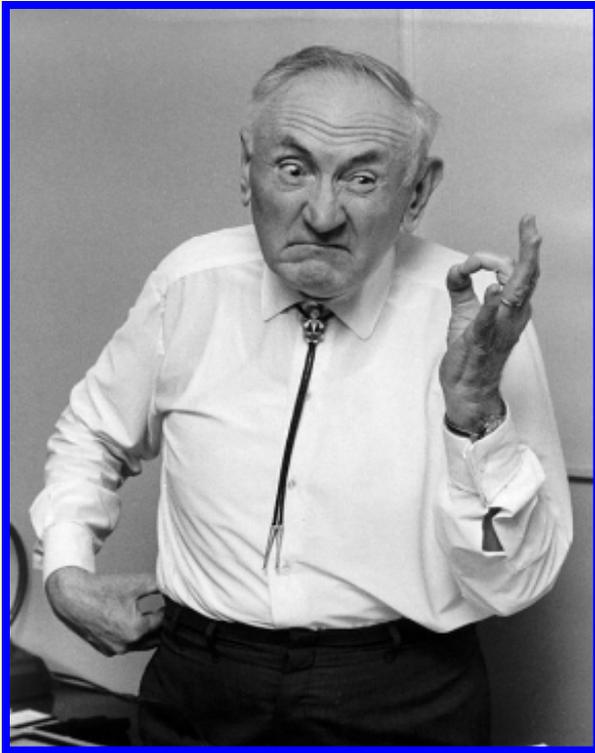


*Strategic
Decision Support Modelling
with
Morphological Analysis*



Fritz Zwicky

1898-1974

Professor of Astronomy (1942-1968)
California Institute of Technology

Co-founder of Aerojet Engineering

President of "International
Academy of Astronautics"

- Discovered evidence for "dark matter" in galaxies (1933)
- Triple-hypothesis: *supernova, neutron stars & cosmic rays* (1934)
- Galaxies and galaxy clusters act as gravitational lens (1937)
- Developed **morphological analysis** as a general method for non-quantified modelling using a "*morphological field*"

“Wicked problems”

H. Rittel & W. Melvin (1973). "Dilemmas in a General Theory of Planning", *Policy Sciences* 4, Elsevier Scientific Publishing, Amsterdam, pp. 155-169.

“Social messes”

Russel Ackoff: (1974). *Redesigning the Future*, Wiley.

What's the problem ?

Mess



Problem

Puzzle

= **Complex issue which is not well formulated or defined. (“Wicked problems”)**

= **Well formulated/defined issue, but with no single, clear-cut solution (various solutions depending on...)**

= **Well defined problem with a specific solution which can be worked out.**

“One of the greatest mistakes that can be made when dealing with a mess is to carve off part of the mess, treat it as a problem and then solve it as a puzzle -
- ignoring its links with other aspects of the mess.”

(Pidd, M: *Tools for Thinking*, 1996)



Morphological Analysis:

**A GENERALISED METHOD FOR STRUCTURING
AND ANALYSING COMPLEX PROBLEM FIELDS
WHICH:**

- **ARE INHERENTLY NON-QUANTIFIABLE**
- **CONTAIN NON-RESOLVABLE UNCERTAINTIES**
- **CANNOT BE CAUSALLY MODELLED OR
SIMULATED**
- **REQUIRE A JUDGMENTAL APPROACH**

For What ?

LONG-TERM PLANNING and STRATEGY EVALUATION

- **DEVELOPING SCENARIO MODELLING LABORATORIES**
- **STRUCTURING AND ANALYSING COMPLEX POLICY SPACES**
- **RELATING ENDS & MEANS IN STRATEGIC PLANNING (Process support for decision-making)**
- **“POSITION ANALYSIS” (STAKEHOLDER ANALYSIS)**

Philosophy:

THE METHOD SHOULD BE:

- Group & process oriented
- Generic (general method for NQM)
- Transparent (No black boxes)
- Traceable (“Audit trail”)
- Easy to update results

Results:

- A structured (dimensioned) problem
- Simple (scenario) laboratory
- Complex overlay laboratory
- Validated IO-model/instrument

For whom ?

Swedish Total-Defence Structure

- **Scenarios and Strategies for Long-term Planning**
- **Airborne Capacity***
- **Amphibious Brigade**
- **Future ground target systems***
- **UAV Tactical Systems**
- **Markus: The Future Ground Soldier**
- **New Education and Training Systems for the Army**
- **Swedish SEAD Capacity**
- **Information Warfare Systems and Contexts (CSIR)**
- **Instrument for Evaluating Military Exercises**
- **Risk Analysis for UXO**

For whom ?

