

Real-Time News Analysis (RTNA) for Improved Social Relationship Discovery

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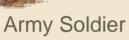






Who is going to use the Real-Time News Analysis (RTNA)?









Scientist



Analyst



- User directed input through the GUI
 - Geographic region of interest
 - Characteristics of interest
 - Dates of interest
 - Key Words
 - News sources
 - Data target

- All
- CBS
- CNN
- Fox
- Google
- MSNBC
- The ONION
- Wired
- User Defined

- - Business
 - Economic
 - Education
 - Entertainment
 - Health
 - Infrastructure
 - Military
 - News
 - PMESII
 - Politics
 - Religion
 - Social
 - Sports
 - Technology Science
 - User Defined

- World
 - Americas
 - North America
 - United States
 - North East
 - Maryland
 - Harford County
 - Aberdeen

- Asia
 - Middle East
 - Bahrain
 - Cyprus
 - Egypt
 - Iran
 - Iraq
 - Northern Region
 - Southern Region
 - Israel
 - Jordan
 - Kuwait
 - Lebanon
 - Oman
 - Qatar
 - Saudi Arabia
 - Syria
 - Turkey
 - UAE
 - Yemen

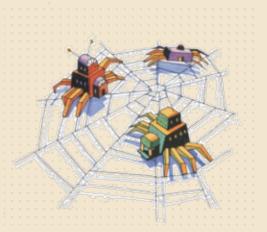
Find the news

Google API

- Actionable data small amount but timely & meaningful
 - Soldier in the field
 - Commander



- Reference data a larger data set that is well filtered and preprocessed thus requiring more time
 - Analyst
 - ARL researcher
- Web crawler
 - All news stories
 - ARL researcher
 - Trend analyst
 - Relationship Discovery Service (RDS)





News Extraction

- Extract/scrape/normalize news article
 - Remove source-specific formatting
 - Remove other artifacts
- Identify duplicate and near-duplicate news articles
- Save articles
 - Text format
 - XML format





Text Mining – unstructured or semi-structured data sets

- Information extraction (ThingFinder)
 - Identify key phrases & relationships within text
- Topic tracking
 - User directed
- Summarization Used on lengthy documents
- Categorization
 - Word count
- Message Understanding System
 - Pattern-Matching
 - Syntax-Driven
 - Feature Selection
 - Semantics-Driven
- Parsing
- Tagging
- Filtering
- Clustering
- Classifying
- Fusing



Changing Intelligence Requirements

- INSCOM indicated interest in two sources of data:
 - Traditional data (SIGINT, MASINT, and HUMINT) obtained and processed in near real-time
 - Non-traditional data (financial, civil affairs, social context) obtained and processed
 - new methods of visualization
 - new methods to protect data
- Lt. Gen. Keith Alexander, Former Army G2 "said he is looking to industry and academia to help better organize and visually present information from multiple intelligence databases." 1
- Need to work with Intel Analysts to find out what we can do to make their job easier

¹ Article "Actionable Intelligence relies on every Soldier" By Joe Burlas Army News Service http://www4.army.mil/ocpa/read.php?story_id_key=5847



Topics for the Intelligence Estimate

- Economics and psychology
 - The civilian population is passing through friendly lines in large numbers and taking refuge with friendly forces. They have little clothing, food, or medical supplies.
- Sociology
- Politics
- Science and technology
- Material
- Transportation

- The civilian populace are using trucks, cars, oxcarts, and hand carts

in their flight to friendly lines.

- Manpower
- Hydrography (electrical power)
- Population
- Religion



| Interviews | Int

Concept Maps

Objective: Use cognitive maps to facilitate military tactical decision making

Description: Implement techniques to create and dynamically update military (tactical) situational concept maps

Approach: Apply mathematical graph theory to enable concept maps with weighted links usable as a guide for the deployment of mission assets

Impact

- Facilitates the determination of mission objectives
- Incorporates a cost-benefit profile useful in the development of actionable intelligence
- Provides improved cognitive understanding of a situation within a single diagram

Collaboration

- University of West Florida's Institute of Human and Machine Cognition (IHMC)
- U.S. Army Intelligence & Security Command (INSCOM)





 Based on Dynamic Network Analysis (DNA), a computational approach to modeling and simulating interactions among people, knowledge, resources, and tasks

- Evaluate currently available SNA software tools
- Research current algorithms
- Enhance existing algorithms for military intelligence applications
- Build interfaces to access software tools
- Improve visualization of SNA output
- Provide user directed queries

