

Philosophical Instruments, LLC

16th ICCRTS

"Collective C2 in Multinational Civil-Military Operations"

Organized Cognition: Theoretical Framework for Future C2

Research and Implementation

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Command and Control



Accomplishment achieve activities

agencies armed arrangement assembly assigned assisted attached authority capability

command commander communications

CONTROI controlling coordinate coordinates coordinates coordinates coordinated described designated

direct directing direction directives electronics employed enable equipment essential exercise facilities forces

functions implement impress incorporates Information intentions manual means methods mission objectives Operations orders organize

particular performed personnel planning procedures process properly provide sector

Semiautomatic Services Staff standardized subordinates System

| Information Denial Infor | | ation Influence | Information Corruption | | Information Destruction | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Operations Security | Deception | Psychological Operations | Electronic Warfare | Cyber Warfare | | Physical Destruction | |
| Cultural Influence Operations | Diplomacy | Other Influence Operations | e Covert Operations | Limite Conflic | | e Scale paigns | Total Wars |

Historical Perspective: C2 and the Human Factor (1/2)



Coup d'Oeil

- An essential virtue in battle champions: "quick recognition of a truth that the mind would ordinarily miss or would perceive only after long study and reflection" (Clausewitz, 1832) or "seize, as it were, with a glance, the advantages or disadvantages which may arise from the situation of ground or troops, and to single them out from all other objects" (Bismarck, 1855).
- There is no deterministic way, other than testing commanders in battle, to identify apriori individuals who possessed Coup d'Oeil.

Ace Factor

- A quality possessed by a "tiny minority [who] tends to run up large scores at the expense of the less gifted majority (Spick, 1988).
- Approximately 40% of all aerial combats from WWI to the end of the Korean conflict were won by roughly 5% of fighter pilots (Spick, 1988).
- Nearly 80% of all lost aerial combats in Southeast Asia between 4/3/1965-7/27/1967
 were associated with pilots unaware of being attacked (Attincilo, 1967, 1968, 1969).
- There is no deterministic way, other than exposing pilots to air fights, to identify a-priori individuals who possess the Ace-factor.

Historical Perspective: C2 and the Human Factor (1/2)



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Historical Perspective: C2 and the Human Factor (2/2)



Situational Awareness (SA)

- Coined as a concept aiming to explain the essence of the Ace Factor (Spick, 1988).
- Canonized as the measurable ability associated with the "perception of the elements in the environment within a volume of time and space, the comprehension of their meaning and the projection of their status in the near future" (Endsley, 1988).
- Extended from aviation to general tasks and from the individual to the communal levels and has been considered a key factor of effective C2.
- Considered ill-defined concept that "does not point to or bring extra psychological constructs beyond those already available" (Patrick & Morgan, 2010).

Observe, Orient, Decide, Act (OODA)

- Stemmed from the fast decision making cycles required in combat aviation and evolved later to the realm of C2 (Boyd, 1986, 1987, 1996).
- Winning requires execution of OODA loops faster than the competition thus forcing it to react while denying it sufficient time for planned actions (Boyd, 1986, 1996).

Historical Perspective: C2, Technology, and the Human Factor



- Due to the professional tendency to think and display behaviors within strict structured contexts, computerized environments overwhelm and impair the natural ability of human operators to adjust to changes, survive technical malfunctions, handle complexity, reason, and make sense.
- The variety of embodiments (natural, remote, or conceptual) require specialized user interfaces for operators who are physically located in combat environments or interact remotely with command shelters
- Imperfections in communications and information systems put operators in doubt whether their information was updated and accurate
- Oversimplification of the battlefield's complexity, induced by technologicallytunneled thinking and amplified by technologically-enforced groupthink.
- Institutional and technological constraints led to prolonged development and deployment cycles, thus, the adaptation of C2 procedures and technologies often lags behind the changing environments and limits the effectiveness of C2 in operations

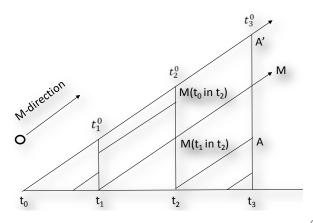
Organized Cognition



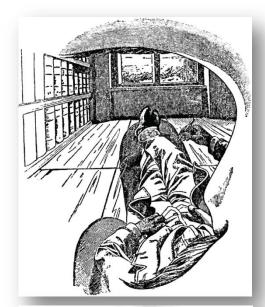
- The notion of Organized Cognition (OC) is a thematic lens for illustrating the concept of C2 as an intentionally coordinated interplay between individual, social, and cultural instances of awareness, decisions, and actions partially-mediated by technology within the (military) organizational context.
- OC is based on two key concepts focused on the subjective experience
 - World Constitution
 - Natural Attitude
- OC refers to intentional individual and collective efforts to obtain unbiased knowledge of semi-static and dynamic aspects of the constitution of the world and the natural attitude of individuals, societies, or cultures.