Civilian Agencies, NGOs and Companies

- **National Rescue Services (SRV)**
- **Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)**
- **Foreign Aid and Development Agency (SIDA)**
- **Swedish Energy Agency (Stem)**
- **Nuclear Waste Disposal Agency (SKB)**
- **Nuclear Power Inspectorate (SKI)**
- **Swedish Postal Services**
- **CSIR – Republic of South Africa (IW)**
- **Center for Science, Policy, Outcomes – Washington DC**

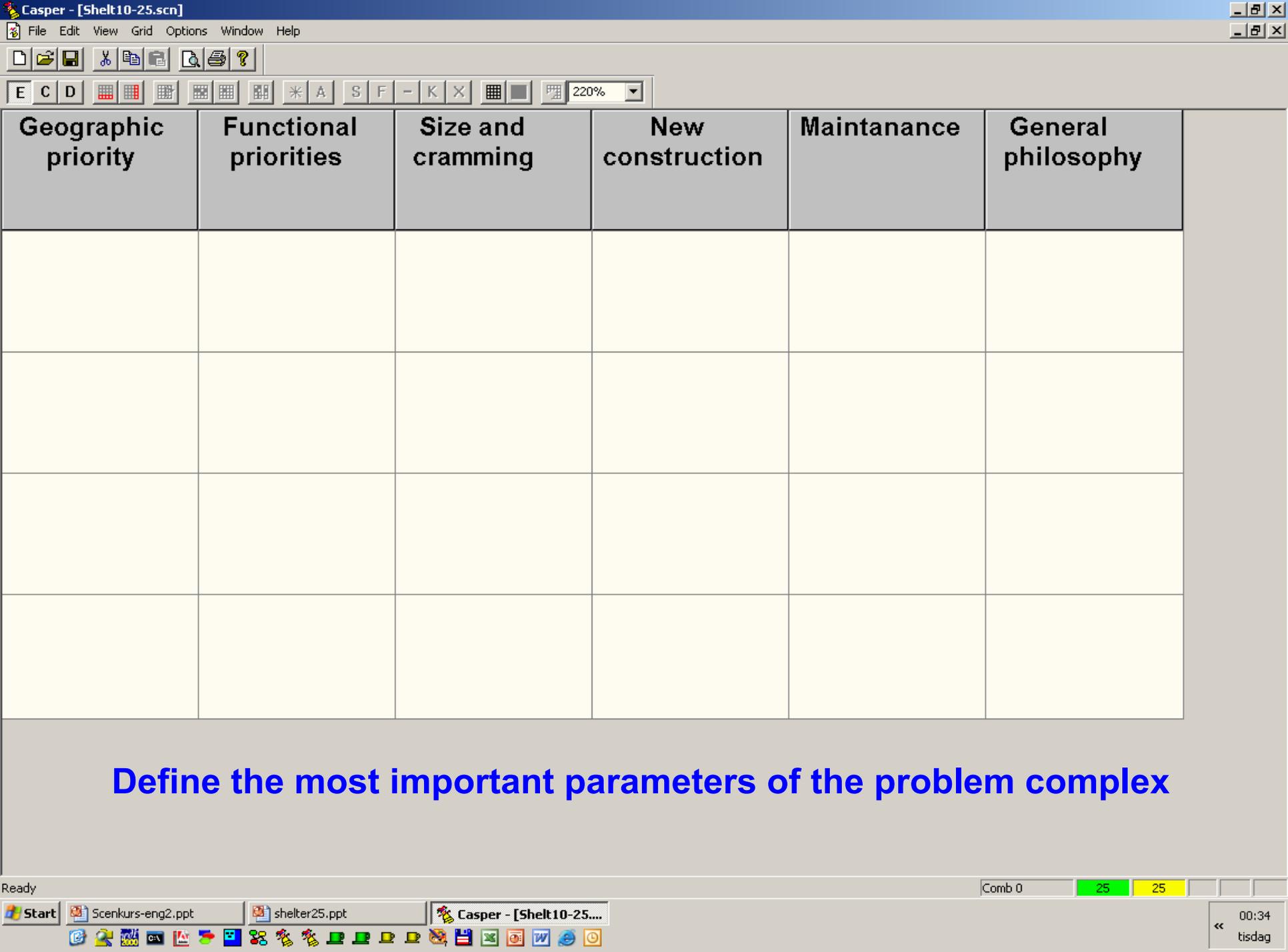
Ground Target Model: scenarios vs. systems

