



Future Systems Directorate



An Experiment in Machine-Augmented Sensemaking in Intelligence Analysis

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Overview

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- Risk Assessment and Horizon Scanning System
- The Experiment
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 - Scenario
 - Task
 - Design
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- An Observation
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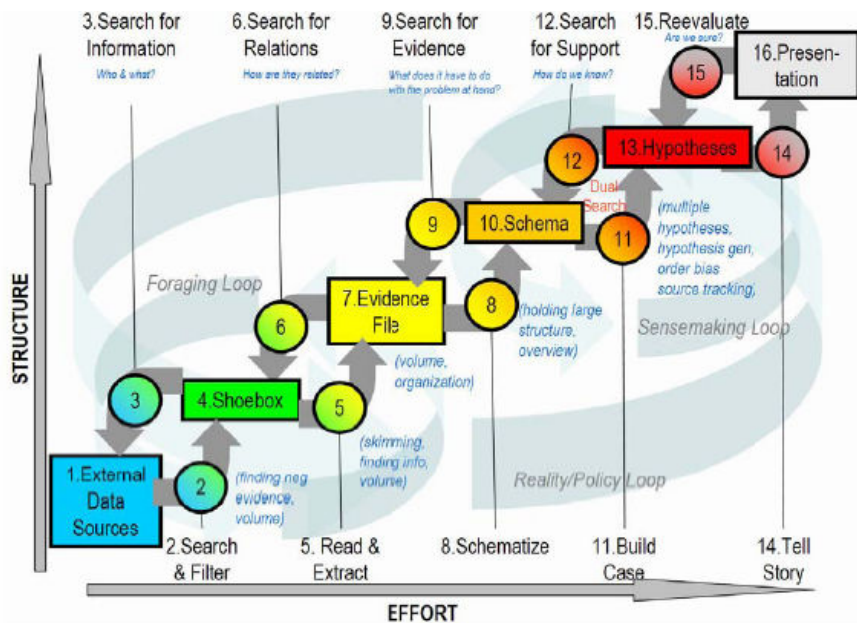
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Problem Statement

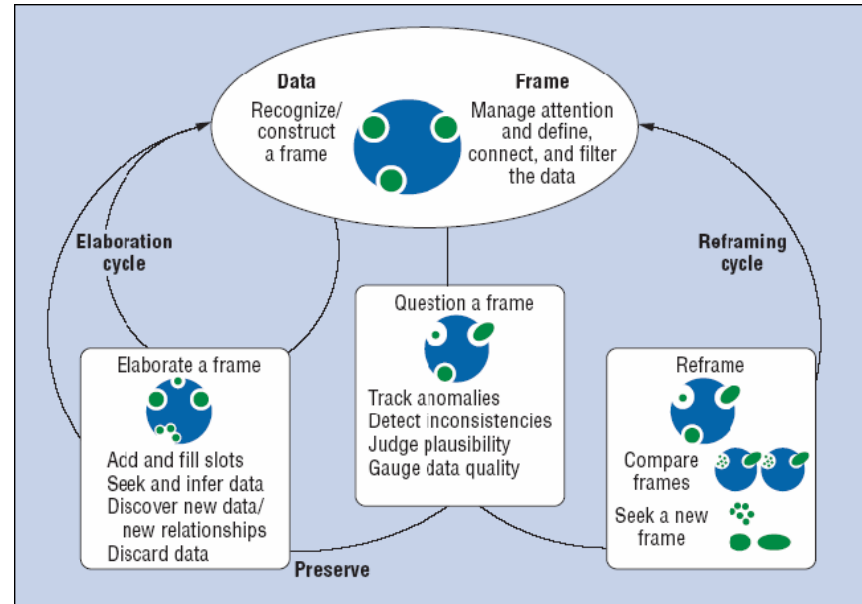




Theoretical Models



Pirolli and Card (2005)



Klein, Moon, Hoffman (2006)

- Top-down: predetermined hypotheses drive information search
- Bottom-up: data drives hypotheses formation
- Iterative and tightly coupled
- Focus not just on data, but also metadata and relationships
- Can we build a sensemaking system to help analysts visualize the patterns that exist in the dataset?



Motivations

“In the longer term, we need to establish a risk-assessment and horizon-scanning capability to anticipate strategic surprises...”