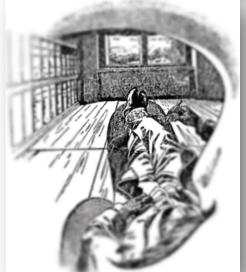
World Constitution

The concept of World Constitution (WC) refers to the subconscious and conscious modes of conceiving the given world as a continuous flow of anticipated percepts (protensions) that materialize to actual percepts and decay into recollections (retentions). All anticipated percepts derive from recollections of actual or socially-inherited experiences, and for this reason, the constituted world is always a combination of semi-static and dynamic aspects of the actuality.



Husserl, E., The phenomenology of the consciousness of internal time. 1991/1928, Dordrecht, The Netherlands: Kluwer Academic Publishers.







Left monocular World Constitution

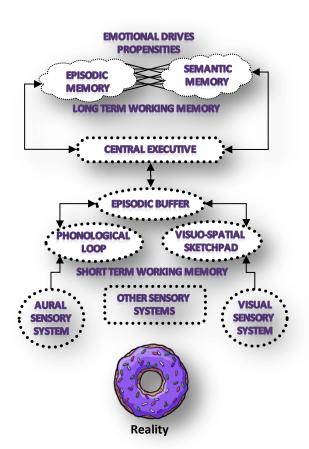
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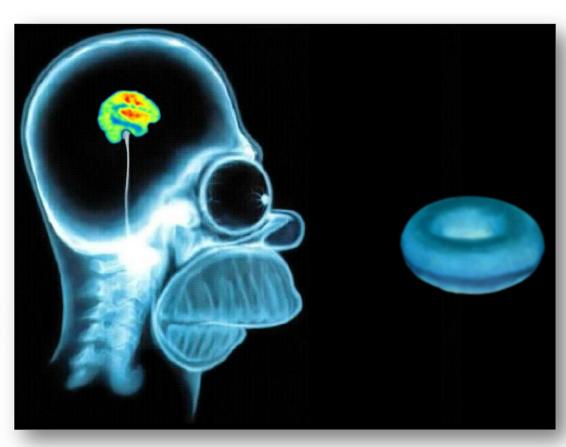
Left monocular visual experience

Processed from "The analysis of sensations, and the relation of the physical to the psychical" (C. M. Williams & S. Waterlow, Trans.) by E. Mach, 1914, p. 19. Publication is in the public domain.

Equivalents of Retention and Protention







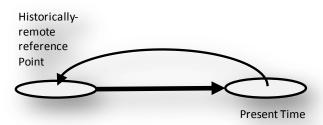
Model inspired by Baddeley, A.D., D. Chincotta, and A. Adlam, Working memory and the control of action: Evidence from task switching. Journal of Experimental Psychology: General, 2001. 130(4): p. 641-657. Baddeley, A.D. and J.D. Larsen, The phonological loop unmasked? A comment on the evidence for a "perceptual-gestural" alternative. The Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology, 2007. 60(4): p. 497-504. Baddeley, A.D. and R.H. Logie, Working Memory: The Multiple Component Model, in Models of working memory: Mechanisms of active maintenance and executive control, A. Miyake and P. Shah, Editors. 1999, Cambridge University Press: Cambridge, UK. p. 28-61.

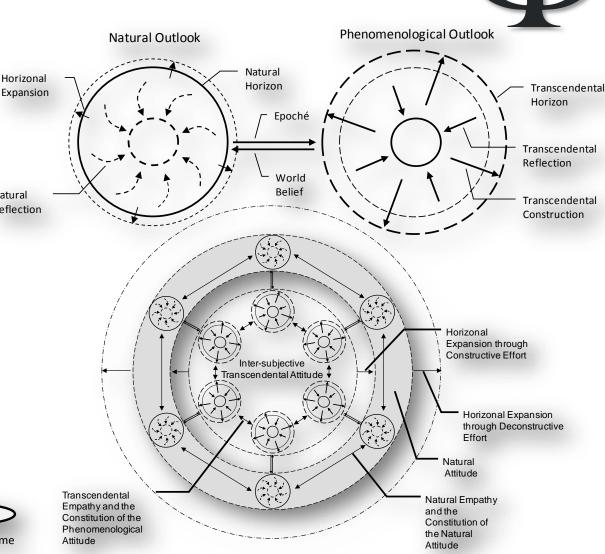
Limitations of Retention and Protention Memory for facts and events typically becomes less accessible over time **Transience** Absent-minded encoding failures occur when actions are carried out automatically Absent **Incomplete** and attention is focused elsewhere thus failing to generate retrieval cues. Mindedness Knowledge Temporary inability to retrieve situation-specific episodic memories and/or general **Blocked Memory** semantic recollections. Misattribution of episodic memories to the wrong events may lead to erroneous inferences of causal relationships or associations. Misattribution between semantic associates may lead to false recall/recognition of Misattribution items or events that never happened. Subconscious misattribution of memories to current thoughts may lead to false perceptions regarding the origin of the thoughts. This might lead to situations such as plagiarism of ideas or discounting relevant experiences. **Distorted** The subconscious incorporation of newly gathered information into one's memory, Suggestibility creating false classification of new information as authentic memory. **Knowledge** Prospective bias: The accumulation of new information into the episodic and the semantic memories is moderated by existing knowledge structures and current attitudes, belief systems, and expectations. Bias Retrospective bias: The retrieval of past episodic and semantic memories is influenced by present emotional states, attitudes, and beliefs.