Tactical scenarios	Purpose	Effect/ penetration: What required	Effect/ precision: What required	Guidance system: final phase	Attack attitude: What required	Time to effect after decision to employ	Special weapon system demands/properties	System
Scenario 1	Destroy	Bunker buster	Great accuracy Little or no side effect	Visuellt	Vertical	Within 10 s	Recognition/ identification capacity	System 1
Scenario 2	Pin down, stop	Kinetic energy + RSV (Hard)	Great accuracy Limited side effect	IR	Horizontal	Within 1 minute	Command self-destruction (Abort mission)	System 2
Scenario 3	Disrupt	30 mm (medium)	Good accuracy Some side effect	Radar		Within 10 minute	Updateable target co-ords.	System 3
Scenario 4	Warn	Small-bore + fragmentation (soft)	Area effect 200x300 m	Akustisk		Within 30 minute	Sensor guided warhead	System 4
Scenario 5			Area effect 500x400 m	Koordinatbestäm.		Within 1 hour	Pre-programmed target co-ords.	System 5
Scenario 6						Within 5 hours	Basic capacity	System 6
Scenario 7						Within 24 hours		System 7
						More than 24 hours		System 8
								System 9
								System 10
								System 11

Morphological model containing 38,000 possible configurations



Building a morphological model (Swedish Bomb Shelter Program)



**Geographic
priority**

**Functional
priorities**

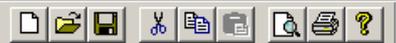
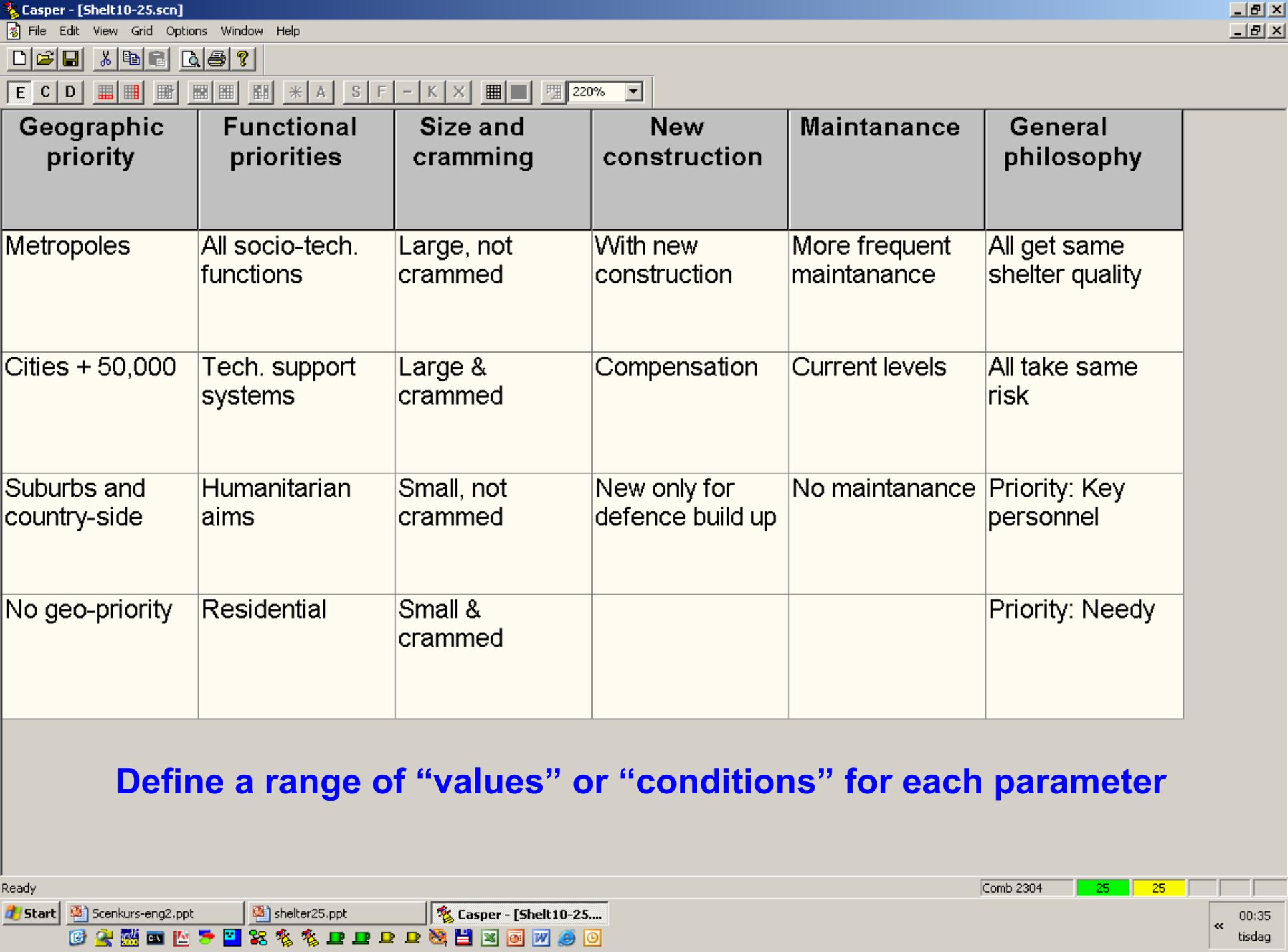
**Size and
cramming**