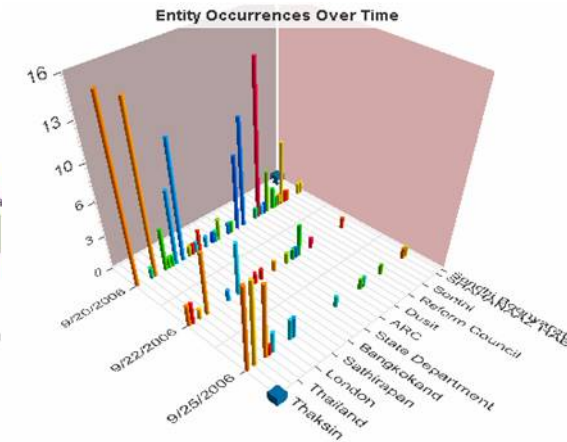
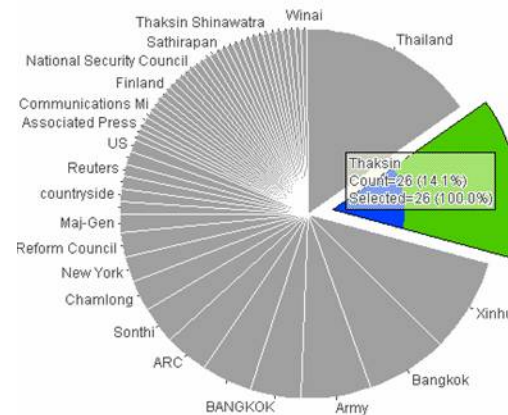
... Uncertainty and unpredictability are the key challenges, and our focus will be on anticipating surprises...”

The Fight Against Terror:
Singapore's National
Security Strategy, 2004

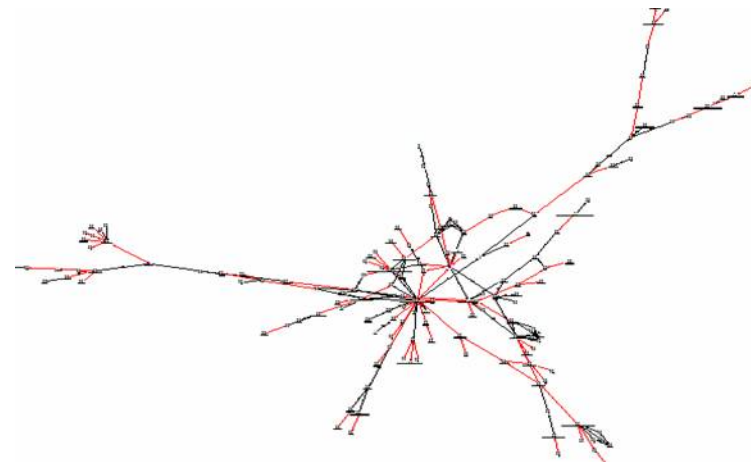


RAHS System

- Search
- Clustering
- Duplicate Detection
- Summarization
- Keyword Analysis
- Entity Analysis
- Entity Network
- Timeline Analysis
- Question and Answering



Entity Analysis



Entity Network

Doctor's Note

Date of visit: 2 Mar 03

Symptoms: High fever, cough (3 days), headache (4 days), running nose.

Note: Recent travel to Hong Kong from 21 Feb 03 to 25 Feb 03.

Viral pneumonia

Discharged: 12 Mar 03





RAHS Data Alert

Article

Source: <http://service.china.org.cn>

Date: 11 Feb 03

“... Authorities in southern China's Guangdong province called for emergency measures to combat a mysterious lung virus that has so far stricken 305 people and killed five, officials said Tuesday...”

Advisory Issued

11 Feb 03

Imported virus?

Quarantined!

