	Information Sharing (IS): The related tasks, systems, procedures & agreements that enable coordinated information access between & amongst agencies whose missions require it.	Information Management (IM) The related tasks, systems, & procedures employed to collect, process, display, store & protect information while optimizing access by all with a need.	Knowledge Management (KM): The related tasks and systems that create, organize, apply, and transfer knowledge to facilitate situational understanding and decision-making.
Movement & Maneuver (M2): The related tasks and systems that move forces to achieve positional advantage in relation to the enemy.	Fires: The related tasks and systems that provide collective and coordinated fires and C2 warfare, including nonlethal fires, thru the targeting process.	Intelligence (Intel): The related tasks and systems that facilitate understanding of the operational environment, enemy, terrain and civil considerations.	Protection (Prot): The related tasks and systems that preserve the force so the commander can apply , maximum combat power.	Sustainment (Sust): The related tasks and systems that provide support and services to ensure freedom of action, extend operational reach & prolong endurance.
Production &Trade (P&T): related tasks and systems that enable U.S. aid and assistance to influence a foreign country's production	Industrial Base (IB): The related tasks and systems that enable U.S. aid and assistance to influence a foreign country's total	Finance (Fin): The related tasks and systems that enable U.S. aid and assistance to influence a foreign country's financial	Agriculture (Agric): The related tasks and systems that enable U.S aid and assistance to influence a foreign country's agriculture	Health & Education (H&E): The related tasks and systems that enable U.S. aid & assistance to influence a foreign country's health and

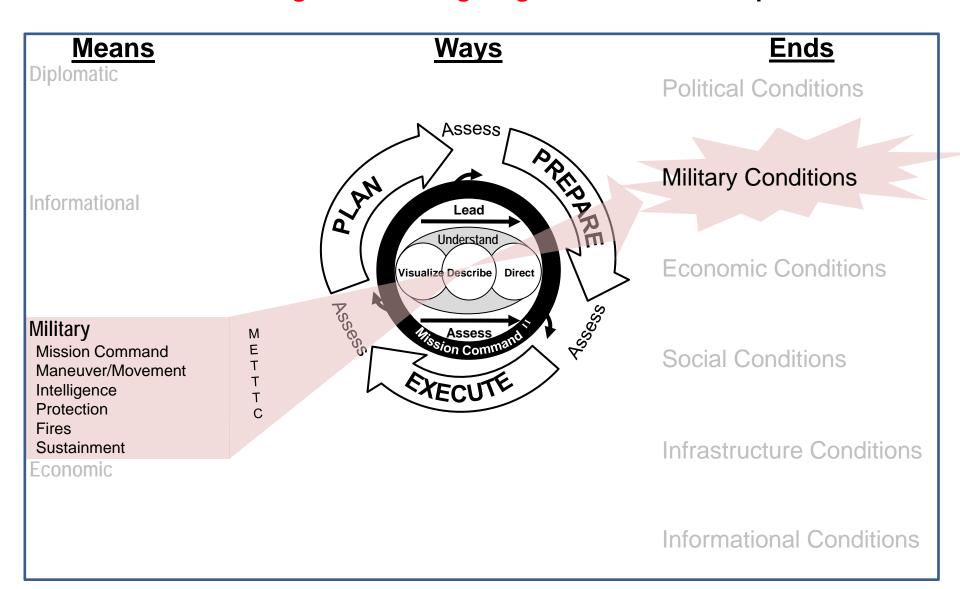
The mission command unified action function enables and integrates WFFs amongst themselves and with functions governing diplomatic, informational, and economic powers.

systems and capacity.

systems and capacity.

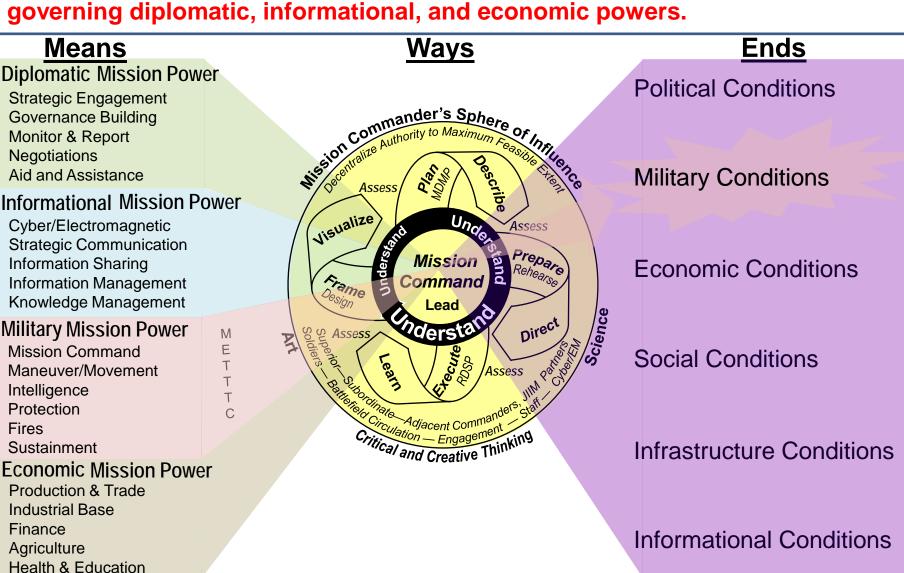
Closing the Gap to Realizing Unified Action

II. Mission command is commander-led and blends the art of command with the science of control to integrate the warfighting functions to accomplish the mission.



Closing the Gap to Realizing Unified Action

Commanders employ the Mission Command unified action function to enable and integrate the warfighting functions amongst themselves and with functions governing diplomatic, informational, and economic powers.



Summary

Mission command is a construct that integrates the functions and techniques of the art and science employed during the exercise of command authority over missions applying military and other instruments of national power.

Commanders apply the mission command technique based on empowering subordinates with mission orders and then decentralizing authority to the maximum feasible extent.

Commanders <u>and</u> staffs employ art and science.

The operations process is an integral subset of mission command: commanders lead the operations process by integrating the art and science of *understanding* and *framing* problems, *visualizing* solutions, planning for and describing requisite actions, preparing for and directing events, learning through execution, continually assessing results, and appropriately <u>reframing</u> in order to

prevail in full spectrum operations.

A commander's sphere of influence includes: other commanders; JIIM partners; Soldiers; battlefield circulation; engagement; the staff; and the cyber/electromagnetic dimension.

> Critical and creative thinking is manifested throughout all activities; particularly framing and periodic assessments of effectiveness.

> > Mission command is the overarching unified action function that bonds all unified action functions across all command echelons.

Mission power *unified action* functions provide commanders practicable tools to conceive of, apply, and integrate all *instruments* of power and to work more effectively with JIIM partners to create unified action solutions.

Mission command embodies the overarching ways that all national means are concieved of, integrated, synchronized, and applied to achieve the desired full spectrum ends.

Mission

Lead

ndersto

Command d

Adjacent Commander Circulation — Engagement

Critical and Creative Thinking

Risks of Adopting New Mission Command Ideas

Reducing traditional warfare capabilities and capacities.

Leading to overuse and the usurping of rightful roles/authorities of other governmental agencies.

Leading to the misperception that the military can succeed in such activities without other agencies.

Instead of war being an extension of politics by other means, war and politics march together to the point that the term 'political general' becomes redundant, both externally and internally.

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