**New
construction**

Maintanance

**General
philosophy**

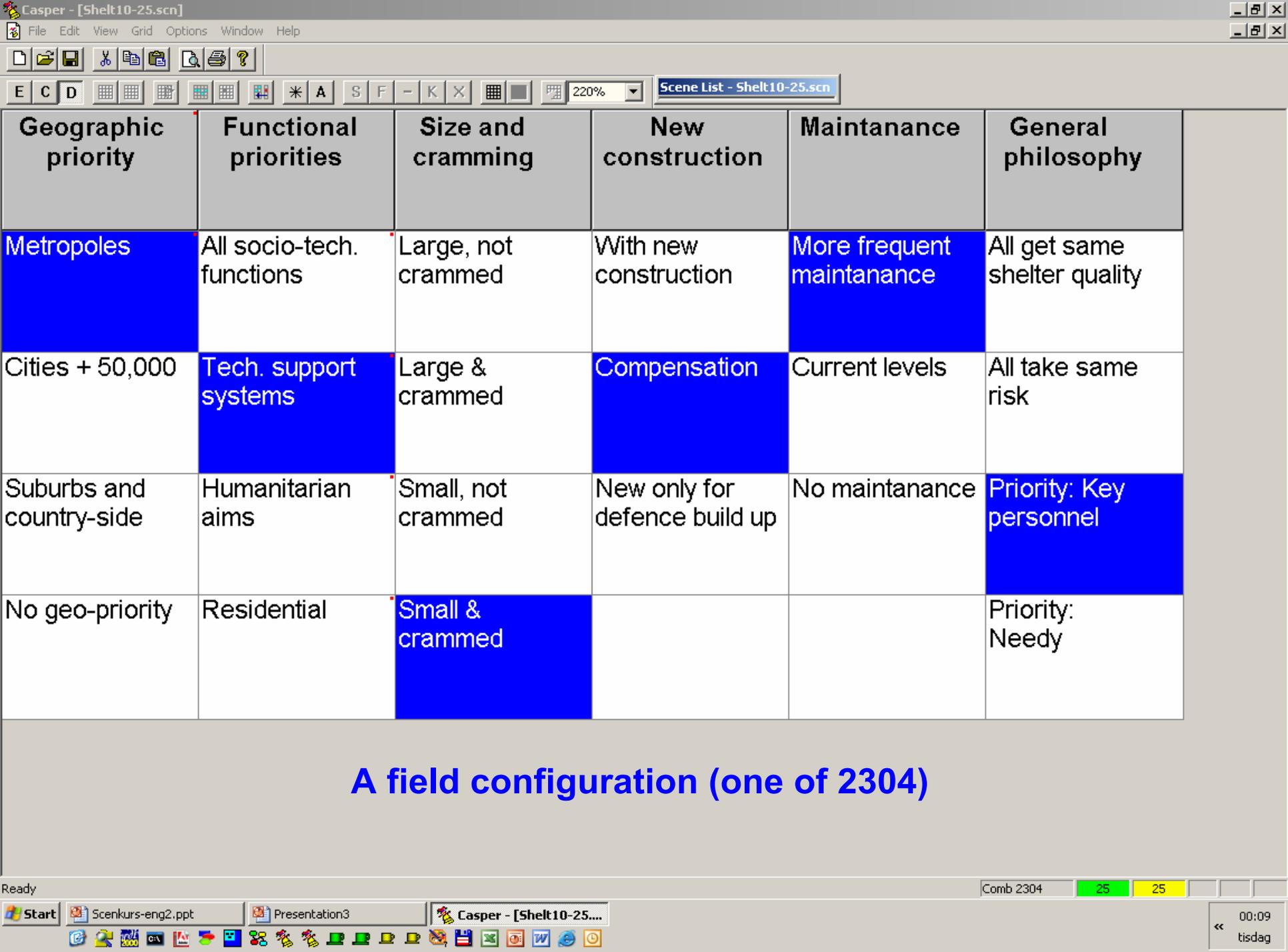
Define the most important parameters of the problem complex