Schacter, D. L. (1999). The seven sins of memory: Insights from psychology and cognitive neuroscience. American Psychologist, 54(3), 182-203.

Natural Attitude

The regularly-occurring WC of the daily life is contained and confined within the horizons of the known. The collection of all that is commonly known in a professional society or a culture is broadly referred to Natural Reflection as the Natural Attitude (NA) or the Common Sense of that society or culture. While many aspects of the NA are visible to the dwellers of a particular culture, some basic aspects remain unnoticeable and therefore unquestionable.





OC, Coup d'Oeil, and the Ace Factor

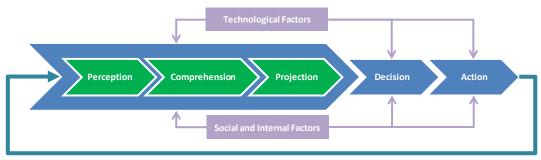


- Coup d'Oeil and the Ace-factor cannot explain the phenomenon of exceptionally gifted operators.
- Coup d'Oeil and the Ace-factor may refer to a natural ability to inhibit protentions, enhance the living experience of the present time, and reconstitute the world without heavy reliance on the NA.
- Exceptionally gifted operators may frame and reframe their WC without complete reliance on the NA while being aware of its existence.
- Further research required.

OC and SA



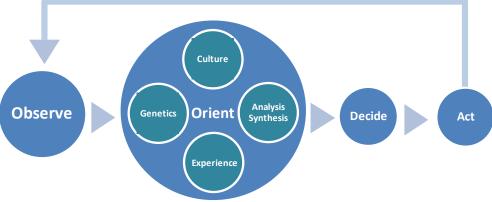
- SA started as the essence of the Ace Factor
- SA assumes existence of an ideal representation of a reality that its knowledge would support correct decisions and actions in a timely manner.
- SA focused on the level of congruence between individual and NA-based framed representations of the reality within given contexts.
- The common interpretation of SA refers to the measurable ability to adjust the natural WC and operate within the NA through technologically-supported representations of the reality.
- Since the relationship between an actuality and its conception depends on the NA
 that shaped the conception, the concept of SA cannot transcend the NA and
 remains confined within its horizon.
- Further research required.



OC and OODA



- OODA emphasized the need for
 - unbiased interaction with the situation
 - short decision-action cycles
 - decentralized organizations
- Boyd's motives for omitting the historical scale of the semi-static structures
 of NA remain unknown.
- The missing link between OODA and the concept of OC is the awareness of the unnoticeable flow of the NA and its powerful affect on the WC of individuals and societies.
- Further research required.



OC in the Development and Deployment of C2 Technologies (1/2)



- How we do it today?
- Outside the operational NA
 - Planned by non-operators
 - Triggered by technological and operational opportunities/necessities
 - Slower than the events
 - Not always relevant
- Within the operational NA
 - Sporadic changes triggered by operational necessities
 - Sometimes following the events and relevant.

OC in the Development and Deployment of C2 Technologies (2/2)

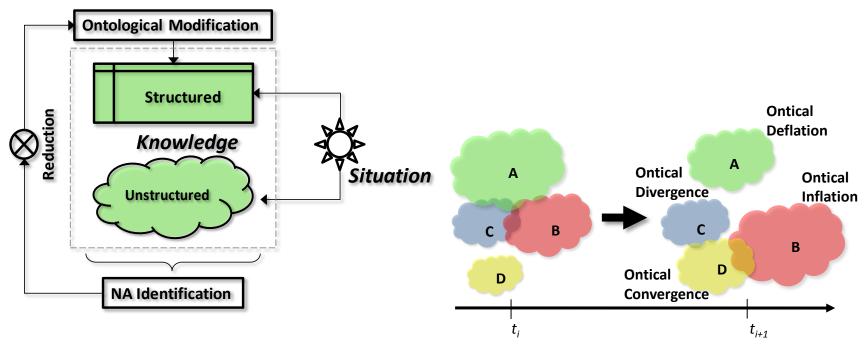


- How can we do it tomorrow?
 - Maintain higher rate of change closer to the occurring events by operating concurrently within and outside the operational NA.
 - Apply managers, designers, and developers who experienced operations prior to their development assignment.
 - Development processes that emphasize progress through experimentation instead of speculative, overly-structured, and elaborated processes.
 - Gain understanding of the NA in military organizations.
 - Perceive and anticipate slow changes within organizations and in their competitive landscape that may inflict operational and technological surprises.
 - Further research required.

