Developing Scenario Laboratories with Morphological Analysis

Tom Ritchey Swedish Morphological Society Presented at ICCRTS 14 - 2009



Fritz Zwicky 1898-1974

Professor of Astronomy (1942-1968)California Institute of TechnologyCo-founder of Aerojet EngineeringPresident of "International Academy of Astronautics"

- Discovered evidence for "dark matter" in galaxies (1933)
- Triple-hypothesis: *supernova*, *neutron stars* & *cosmic rays*(1934)
- Galaxies and galaxy clusters act as gravitational lens (1937)
- Developed **morphological analysis** as a general method for non-quantified modeling using a "*morphological field*"

Morphological Analysis:

A GENERALISED METHOD FOR STRUCTURING AND ANALYSING COMPLEX PROBLEM FIELDS WHICH:

- ARE INHERENTLY NON-QUANTIFIABLE
- CONTAIN NON-RESOLVABLE UNCERTAINTIES
- CANNOT BE CAUSALLY MODELLED OR SIMULATED
- **REQUIRE A JUDGMENTAL APPROACH**



LONG-TERM PLANNING and STRATEGY EVALUATION

- DEVELOPING SCENARIO MODELLING LABORATORIES
- STRUCTURING AND ANALYSING COMPLEX POLICY SPACES
- RELATING ENDS & MEANS IN STRATEGIC PLANNING (Decision support modelling)
- POSITION ANALYSIS (STAKEHOLDER ANALYSIS)

Philosophy:

THE METHOD IS:

- GROUP & PROCESS ORIENTED
- **GENERIC** (general method for NQM)
- TRANSPARENT (No black boxes)
- **TRACEABLE** ("Audit trail")
- EASY TO UPDATE RESULTS

Results:

- A STRUCTURED (dimensioned) PROBLEM
- SIMPLE (SCENARIO) LABORITORY
- COMPLEX OVERLAY LABORATORY
- VALIDATED IO-MODEL/INSTRUMENT

Project examples: Defence Sector

- National Strategic Threat Scenarios (updated yearly)
- Operational Environments for Peacekeeping Operations
- Tactical Scenarios for Future Ground Target Systems
- Scenarios and Strategies for Future Air Defence Systems
- Developing a Swedish Airborne Capability
- Developing an Amphibious Brigade
- IW: Operational Environments and Strategies
- Sensor Systems for Information Gathering Units (RSA)
- Scenarios for Future Russian Military Power Projection (FFI)
- Personnel Structures for new Combat Boat (Dutch Navy)
- UAV tactical study
- TAV Total Asset Visibility (Logistics study)
- New Swedish Submersible Boat Concepts

Model to Evaluate Preparedness for Terrorist Actions Involving Chemical Releases

PLANNING/ PLANS	TRAINING AND EDUCATION	PERSONNEL AVAILABLE	EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE	LEADERSHIP [*] LEVEL (pre- defined)	EVACUATION and cordoning of contaminated area	Indication of source and substance group	Information to public	Direct help for seriously injured	Final decontamination of affected persons
Full municipal preparedness plan/ object oriented planning	Broad co-op. training for C- agents	20 eller more	Special for specific C- agent substance group	Level 4	Effective evac. and info within 15 minutes	Indication of source and substance group within 15 minutes	Warning and information within 5 min	Help up to 20 people with first decon. within 15 min	Complete decon. of 10/hour begun within 30 min.
Response plan for C- agents	Internal traning for C- agents	13 - 19	Base for general C- agent	Level 3	Effective evac. and info within 30 minutes	Indication of substance group within 15 minutes	Warning and information within 30 min	Help 1-5 people with first decon. within 15 min	Complete decon. of 10/hour begun within 60 min.
Standard routine (check list) for command level	Base education + regular training C- accidents	8 - 12	Less than base for general C- agents	Level 2	No effective evac within 30 minutes	Indication of source and substance group within 30 minutes	No measures within 30 minutes	Help 10-20 out o area within 15 min	Partial decon. of 10/hour begun within 30 min.
Standard routine for general C- accident		5-7		Level 1		Indication of substance group within 30 minutes		No measures within 30 minutes	Organised airing and observation (after evac.)
						No measures within 30 minutes			No measuresbegun within 60 minutes

Morphological model containing 29,000 possible configurations



Building a morphological model (Swedish Bomb Shelter Program)

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Geographic	Functional	Size and	New	Maintanance	General	
priority	priorities	cramming	construction		philosophy	
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Define the most important parameters of the problem complex

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Geographic priority	Functional priorities	Size and cramming	New construction	Maintanance	General philosophy			
Metropoles	All socio-tech. functions	Large, not crammed	With new construction	More frequent maintanance	All get same shelter quality			
Cities + 50,000	Tech. support systems	Large & crammed	Compensation	Current levels	All take same risk			
Suburbs and country-side	Humanitarian aims	Small, not crammed	New only for defence build up	No maintanance	Priority: Key personnel			
No geo-priority	Residential	Small & crammed			Priority: Needy			