Geographic priority	Functional priorities	Size and cramming	New construction	Maintenance	General philosophy
Metropolises	All socio-tech. functions	Large, not crammed	With new construction	More frequent maintenance	All get same shelter quality
Cities + 50,000	Tech. support systems	Large & crammed	Compensation	Current levels	All take same risk
Suburbs and country-side	Humanitarian aims	Small, not crammed	New only for defence build up	No maintenance	Priority: Key personnel
No geo-priority	Residential	Small & crammed			Priority: Needy

Define a range of “values” or “conditions” for each parameter



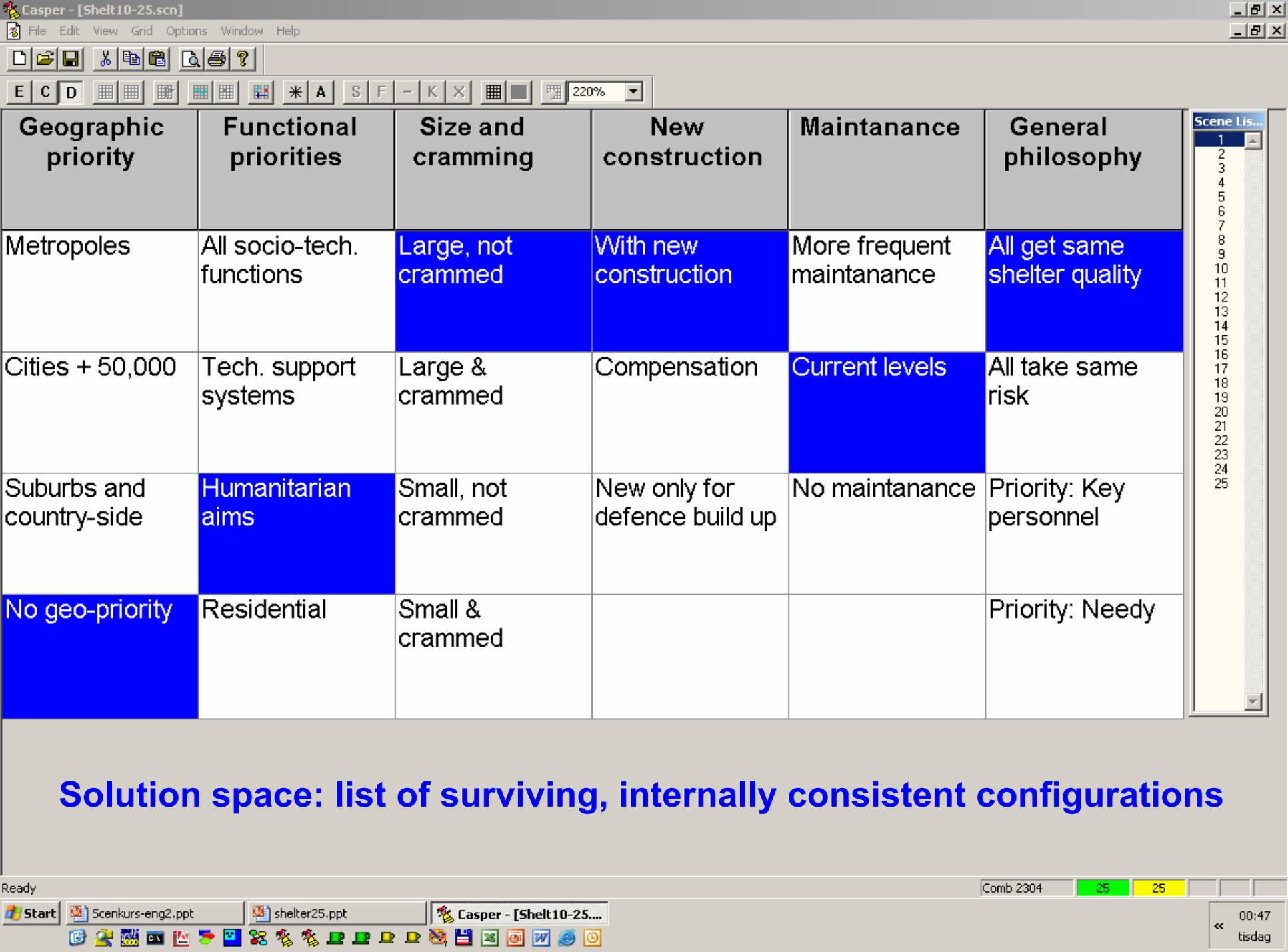


Geographic priority	Functional priorities	Size and cramming	New construction	Maintenance	General philosophy
Metropolises	All socio-tech. functions	Large, not crammed	With new construction	More frequent maintenance	All get same shelter quality
Cities + 50,000	Tech. support systems	Large & crammed	Compensation	Current levels	All take same risk
Suburbs and country-side	Humanitarian aims	Small, not crammed	New only for defence build up	No maintenance	Priority: Key personnel
No geo-priority	Residential	Small & crammed			Priority: Needy