**Doctor's
Note**

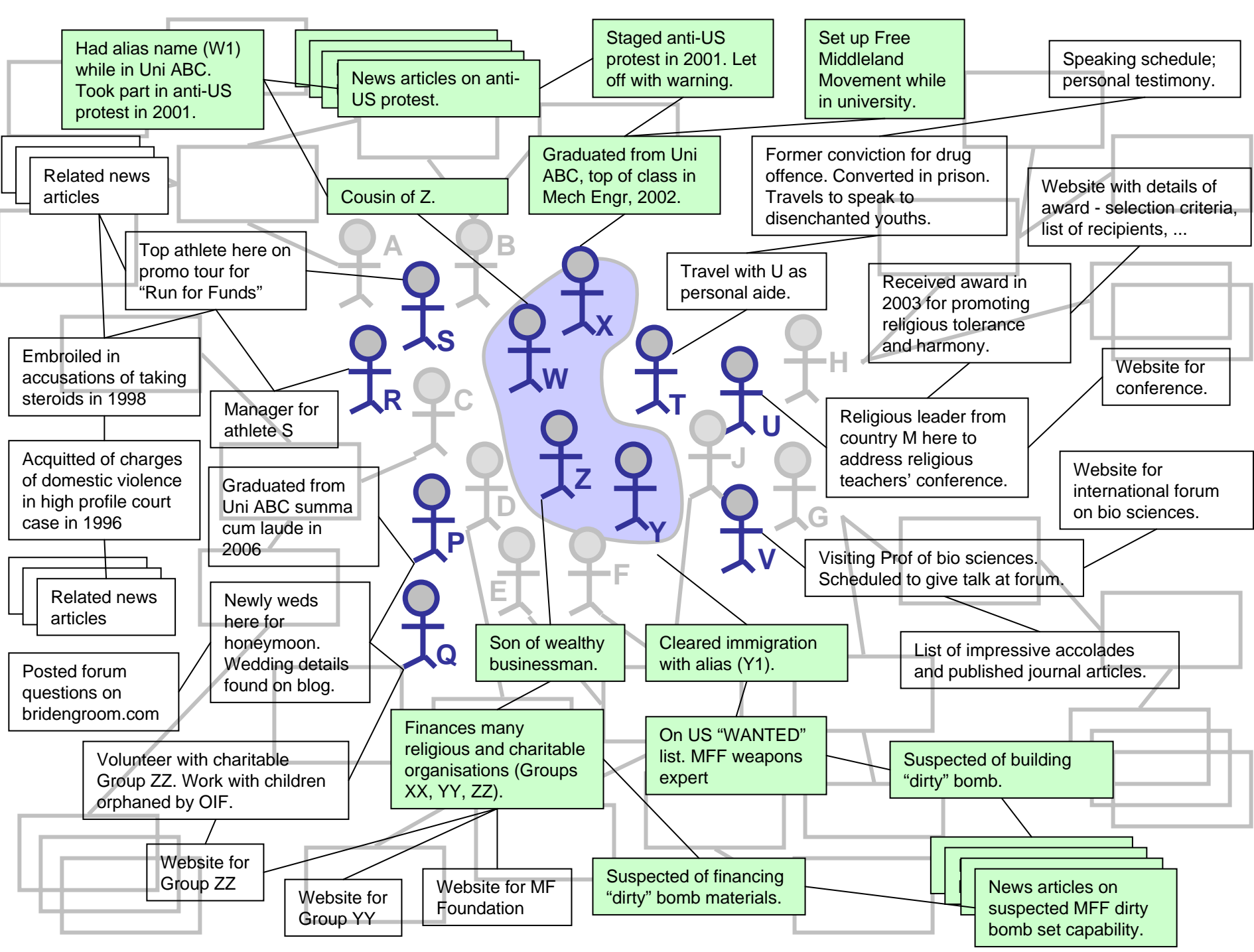
Date of visit:
2 Mar 03





Experiment Overview

- **Limited Objective Experiment**
 - Aimed at concept discovery
 - Involved only 4 participants
 - Part of a larger experiment involving approx 130 officers
- **Scenario**
 - Larger experiment involved having the participants plan to establish a Zone of Security in fictitious terrain
 - Contend with terrorist group in addition to traditional military threat
- **Task**
 - Search through database of >100 documents to piece together information on the terrorist organization