Define a range of "values" or "conditions" for each parameter

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A field configuration (one of 2304)

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Contradictory value pairs

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Suburbs and country-side	Humanitarian aims	Small, not crammed	New only for defence build up	No maintanance	Priority: Key personnel	25
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Solution space: list of surviving, internally consistent configurations

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Linked morphological fields:

Scenario model

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Strategy/system model



Contextual and transaction environment





TACTICAL SCENARIOS FOR FUTURE GROUND TARGET SYSTEMS

TACTICAL DEMANDS ON SYSTEM \rightarrow

← SYSTEM PROPERTIES

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Tactical situations	Purpose	Effect/ penetration:	Effect/ precision:	Guidance system: final phase	Attack attitude:	Time to effect after decision to employ	Special weapon system demands/ properties	System						
S 1	Destroy	Bunker buster	Great accuracy Little or no side effect	Visual	Vertical	Within 10 s	Recognition/ identification capacity	System 1						
S 2 .	Pin down, stop	Kinetic energy + RSV (Hard)	Great accuracy Limited side effect	IR	Horizontal	Within 1 minute	Command self- destruction (Abort mission)	System 2						
S 3	Disrupt	30 mm (medium)	Good accuracy Some side effects	Radar		Within 10 minute	Updateable target co-ords.	System 3						
S 4	Warn	Small-bore + fragmentation (soft)	Area effect 200x300	Acustic		Within 30 minute	Sensor guided warhead	System 4						
S 5			Area effect 500x400	Co-ordinate based		Within 1 hour	Pre-programmed target co-ords.	System 5						
S6						Within 5 hours	Basic capacity	System 6						
S7						Within 24 hours		System 7						
						More than 24 hours		System 8						
								System 9						
								System 10						
								System 11						

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								System 9					
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PEACE KEEPING PLANNING MODEL

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Use of force against military belligerent	Security tasks toward cil. pop.	Humanitarian tasks toward civ. pop.	Structure and capacity of military belligerent	Operational environment/ Infrastructure	Level of consent	Distance from Sweden	Acceptable casualties	Preparation time	Endurance time	Minimum resources required					
Use of force to carry out military tasks	Protection and policing of total operational area	Carry out reconstruct. with own resources	Advanced level irregular forces (Afghanistan)	Full urban infrastruct & local support (SFOR)	No parties available for consent (Somalia)	Immediate national surroundings	None or vary few	<= 30 days	Max 6 months	Resource 1					
Use of force to defend mandate	Protection of total operational area	Support other orgs' humanitar. tasks	Middle level mil. capacity (Yugoslavia)	Ditto and some local support (KFOR)	No consent (Serbia)	Europa and its surrondings	Some (Bosnia)	• 30 - 60 days	6-12 months	Resource 2					
Use of force only in self defence	Protection in parts of operational area	Support pop. (according int. law)	Low level regular forces (Bosnien)	Accessible road network (Somalia)	Only strategic consent (UNPROFOR)	Rest of world	Relatively high (Congo)	60- 90 days	> 12 months	Resource 3					
No defined military tasks	Some policing assignments	No defined tasks	Lower level irregular forces (Somilia)	No working infrastructure (Angola)	Full consent (IFOR)			> 90 days		Resource 4					
	No defined tasks									Resource 5					
										Resource 6					
										Resource 7					
										Resource 8					

SEGMENT OF CLIMATE CHANGE – CONFLICT MODEL

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Scenario	Global mean temp change (C) Sea level rise (cm)	Area influenced (examples)	Consequences for area influenced	Main sectors influenced	Possible societal consequences for affected area	Conflicts that can befall influenced areas							
Extreme case (A1F1)	Mean temp increase: 6-8 C Sea level rise: 70-80 cm	Baltic Sea area	Heavy drought	Agriculture	Structural changes in international competition	Civil war, internal conflicts							
High temp renewable energy (B1)	Mean temp increase: 5-6 C Sea level rise: 50-60 cm	Middle Europe	Desert spreading	Forestry	Increased regional divergence	Regional war/conflicts over land and water areas							
Mild rise, renewable energy (B2)	Mean temp increase: 3-4 C Sea level rise: 20-40 cm	Southern Europe	Flooding	Energy production	Mass immigration ("climate refugees")	Economic resource conflicts (incl. fresh water)							
Kyoto +	Mean temp increase: 1-2 C Sea level rise: 10-20 cm	North Africa/Sahel	Greatly increased precipitation	Transport	Mass emmigration ("climate refugees")	Closed borders							
		Tropical Africa	Decreased water supplies	Living environment (housing)	Brain drain	War lordism							
		Southeast China	Increased heat waves	Fishery	Increased spread of contagions (infection)	Increased international terrorism							
		Northeast China	Warmer and shorter winters	Industrial production	Increased poverty	Nothing							
		Arctic region		Tourism	Extreme protectionism								
				Water supplies	Financial crises								
				Infrastructure	"Failed state"								
				Nothing									

MA is a starting point for other strategic decision support methods



RCAB

Information on General Morphology

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The End



Have a nice day