A field configuration (one of 2304)

Geographic priority	Functional priorities	Size and cramming	New construction	Maintanance	General philosophy
Metropolises	All socio-tech. functions	Large, not cramped	With new construction	More frequent maintainance	All get same shelter quality
Cities + 50,000	Tech. support systems	Large & cramped	Compensation	Current levels	All take same risk
Suburbs and country-side	Humanitarian aims	Small, not cramped	New only for defence build up	No maintainance	Priority: Key personnel
No geo-priority	Residential	Small & cramped			Priority: Needy

Contradictory value pairs



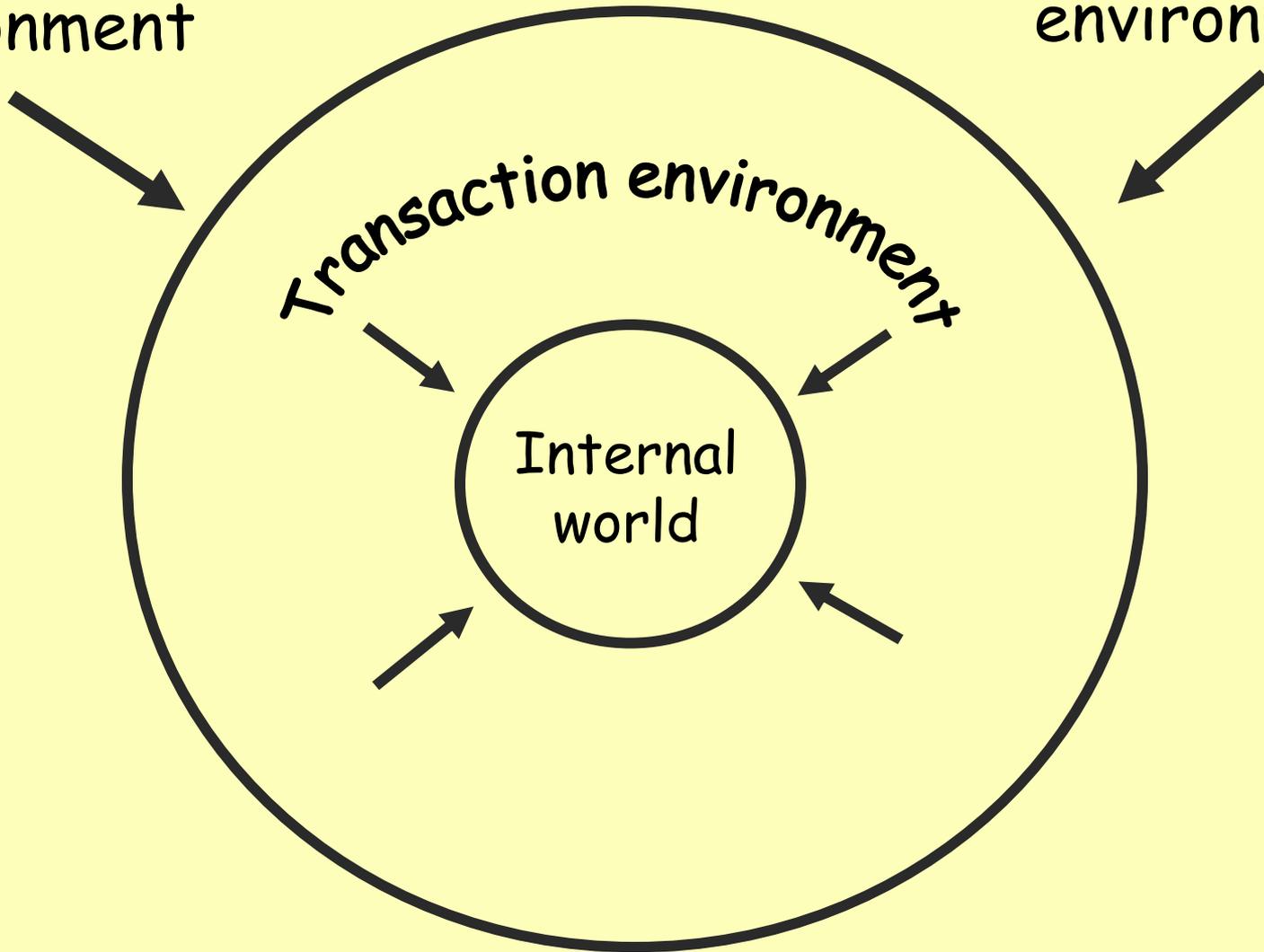
Geographic priority	Functional priorities	Size and cramming	New construction	Maintenance	General philosophy
Metropolises	All socio-tech. functions	Large, not crammed	With new construction	More frequent maintenance	All get same shelter quality
Cities + 50,000	Tech. support systems	Large & crammed	Compensation	Current levels	All take same risk
Suburbs and country-side	Humanitarian aims	Small, not crammed	New only for defence build up	No maintenance	Priority: Key personnel
No geo-priority	Residential	Small & crammed			Priority: Needy