OC and the Design of Future C2 Systems (1/2)



- Support mitigation of the NA
- Support multiple structures and semi-structures of meaning while remaining in concert with other interpretations of the same reality
- Further research required.



OC and the Design of Future C2 Systems (2/2)



- **Compatibility With natural world constitution**
- **Specialized context-situated** tools and visualizations
- Recovery after technical failure
- Further research required.

Natural Natural **Embodiment Embodiment** - Disruptive Immersive Display Display Remote Embodiment Remote Embodiment Disruptive Display **Supportive Display** © 2011 Philosophical Instruments, LLC

OC in the Cyberspace



- The affect of the NA on the Internet
 - The conception of freedom and privacy
 - The conception of access to the body of knowledge
 - Social networking and virtual life
- The affect of the Internet on the NA
 - Influence and counterinfluence operations
 - Data manipulation and corruption
 - The power of the indexing and search services
- Further research required.

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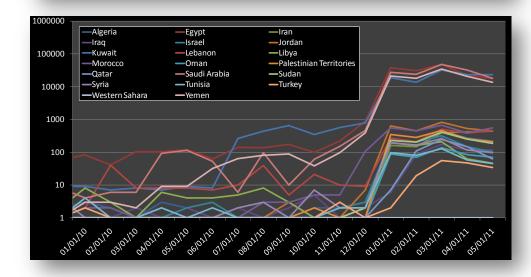
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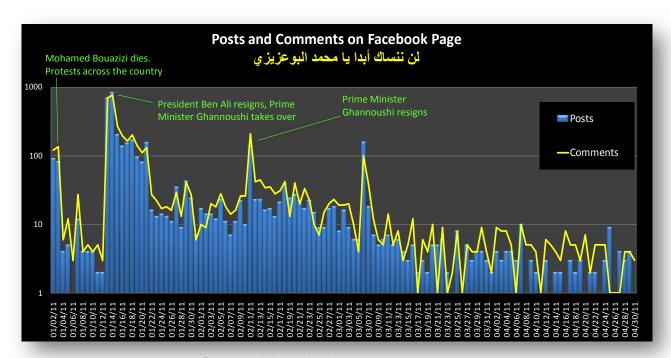


Morozov, E., The Net Delusion: The Dark Side of Internet Freedom. 2011, Philadelphia, PA: Perseus Books Group.

OC and C2 in Influence Operations (1/2)



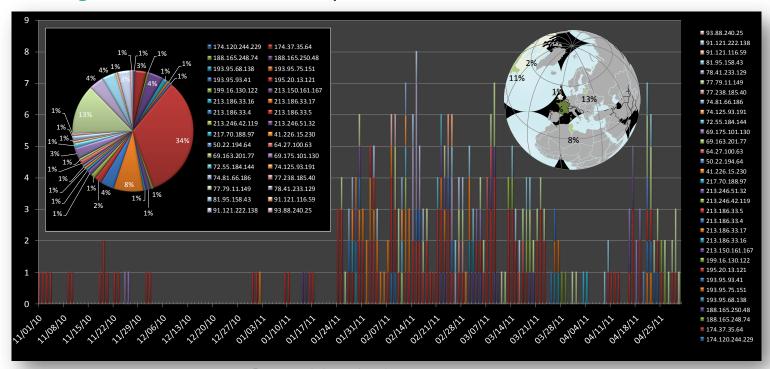
- Mitigate the military NA to ensure that organizational awareness, decisions, and actions do not lag behind the invisible changes of naturallyoccurring and contemplated influence operations.
- OODA-oriented worldview is practically blind to slow paced threats and harmful internal drifts.



OC and C2 in Influence Operations (2/2)



- Initiate, execute, anticipate, and counteract future influence operations that may lead to or affect conventional conflicts.
- Conduct strategic historical analyses to determine what may be unthinkable in certain societies and could serve as a basis for a strategic advantage. Further research required.



Summary



- The notion of Organized Cognition (OC) refers to intentional individual and collective efforts to obtain unbiased knowledge of semi-static and dynamic aspects of the constitution of the world and the natural attitude of individuals, societies, or cultures.
- The notion of Organized Cognition (OC) enables
 - Improved integration and extension of existing C2-related concepts and constructs.
 - Awareness and possible mitigation of basic problems in C2 and C2related concepts.
- Further research required.

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Thank You!

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