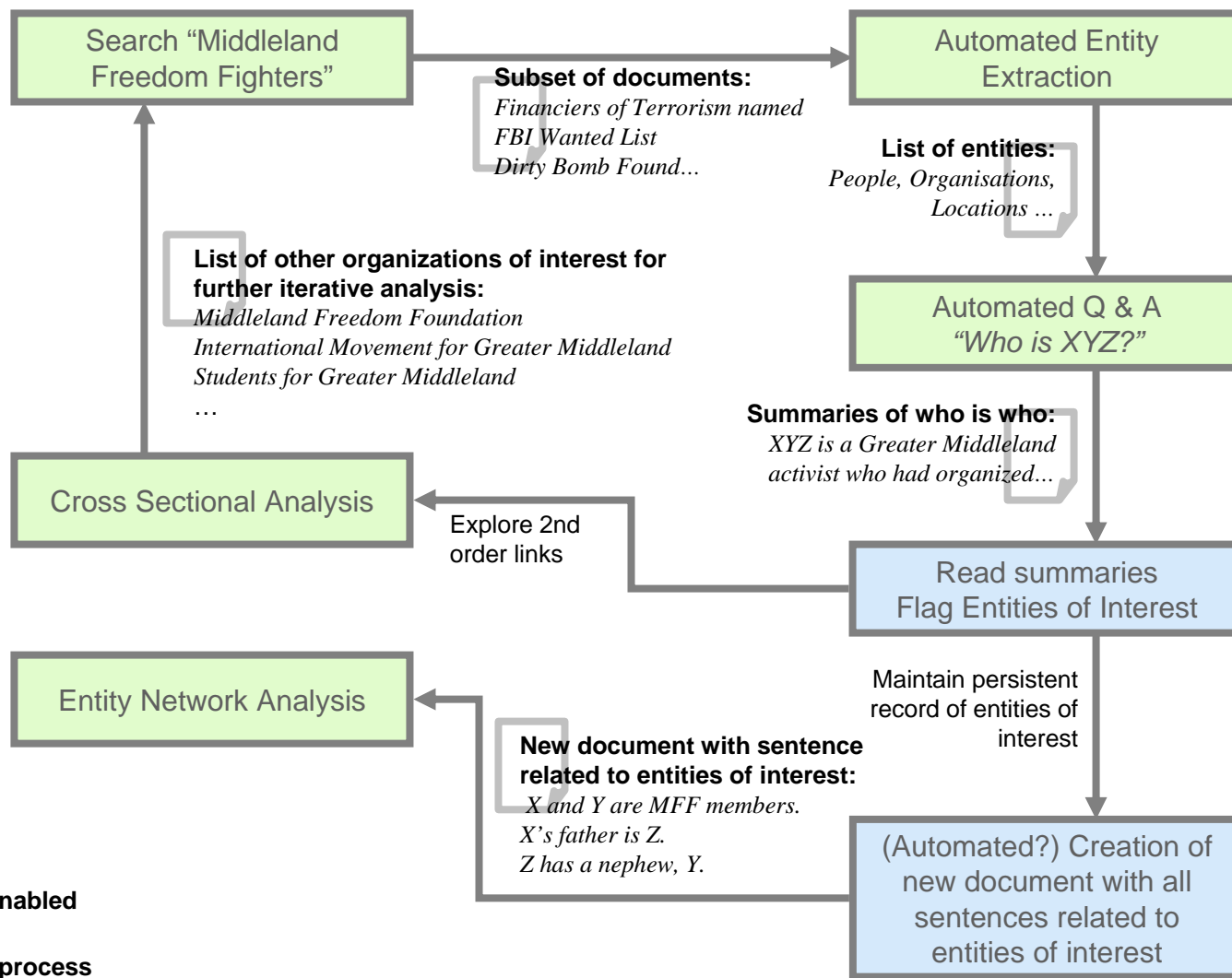


Experiment Design

- Independent variable: Search Engine vs RAHS
- Dependent variable 1: Accuracy of intelligence analysis
 - Answer series of 10 questions after 150min
 - 6 “strong signal” questions + 4 “weak signal” questions
- Dependent variable 2: Workflow process
 - Screenshots taken at between 3 – 6 sec intervals
 - Used to derive usage patterns (e.g. frequency, average and total duration spent on each activity)
- Participants: 2 RAHS analysts vs 2 search engine analysts
- Expectations