- Scene Lis...
- 1
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
 - 5
 - 6
 - 7
 - 8
 - 9
 - 10
 - 11
 - 12
 - 13
 - 14
 - 15
 - 16
 - 17
 - 18
 - 19
 - 20
 - 21
 - 22
 - 23
 - 24
 - 25

Solution space: list of surviving, internally consistent configurations

Contextual environment

Contextual environment



Linked morphological fields:

Scenario field

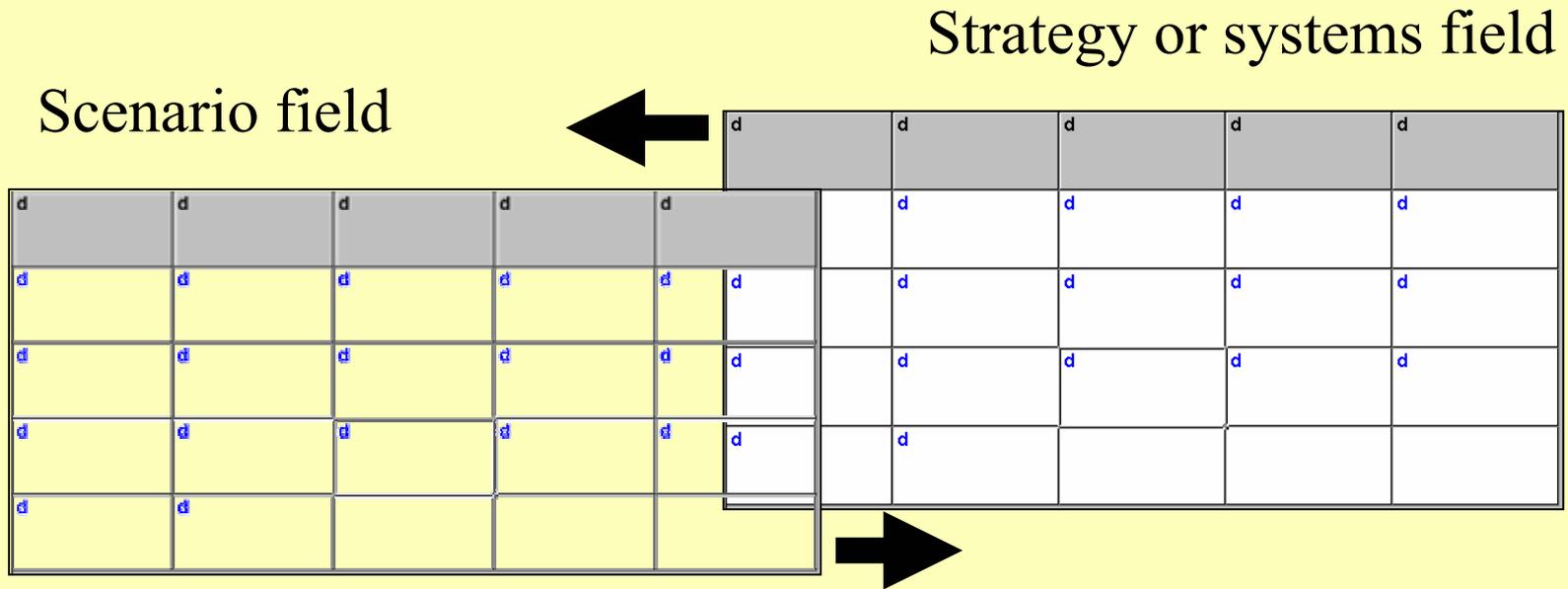
d	d	d	d	d
d	d	d	d	d
d	d	d	d	d
d	d	d	d	d
d	d			