Collaboration

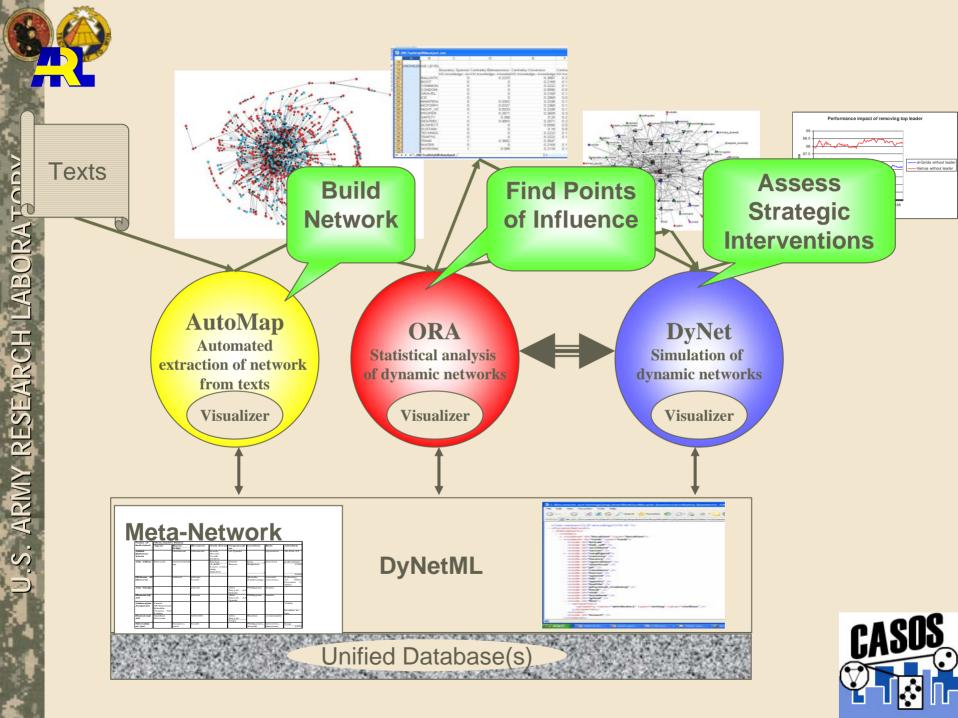
 Carnegie Mellon University's Center for <u>Computational</u> <u>Analysis of Social and</u> <u>Organizational Systems</u> (CASOS)



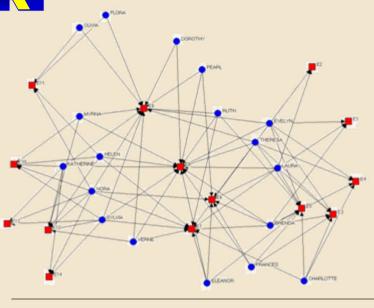
What Is Dynamic Network Analysis?

- A computational approach to modeling and simulating interactions among people, knowledge, resources, and tasks
- Dynamic Network Analysis (DNA) combines:
 - Social network analysis
 - Link analysis
 - Multi-agent modeling
- Applies to networks that are:
 - Large
 - Multi-mode
 - Multi-link
 - Dynamic
 - Uncertain
- Uses:
 - Real world empirical data
 - Social, behavioral, organizational research findings





UCINET



"UCINET is a comprehensive program for the analysis of social networks and other proximity data."

"UCINET contains network analytic routines, plus general statistical and multi-variate analysis tools such as multi-dimensional scaling, correspondence analysis, factor analysis, cluster analysis, multiple regression, etc."

 Information obtained from Analytic Technologies, Inc. website: http://www.analytictech. com/ucinet/ucinet_5_d escription.htm



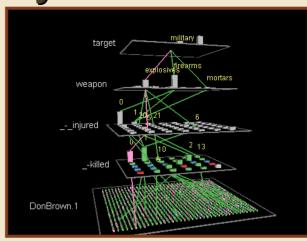
Analyzing - XML files or semi-structured data

- Clustering
- Data Mining
- Fusing
- Dynamic Network Analysis (DNA)

Visualizing

- Starlight Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL)
- Air Force Research Laboratory (AFRL) Dayton OH
 - Visualization of Social Network
- Spatial Analysis of News Sources Stony Brook University









Future SNA Directions

- Develop software that will evaluate disparate data and select the "best" SNA software package to analyze the data through pre-defined heuristics
- Improve visualization techniques to provide the data to the Analyst quickly to improve analysis – new methodologies for data display



Wrap-up

Visualize



Historical data



MARYLAND





Terror databases integration through an ontology



Dynamic PMESII Network Analysis



Multi-layered Knowledge Extraction

- Parse
- Tag
- Filter
- Mine
- Cluster
- Classify
- Fuse

Political, Military, Economic, Social, Infrastructure, Information (PMESII)

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