Conceptual RAHS workflow



RAHS enabled

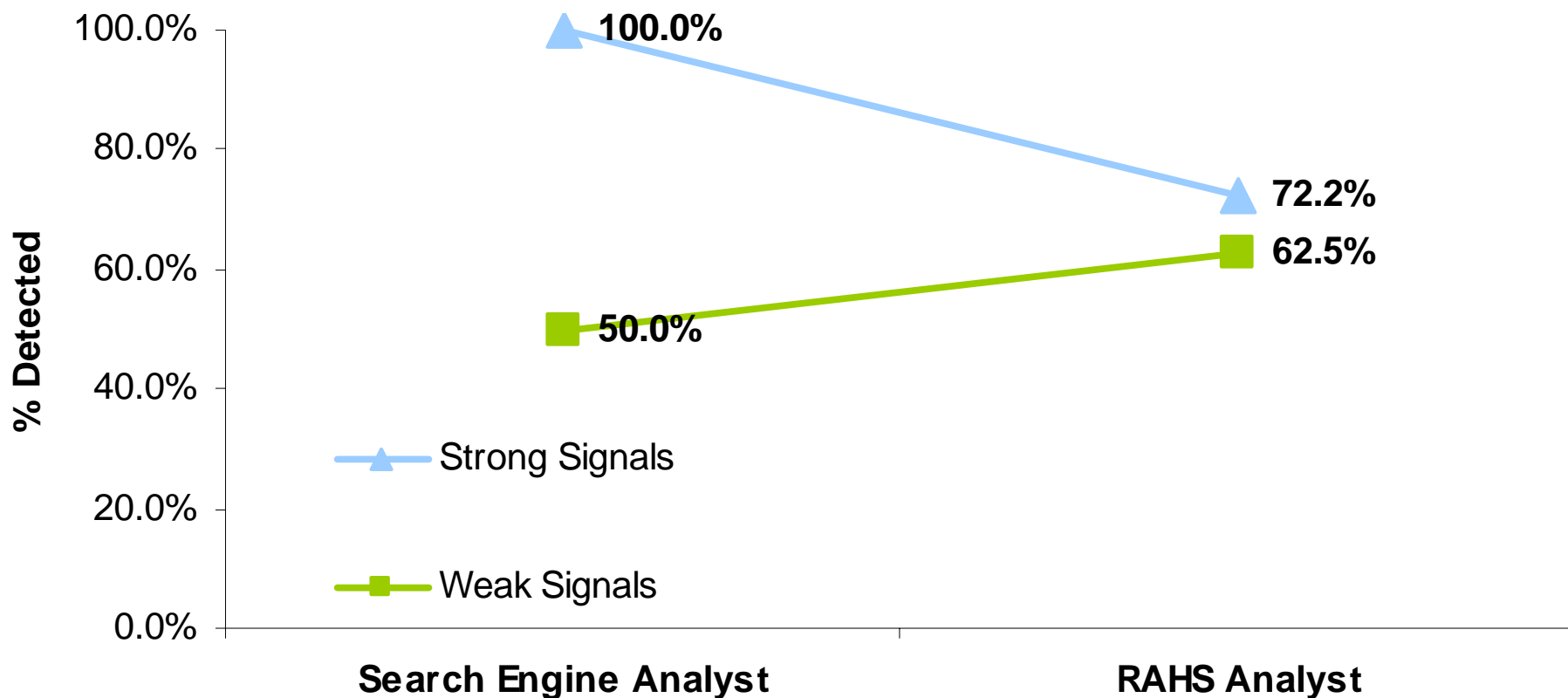


Human process



Results / Discussion (1)

Accuracy of Intelligence Analysis





Results / Discussion (1)

Accuracy of Intelligence Analysis

- Search Engine analyst: *narrow but in-depth* paradigm
 - Read individual documents returned from search query
 - Benefit of appreciating context of each document
 - Limited number of documents covered under time pressure
 - Cross-document inference dependent on understanding / memory
 - Able to correctly answer all “strong signal” questions but did poorly in answering “weak signal” questions
- RAHS analyst: *broad but cursory* paradigm
 - Automated Q&A feature helped in picking out key sentences across subset of documents related to search query
 - Facilitated analyst’s linking of information across several documents
 - Over-reliance on summaries; missed out on larger context
 - Missed out on answering some “strong signal” questions while did better in answering “weak signal” questions



Results / Discussion (2)

Workflow Process

Screenshot Activity	Frequency		Average time spent		Total time spent	
	Search Engine	RAHS	Search Engine	RAHS	Search Engine	RAHS
Search	125	6	10.6 sec	157 sec (2.6 min)	22.1 min	15.7 min
Reading of documents	169	0	15.0 sec	-	42.3 min	-
Compilation of Info	75	19	12.6 sec	140 sec (2.3 min)	15.8 min	44.5 min
RAHS Entity Analysis	-	7	-	165 sec (2.7 min)	-	19.2 min
RAHS Automatic Q&A	-	18	-	72 sec (1.2 min)	-	21.5 min

Extract of results for comparison



Results / Discussion (2)

Workflow Process

- Different profiles of workflow process
- A lot less switching between activities by RAHS analyst
 - A sign that RAHS had automated and collapsed some of the iterative information foraging loops displayed by the Search Engine analyst?
 - RAHS facilitated entity analysis across subset of documents
 - Automatic Q&A further made salient the entities of interest
- Flipside: RAHS analysts tended to hone in on single workflow
 - Obtained initial answers early on, yet they soon reached a saturation point
 - Should have challenged themselves to constantly expand information foraging strategy



Conclusions

- Not able to make inferential statistical comparisons
- However, data elucidates significant differences in workflow processes as facilitated by respective tools
- Likely to have contributed to differences in quality of intelligence analysis with regard to “strong” and “weak” signals
- Desired outcome is to have team of analysts develop balanced heuristic to leverage strengths of both paradigms



The Way Ahead