Strategy or systems field

d	d	d	d	d
d	d	d	d	d
d	d	d	d	d
d	d	d	d	d
d	d			

Scenario-Strategy overlay:



Examples

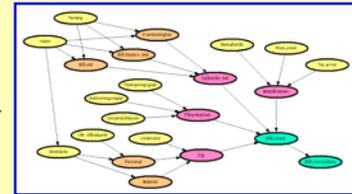
Three methods for strategic decision support modelling

MA

Geografisk prioritering	Funktionell prioritering	Storlek och tvingat	Nybyggings	Underhåll	Skyddsrum-Bevakt
Endast stora lokaler	Alla socio- tekniska funktioner	Stora, två våningar	Med ny konstruktion	Mer bekvämt	Alla får samma skydd
Städer med mer än 50.000	Tekniska utrustningar	Stora, två våningar	Kompensation för konstruktionstid	Skavsmått	Alla får samma risk
Förorter och småstaden	Humana utrustningar	Små, två våningar	Endast under "beräknings"	inget	Funktionell utrustning, säkerhet
Ingen geografisk prioritering	Småskalig	Små, två våningar			De tre prioriterade

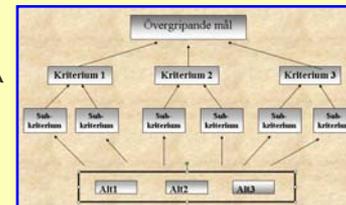
Structure (parameterise) a problem complex ("wicked problems")

BN



Causal network model

AHP



Evaluate alternatives given a hierarchy of goal criteria

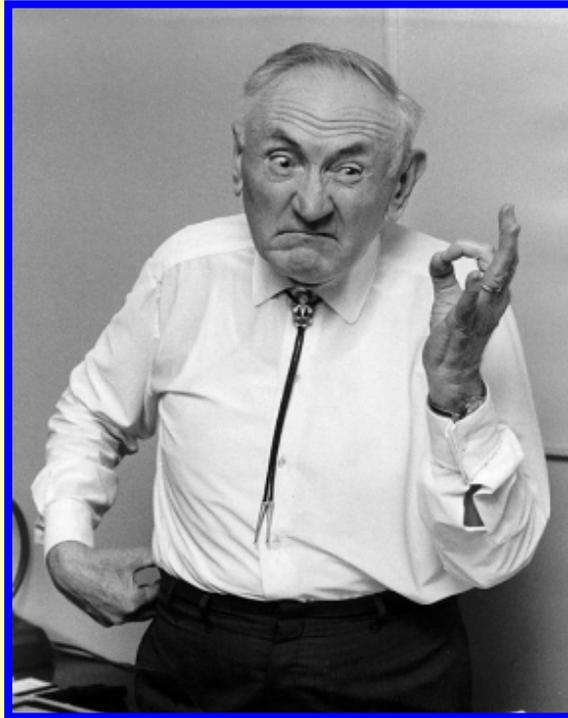
Information on General Morphology

www.foi.se/ma

www.swemorph.com

ritchey@foi.se

Thank you ...



and have a nice day...

